UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/32

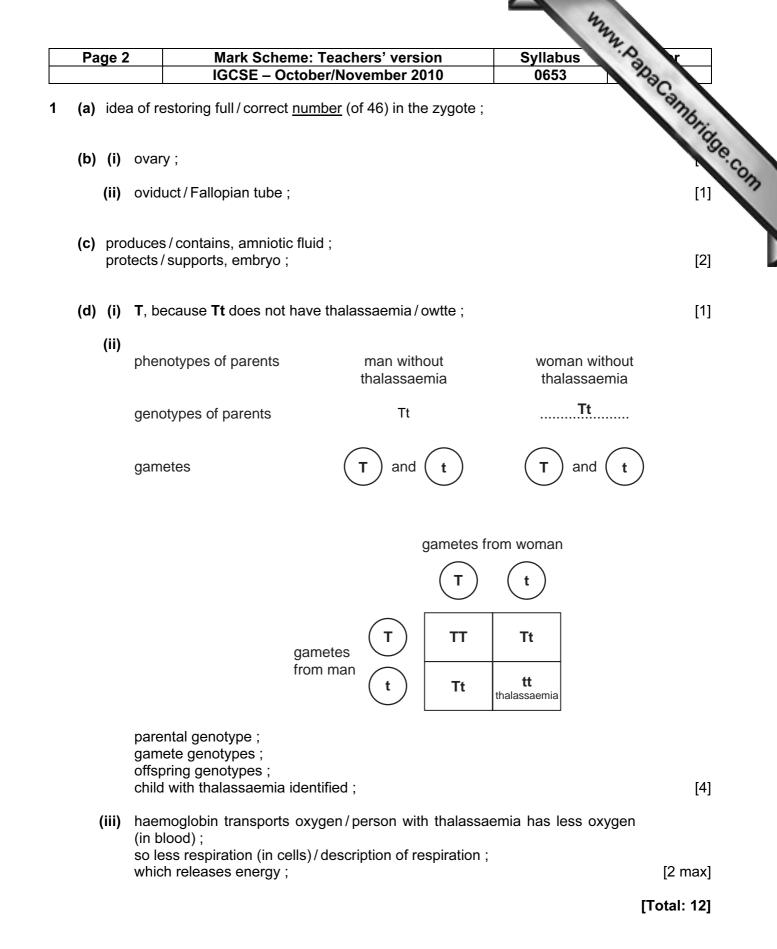
Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 3		Mark Scheme:	Teachers'	version	Syllabus	2 r
			IGCSE – Octob			0653	Show .
((a) (i)	pink/ora	nge / brown / coppe	r (layer) ;			Cannb.
	(ii)	2+ ; two nega ion / owtt	tive charges from e ;	chloride mu	st balance the cha	arge on the coppe	r [2]
	(iii)	it is a neg reference	pative ion / has a ne to attraction betwe eparately marked)				
	(iv)		**- **	_			
		one share all other e	Cl (x) Cl x Cl x Cl x Cl x Cl x Cl x Cl x Cl x				[2]
((b) (i)	carbon di	oxide ;				[1]
			$C \rightarrow 2Pb + CO_2;;$				
	(")		ormulae and balance	ced)			[2]
							[Total: 10]
((a) (i)						
	(u) (i)		description	charge	range in air	ionising ability]
		alpha	helium nucleus	positive	5 cm	very strong	
		beta	electron	negative	50 cm	medium	
		gamma	electromagnetic	none	many kilometres	weak	

(the wording for ionising ability **must** show beta lies between alpha and gamma) ;;;;

- (ii) alpha particles have low penetration in air/absorbed by casing/will not reach people living in house/smoke detectors are a long way from people ;
- (b) working (on graph or numerically);5 hours ;

wave

[2]

[4]

[1]

[Total: 7]

Pa	ge 4	4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	No. I
		IGCSE – October/November 2010 0653	122
(a)	bun plou kee	racing / building of walls (qualified) ; nds / embankments / ditches ; ugh along slope (not up and down) ; ep crop cover ; nt trees ;	www.papacambrids [max 2]
(b)	(i)	advantage kills more pests / can completely destroy pest population / faster acting does not introduce a (potentially) damaging new organism ecosystem) ; disadvantage];
		may kill other beneficial/all insects/toxic to humans/have to apply times/development of resistance ; bioaccumulation/persistence provided related directly to DDT ;	several
		(ignore refs to costs unless related to reason) (1 max for advantage, 1 max for disadvantage)	[2]
	(ii)	<i>meaning</i> absorbed (by plant) and transported (in phloem) ; reaches all parts of plant ;	
		<i>advantage</i> can kill pests even if it does not directly hit them ; only affects insects feeding on the plant ;	[2]
		(1 max for advantage, 1 max for disadvantage)	
			[Total: 6]
(a)	(i)	K and L ;	[1]
	(ii)	J lights up / on ; K and L go off ;	[2]
(b)		12Ω resistors ; parallel ;	
		culation to show this ;	[3]
(c)	(i)	coil cuts magnetic field / coil experiences changing magnetic field ;	[1]
	(ii)	direction of magnetic field relative to coil changes (every half turn)/d of motion of coil through magnetic field changes/reverses ;	direction [1]
		of motion of oor through magnetic held changes / reverses ,	

Page	e 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	, r
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653	2
(a) (ł	H⁺ +) Ol	$H^- \rightarrow H_2O$;;		Cambrid
• • •		ndded) until indicator/solution changes colour ; nange correct – allow blue to either red or reasonable	intermediate ;	oacambride [2]
re	ef. to sa	tor added / use of pH meter to show neutrality ; me amount / volume of sodium hydroxide solution / al me amount / volume of acid (as in (b)) ;		
		e / heat / boil off the water (from the solution);		[max 3]
				[Total: 7]
(a) (i		s layer of air ; as insulator / reduces convection and conduction ;		[2]
(ii		e surfaces <u>radiate</u> less heat than black surfaces ; heat is lost ;		[2]
(b) (i		w 20 Hz ; est frequency of human hearing is 20 Hz / below range	e of human hearing ;	[1]
(ii	•	nber of) waves/oscillations produced per unit time/v int per unit time ;	vavelengths passing	[1]
(iii		es have same amplitude ; waves shown on trace ;		[2]
(c) (i	i) 1.6 c	em ;		[1]
(ii		rays drawn backwards to meet ; ge labelled / clearly and unambiguously visible on diag	gram ;	[2]
(iii		ge which cannot be projected (onto a screen)/light (ugh it ;	rays) does not pass	[1]
				[Total: 12]

Pag	e 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllal	bus S. r
		IGCSE – October/November 2010 065	3 230
(a)			Ph.
	H H		oria
(30
			bus 3 3 Baba Cambridge
	HH;;		[0]
((20 and 4	H bonded and double bond shown)	[2]
		(thermal) cracking ;	
		are boiled/vaporised/heated ; ver (hot) catalyst/subjected to very high temp. and press	sure;(allow
		talyst e.g. alumina, silica, pumice, porcelain)	[3]
		nds become single ;	101
		nds form between molecules to form a long chain ; n be obtained by clear diagrams)	[2]
Ň	(
(d) /	$A_r C = 12$	and $H = 1;$	[0]
((12 × 2) +	$(1 \times 4) = 28;$	[2]
			[Total: 9]
		our lost from plant('s leaves) ;	
	correct re condensa	f. to transpiration ; tion :	
١	water vap	our cooled ;	
		ged to liquid ; ticles and (kinetic) energy ;	[max 4]
			[max +]
(b)	(i)		
	cell v		
	vacu		
	chloropl	ast ;	
			[max 2]
			L - 1

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 🔪	2
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653	Papa
	down a water potential gradient/from where there where there was less/from dilute solution to concent		to Anthriday
	through partially permeable cell membrane ; so volume of cell / vacuole shrank ; strong cell wall cannot change shape (much) so cy pulls away from it ;		