CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/21 Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

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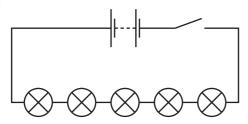
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1 (a)		Cambridge.com



circuit symbols correct;

circuit connected correctly with 5 lamps (allow ±1);

[2]

[2]

- (b) (i) gives p.d. required to light the lamp (for normal use)/what battery to use to make lamp work/to drive correct current; don't exceed stated p.d. or may blow lamp/too high current (owtte);
 - (ii) $R = 1.2/0.1 = 12 (\Omega)$; [1]
 - (iii) Total resistance = $5 \times 12 = 60 (\Omega)$; allow ecf [1]
 - (iv) ohm; [1]

[Total: 7]

2 (a) BC;

(BC) DA; [2]

(b)

material	description			
element can be found in the Periodic Table				
element	cannot be broken down into simpler substances			
mixture	contains different types of molecules			
compound	only contains molecules which are identical but each molecule contains more than one type of atom			

[4] ; ; ; ;

- [1] (c) (i) fuels;
 - (ii) flammable; [1]
- (d) (i) carbon dioxide; water; [2]
 - (ii) C_3H_8 ; [1]

[Total: 11]

Р	age :	3	Mark Scheme Syn	per			
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3	(a)	(i)		and I			
	(-)	()	vitamin D growth and repair	Da Cambridge			
			carbohydrate needed in small amounts to make parts of the body				
			fat needed in small amounts to prevent rickets				
			protein storing energy				
			calcium and iron providing energy as a fuel				
			(all 4 correct = 3 marks, 3 correct = 2 marks, 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark)	[3]			
		(ii)	prevents constipation ;	[1]			
		` ,					
	(b)	(i)	meal 2 is balanced/meal 1 is not balanced/not enough vitamin C/D/not enough fibre/not enough iron/calcium; meal 1 contains too much fat/carbohydrate/energy; Jill does not need so much energy in food because of her lifestyle; [max 2]				
		(ii)	e.g. apple (no mark) adds fibre/vitamins C/D; or milk (no mark) adds calcium / vitamins C/D; or				
			any food (no mark) and valid point that addresses the reasons mentioned in (b)(i) ;				
				[Total: 7]			
4	(a)	(i)	initial any between 8 and 14 final 7;	[1]			
		(ii)	initial violet/purple final green;	[1]			
		(iii)	neither acid nor alkali in excess ; (chemical) reaction/neutralisation ; Ref. to acid has pH<7/low pH ;	[max 2]			
	(b)	(i)	repeat without indicator ; using same volumes of solutions ;	[2]			
		(ii)	evaporation/heating to remove water;	[1]			

[Total: 7]

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5 (a) (i) A cell membrane;

B vacuole;

(ii) X label line to green area and Y label line to white area;

green color contained in chloroplasts;

which are only present in cell X;

or

white area does not contain chlorophyll/chloroplasts;

which are absent from cell Y;

[3]

(iii) black/blue black or shaded area matching green area of leaf and labelled black;

[1]

(iv) chlorophyll/chloroplasts needed to make starch/for photosynthesis/to trap light:

[1]

(b) (i) enzyme is denatured; not the optimum pH for the enzyme;

[2]

(ii) pancreas/salivary glands/small intestine/stomach;

_ -

[1]

- [Total: 10]
- 6 (a) (i) weight of the aircraft: R;

thrust of the engines: **Q** <u>and</u> force of the brakes **S** (both needed, correct way round);

[2]

(ii) thrust and braking force equal and <u>opposite</u>; unbalanced forces needed to move/accelerate (the aircraft);

[2]

(b) (i) chemical (energy)

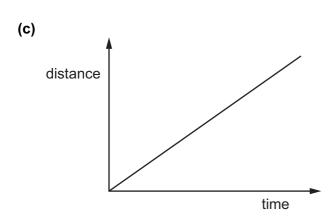
[1]

(ii) kinetic (energy);
 gravitational/potential (energy);

[2]

(iii) heat/sound;

[1]



[1]

[Total: 9]

Р	age 5	5			Mark Sche	me		Sy.	per
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7	(a)	(i) returns carbon/carbon dioxide back to air/produces carbon dioxide from sugar/glucose;					oxide from	O Der OPROCESSION OF THE PARTY	
		(ii)	sugar/glı LHS ; RH		rgen → carbo	on dioxide +	water		
	((iii)	 (iii) grass → rabbit → fox/grass → rabbit → decomposer ;; (1 mark for correct organisms in right order, 1 mark for correct arrows) 					arrows)	[2]
	((iv)	release c		ng bodies/was n dioxide back				[max 2]
	(b)	(i)		•	of fossil fuels (le removal by		, .		[2]
		(ii)	(increase	es) global war	ming/descrip	tion of consec	quences;		[1]
									[Total: 10]
8	 (a) infra-red; evaporates; molecules; (b) mercury absorbs energy (from Sun)/mercury expands as temperature increases; mercury particles move faster/mercury particles get further apart; 					[3] s; [2]			
	(c)	hio	gher frequ	encv				lowe	er frequency
			gamma adiation	X-rays	ultraviolet	visible	infra-red	microwave	radio waves
		sec	ond one ir	correct box ; n correct box th in correct b	•				[3]
	(d)	spa	ice;		avel through/		rough a vacu	um/empty	[2]
		reg	ion betwee	en oun and E	Earth is a vacu	uiii ,			[2]
									[Total: 10]

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- 9 (a) (i) copper oxide + carbon \rightarrow copper + carbon dioxide LHS; RHS;
 - (ii) copper oxide (loses oxygen so) is reduced; carbon (gains oxygen so) is oxidised;
 - **(b)** no reaction (between copper and dilute hydrochloric acid); copper is below hydrogen in the reactivity series;
 - (c) (sulfur dioxide) dissolves in rain/atmospheric water/forms acid rain; collects in lakes/rivers etc.; damages plants/animals; effect of gas on respiratory system; other correct;

[max 3]

[2]

[Total: 9]