

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## **COMBINED SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0653/12 October/November 2010 45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

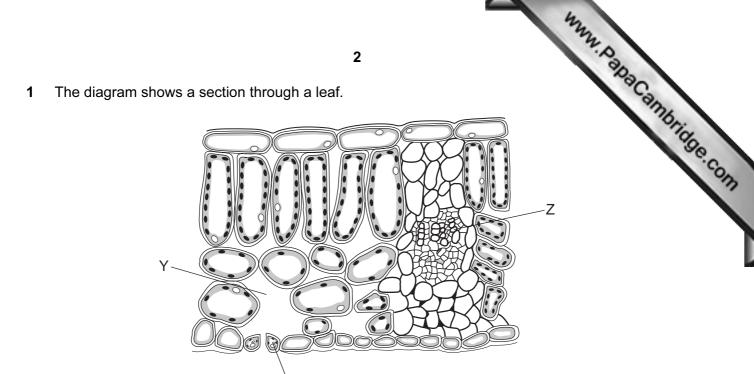
Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page **20**.

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.







What are X, Y and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	epidermis cell	air space	phloem
в	epidermis cell	stoma	xylem
С	guard cell	air space	xylem
D	guard cell	stoma	phloem

2 When a plant cell is placed in a dilute solution of red dye, the contents of the cell do not become red.

What prevents the dye molecules from entering the cell?

- A cell surface membrane
- B chloroplasts
- **C** cytoplasm
- D vacuole
- 3 Which part of a plant cell contains starch grains?
  - A cell wall
  - B chloroplasts
  - C nucleus
  - D vacuole

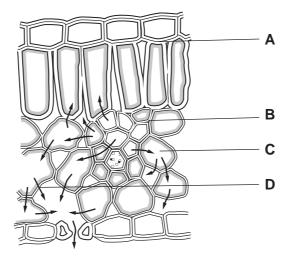


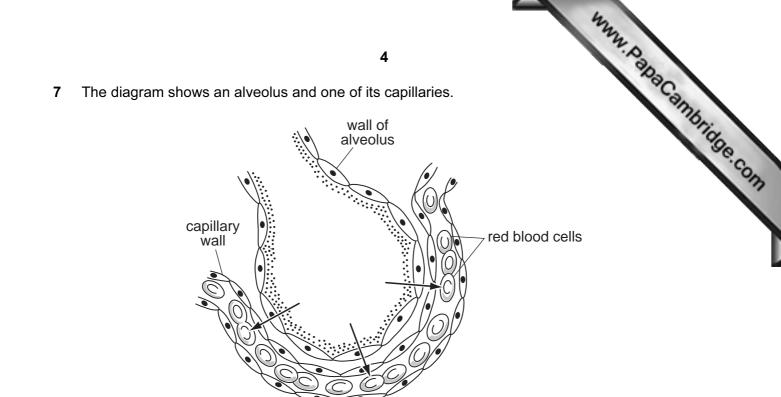
4 Which is correct for all enzymes?

	made of proteins	made inside cells
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	X
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	×	X

- 5 Which nutrient, when deficient in the diet, causes a lack of haemoglobin in red blood cells?
  - A calcium
  - **B** iron
  - **C** vitamin C
  - D vitamin D
- 6 The diagram shows a section through a leaf. The arrows show water movement.

Where does the water evaporate?





What moves in the direction shown by the arrows?

- A carbon dioxide
- B hydrogen
- C oxygen
- **D** water
- 8 Which blood vessel carries oxygenated blood away from the heart?
  - A aorta
  - B pulmonary artery
  - C pulmonary vein
  - D vena cava
- 9 What is the stimulus for insulin secretion and what is the effect of insulin on the liver?

	stimulus for secretion	effect on the liver
Α	high blood glucose	decreased glucose uptake
В	high blood glucose	increased glucose uptake
С	low blood glucose	decreased glucose uptake
D	low blood glucose	increased glucose uptake

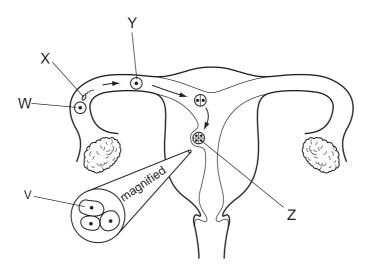


- 10 Which variation amongst humans is not affected by diet?
  - A blood group
  - B bone strength
  - C height
  - D speed of wound healing
- 11 The table shows the names of plant reproductive structures.

Which does not link a structure with what it contains?

	structure	what it contains
Α	anther	pollen grain
в	fruit	seed
С	seed	embryo
D	style	ovule

**12** The diagram shows the uterus and stages in the formation and implantation of a human embryo.



Which cells are genetically identical?

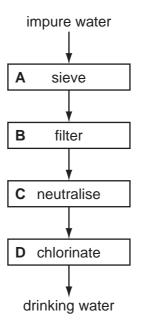
Α	W and Z	В	X and V	С	X and Y	D	Y and Z
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- **13** What will increase soil erosion?
  - A deforestation
  - B maintaining natural plant cover
  - **C** reducing grazing by livestock
  - D terracing of the land



- 6
- **14** The chart shows four stages in the purification of drinking water.

Which stage sterilises the water?



- 15 Which three elements are all transition elements?
  - A chlorine, bromine and iodine
  - B helium, neon and argon
  - **C** iron, cobalt and nickel
  - D lithium, sodium and potassium
- **16** Three students make statements about the differences between elements, compounds and mixtures.
  - Student 1 All elements exist only as atoms and not molecules.
  - Student 2 Compounds contain at least two elements.

Student 3 Mixtures consist only of compounds.

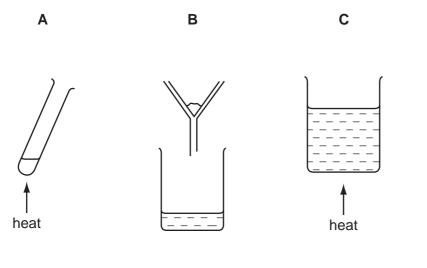
Which students are correct?

**A** 1 only **B** 2 only **C** 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

www.papaCambridge.com **17** Aqueous copper(II) sulfate consists of copper(II) sulfate dissolved in water. Which apparatus could **not** be used to remove water from this solution?

7

heat



**18** The table shows information about four different compounds.

Which compound contains ionic bonds?

	formula of compound	elements present in compound
Α	CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon, oxygen
В	HC1	hydrogen, chlorine
С	$NH_3$	nitrogen, hydrogen
D	Na <sub>2</sub> O	sodium, oxygen

**19** The equation represents the reaction of aluminium with sulfuric acid.

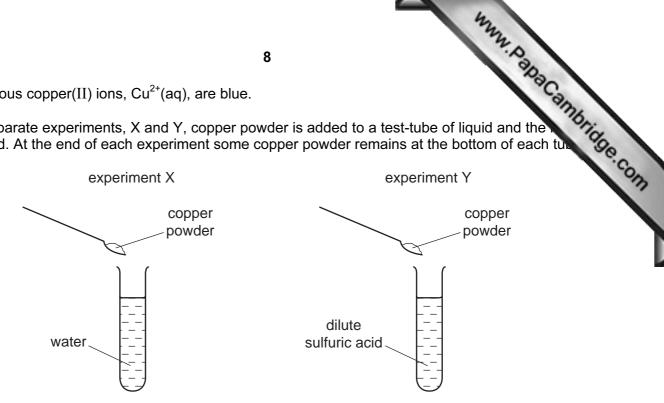
$$x Al + 3H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Al_2(SO_4)_3 + yH_2$$

What are the correct values of *x* and *y*?

	x	У
Α	2	3
в	2	6
С	3	3
D	3	6

**20** Aqueous copper(II) ions, Cu<sup>2+</sup>(aq), are blue.

In separate experiments, X and Y, copper powder is added to a test-tube of liquid and the stirred. At the end of each experiment some copper powder remains at the bottom of each tu



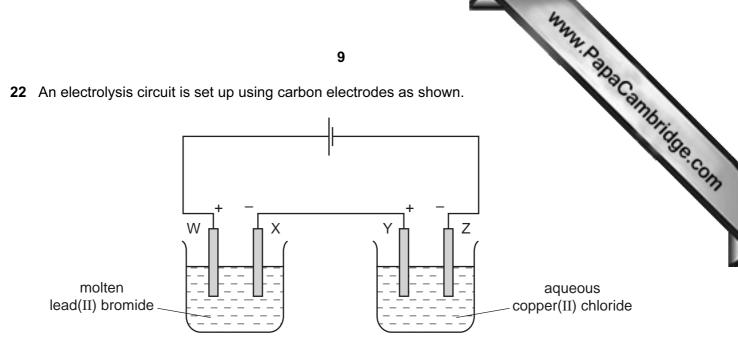
What are the final colours of the liquids above the copper powder?

	experiment X	experiment Y
Α	blue	blue
в	blue	colourless
С	colourless	blue
D	colourless	colourless

**21** Aluminium occurs as aluminium oxide in the ore bauxite.

Which terms apply to the extraction of aluminium from aluminium oxide?

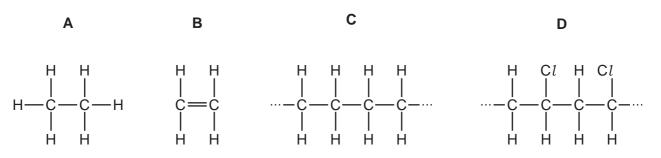
	electrolysis	reduction
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	X	X



At which two electrodes would a Group VII element be formed?

**A** W and Y **B** W and Z **C** X and Y **D** X and Z

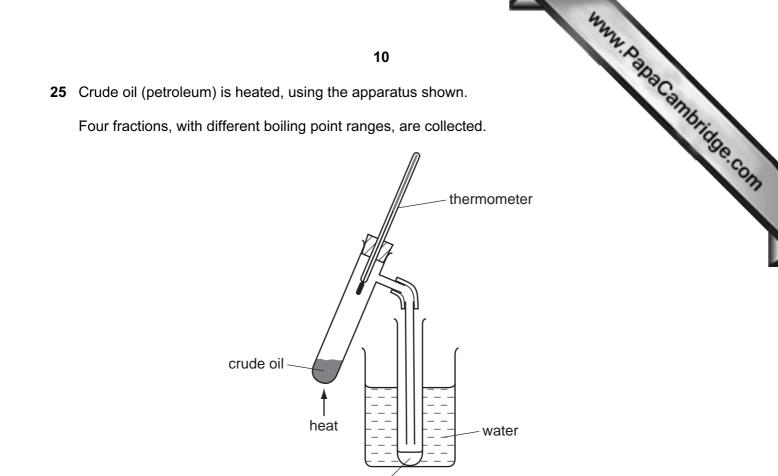
23 Which structure shows a polymer that is also a hydrocarbon?



24 Two products, X and Y, are formed in the complete combustion of methane.

What are X and Y?

- A carbon and hydrogen
- B carbon and water
- C carbon dioxide and hydrogen
- D carbon dioxide and water



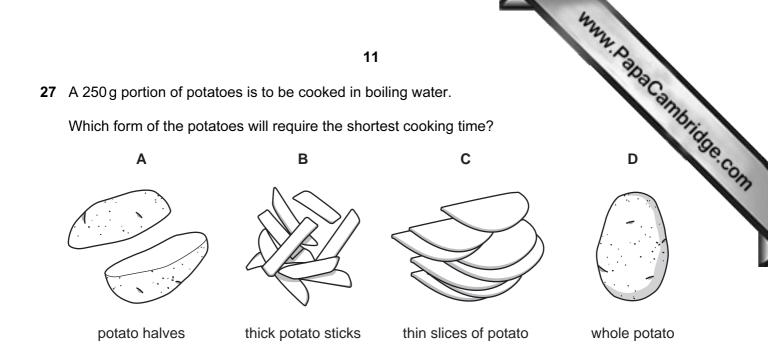
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fraction
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Which term best describes crude oil?

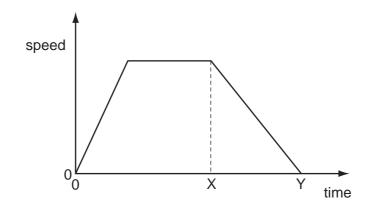
- A a compound
- B an element
- c a mixture
- D a plastic
- 26 The equations for two reactions are shown.
  - $X \quad PbCO_3 \rightarrow PbO + CO_2$
  - $Y \quad CH_4 + 2O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O$

Which types of reaction are X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	combustion	neutralisation
в	combustion	thermal decomposition
С	thermal decomposition	combustion
D	thermal decomposition	neutralisation



**28** The graph shows how the speed of an object changes over an interval of time.

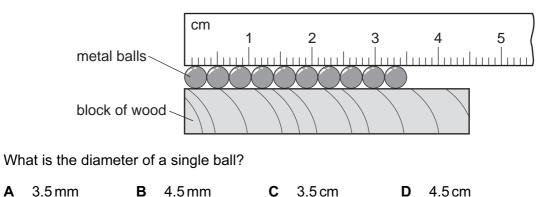


Which statement describes the acceleration of the object between time X and time Y?

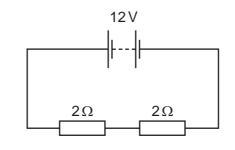
- A It is constant.
- B It is decreasing.
- **C** It is increasing.
- D It is zero.
- 29 Which substance in the table has the lowest density?

	substance	mass/g	volume/cm <sup>3</sup>
Α	nylon	1.2	1.0
в	cotton	1.5	1.0
С	olive oil	1.8	2.0
D	water	2.0	2.0

- 30 Which statement is correct?
- www.papaCambridge.com Α The mass of a bottle of water at the North Pole is different from its mass at the Equate
  - В The mass of a bottle of water is measured in newtons.
  - The weight of a bottle of water and its mass are both measured in kilograms. С
  - D The weight of a bottle of water is one of the forces acting on the bottle.
- **31** A ruler and a block of wood are used to find the diameter of some identical metal balls.



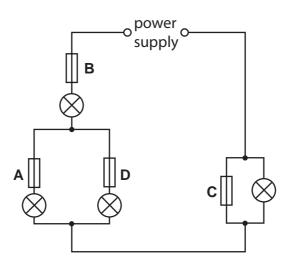
32 The diagram shows an electrical circuit.



What is the current through the circuit?

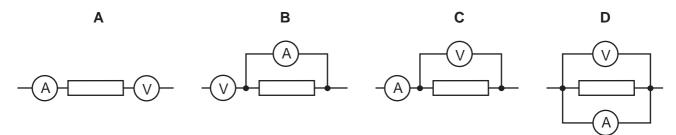
**A** 3A В 4 A С 12A 24 A D

www.papaCambridge.com 33 In the circuit shown, only one of the fuses has blown, but none of the lamps is lit. Which fuse has blown?



**34** The diagrams show part of an electric circuit containing an ammeter and a voltmeter.

Which arrangement should be used to measure the potential difference (p.d.) across the resistor and the current through it?



35 In a hydroelectric power station, one form of energy is stored in a reservoir. This energy is then transferred in stages to another form, which is the output.

Which row gives the names for the stored energy and the output energy?

	stored energy	output energy
Α	electrical	heat
в	electrical	kinetic
С	kinetic	electrical
D	potential	electrical

www.papacambridge.com 36 A camper sits beside a fire and quickly begins to feel warm. He pushes the end into the fire and after a while his hand feels the rod getting warm.

Which heat transfers are taking place?

	heat transfer from fire through the air	heat transfer from fire through the rod
Α	conduction	convection
в	conduction	radiation
С	radiation	conduction
D	radiation	convection

**37** The Sun heats the Earth by electromagnetic radiation.

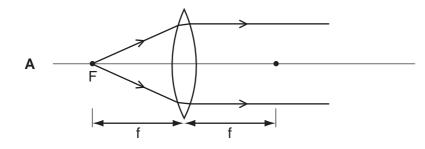
Which region of the electromagnetic spectrum is responsible for most of this heating?

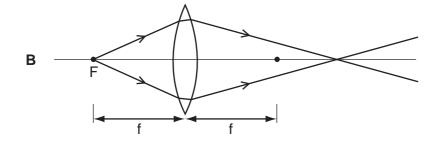
- A microwave
- B infra-red
- ultraviolet С
- **D** X-ray
- 38 A police car with its siren sounding is stationary in heavy traffic. A pedestrian notices that, although the loudness of the sound produced does not change, the pitch varies.

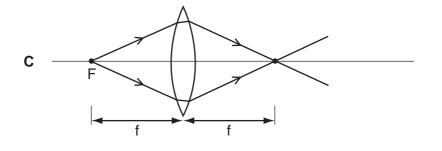
Which row in the table describes the amplitude and the frequency of the sound?

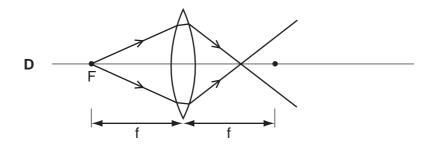
	amplitude	frequency
Α	constant	constant
в	constant	varying
С	varying	constant
D	varying	varying

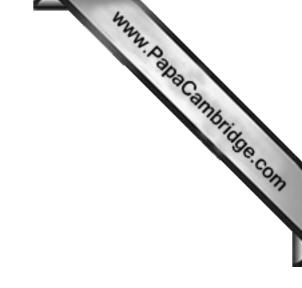
www.papacambridge.com 39 A source of light is placed at the focus F of a converging lens. The focal length of the Which diagram shows the path of the rays of light that pass through the lens?











40 Which row in the table describes alpha-particles?

	electric charge	penetrates 1 cm of aluminium?
Α	negative	yes
в	negative	no
С	positive	yes
D	positive	no



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Hydrogen 1 <sup>1</sup> Hydrogen 1 <sup>1</sup> Hydrogen 1 <sup>2</sup> Baoon 12 <sup>27</sup> Auminia			0 4
- T v	_		4
	-		Helium He
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	119 122 <b>Sn Sb</b> 50 51	128 127 <b>Te</b> I Tellurium 53 lodine	131 <b>Xe</b> 54
181     184     186     190     192     195     197     201     204       Ta     W     Re     Os     Ir     Pt     Au     Hg     T1       Tartalum     Tugsten     Rhenum     Osmium     Iridium     Piatirum     79     80     81	207 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209	Po Polonium At 85	86 Radon
140     141     144     150     152     157     159     162       Ce     Pr     Nd     Pm     Sim     Eu     Gd     Tb     Dy       Certuin     Praseodynium     Neodynium     Prometrium     Samarium     Europium     Gadolnium     Dysprosium       58     60     61     64     65     66     66     66	165 167 <b>HO Er</b> Holmium Etbium 67 68	169 173 <b>Tm Yb</b> Thulium Ytterbium	175 Lutetium 71
232 238 238   Th Pa U Np   horium Protactinium Userbrium   94 95 96	Es	<b>Md</b> ndelevium	n Lawrencium 103

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