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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

	Page 2		2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		2
				IGCSE – May/June 2011	0653	No.
1	(a)	ref. ref. carl carl	Macannonida [max 3]			
	(b)	nitrates/minerals absorbed by plant roots; used for making proteins; proteins used for making new cells;				[max 2]
	(c)	(i)	whic	III/destroy, pests/insects; ch eat/damage, crop/grass for grazing; ease yields;		[max 2]
		(ii)		dung beetles ; g not buried/nitrate (in dung) does not enter soil ;		[2]
						[Total: 9]
2	(a)	(a) powder held in a flame/reasonable reference to flame test; flame colour would enable powder to be identified/potassium (feldspar) – lila sodium (feldspar) – yellow;				
	(b) 40 + 12 + 16 x 3 (= 100);					[1]
	(c)	(i)		$Mg(CO_3)_2 \longrightarrow CaO + MgO + 2CO_2;$ w multiples]		[1]
		(ii)	(hea	rmal) decomposition ; ating) causes a substance to break do s/calcium/magnesium oxide (and carbon dioxid stances than dolomite ;	own into simple le) is (are) simple	
	(d)	(i)	hydr	roxide/OH ⁻ ;		[1]
		(ii)		ium hydroxide + hydrochloric acid ——— calcium S and RHS)	n chloride + water ;;	[2]

[Total: 9]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· 6
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3 (a) extension = 18 mm; (58 – 40 = 18)

(b) proportional; between 0 and 8/8.4 N; curved section beyond elastic limit; after 8/8.4 N permanent deformation;

[max 3]

(c) (i) $2.4\,\mathrm{N}$;

[1]

(ii) mass = 240 g; density = mass/volume; volume = 240/0.8 = 300 cm³;

[3]

[Total: 8]

4 (a) label to cell membrane; label to cytoplasm;

[2]

(b) testis;

[1]

(c) (i) single sperm quantities would be too small to measure;

[1]

(ii) respiration;oxygen combined with sugar to release energy;(word or correct balanced equation must show energy released)

[2]

(iii) (formula) power = work/time **OR** power = energy/time; (substitution) 164/60 × 60; (answer + unit) 0.046/0.05, W/Js⁻¹;

[3]

(iv) pointed head/small head/streamlined; reduces friction/drag; idea that less (forward-acting) force required;

[max 2]

[Total: 11]

Page 4			Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Say V
		IC	GCSE – May/June 2011	0653	Jac.
(a) (i)	(i) no fossil fuels used up/no CO₂ released/no global warming effect; radiation leaks/nuclear waste problems/nuclear accidents;				
(ii)	(ii) nucleus splits ;				A. Papacambra
(iii)	wind OR "gam				[max 2
(b) (i))				_
		radiation	will section A turn black?	will section B turn black?	
		beta	yes	no	
		gamma	yes	yes	;;
	·				[2
(ii)) alpha	a is unable to	penetrate the plastic/front co	over;	[1
(c) (i)) no (e	electric) charge	e;		[1
(ii)) corre	ect reference to	o oppositely charged particle	s;	[1
					[Total: 10
(a) (i)) C				
.,.,	M M				
		(1 mark for ead	ch two correct)		[2
(ii)	(ii) oxygen and nitrogen have different boiling points;				
	as te	emperature ris	d to warm up/heated ; ses, the components boil off	when their b.pt. is attaine	
	owtte	ə ;			[max 2
			r <u>kinetic</u> energy/move faster		
			with one another/with cataly ergy of collisions;	/SI;	[2
	idea that the atoms seek a noble gas configuration/full outer shell;				

2 electrons in full outer shell of H; 8 electrons in full outer shell of S;

(fully correct dot cross diagram scores both marks)

[Total: 8]

[max 2]

	Page 5			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
		_		IGCSE – May/June 2011	0653
7	(a)	(i) (ii)	as <u>e</u> alon	ex (action); lectrical impulse; g nerves neurones; ect ref. to sensory/motor, neurone;	Syllabus 0653 Cambhidge
			corre	ect ref. to central nervous system/brain ;	[max 3]
	(b)	incı	ease	/crushing ; surface area of food ; asier access for enzymes ;	[3]
	(c)	pro	alyst ; tein ; eeds ι	; up/controls (metabolic) reactions ;	[max 2]
					[Total: 9]
8	(a)			en and water are present (together)/air and water n /water vapour in A ;	eeded for rusting ;
	(b)	(i)	Cr ₂ C	\mathbf{D}_3 ; of need for charge balance ;	[2]
		(ii)	the a	nas more (negative) electrons than (positive) protons atom gains electrons ; more ;	s ; [max 2]

(c) (i) reference to bromine/bromine solution/potassium permanganate;

(ii) does not mix with water/air/oxygen;

sticks to chain/steel;

reactant decolourised if hydrocarbon contains double bonds/owtte;

[2]

[max 1]

[Total: 10]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
	IGCSE – May/June 2011	0653	

- 9 (a) (i) number of waves per second/unit time;
 - (ii) less frequency range/high and low frequency sounds missing;
 - (iii) the frequency ranges (for **B** and **C** / both) include the human hearing range / owtte;

[1]

(b)
$$1/R_1 + 1/R_2 = 1/R$$
;
= $1/8 + 1/8$;
R = 4Ω ;

[3]

[Total: 6]