



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

Se.com

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2009

45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

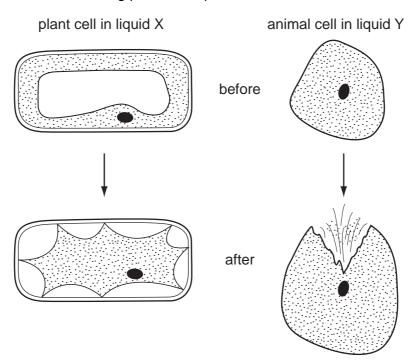
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.



- www.PapaCambridge.com
- 1 Which characteristic is shown by members of the same species?
 - **A** They all live in the same place.
 - **B** They are all identical in appearance.
 - **C** They breed with each other to produce fertile offspring.
 - **D** They cannot form clones.
- 2 The diagram shows a plant cell before and after being placed in liquid X for 30 minutes, and an animal cell before and after being placed in liquid Y for 30 minutes.

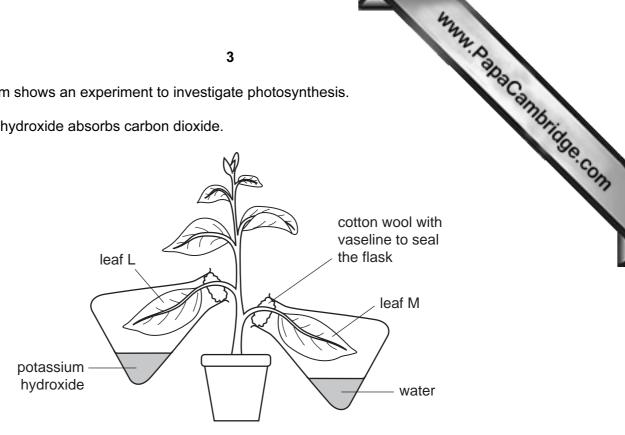


What describes liquids X and Y?

	Х	Υ
Α	concentrated solution	concentrated solution
В	concentrated solution	pure water
С	pure water	concentrated solution
D	pure water	pure water

3 The diagram shows an experiment to investigate photosynthesis.

Potassium hydroxide absorbs carbon dioxide.

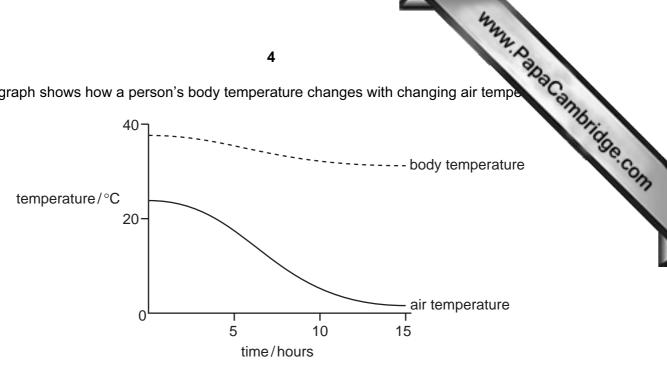


After standing in sunlight for 10 hours, leaf L contained no starch but leaf M contained a lot of starch.

What does this show?

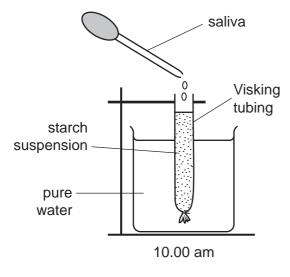
- A leaf cannot make starch in a sealed flask.
- В A leaf cannot make starch without carbon dioxide.
- **C** A leaf cannot make starch without light.
- **D** A leaf cannot make starch without oxygen.
- Between which structures are the pleural membranes found?
 - bronchi and bronchioles Α
 - В diaphragm and ribs
 - C larynx and trachea
 - D lungs and intercostal muscles

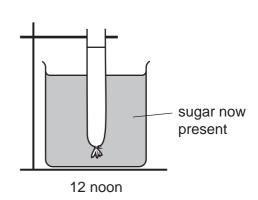
The graph shows how a person's body temperature changes with changing air temperature 5



Which process provides the energy for maintaining the body temperature as shown in the graph?

- breathing
- digestion В
- C excretion
- D respiration
- 6 The diagram shows a piece of Visking tubing (partially permeable) containing starch suspension, held in a beaker of pure water. Saliva, containing the enzyme amylase, is added to the starch and left for two hours.



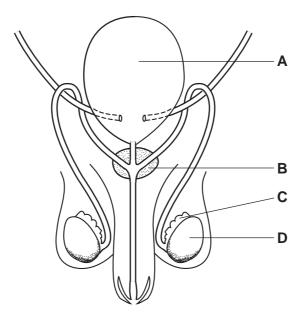


What does the experiment show?

- Amylase is a solvent for starch. Α
- Saliva passes through the Visking tubing. В
- C Starch can be changed to sugar.
- D Starch is soluble in pure water.

- 7 Which substance is needed in the diet so that red blood cells can carry oxygen?
 - A calcium
 - **B** iron
 - C vitamin C
 - D vitamin D
- 8 What is most likely to happen after a person eats a meal high in protein?
 - **A** The amount of water in the blood would decrease.
 - **B** The concentration of urea in the urine would increase.
 - **C** The level of insulin in the blood would increase.
 - **D** The temperature of the body would decrease.
- **9** In which part of a seed is the micropyle found?
 - A cotyledon
 - **B** plumule
 - **C** radicle
 - **D** testa
- **10** The diagram shows the male reproductive system.

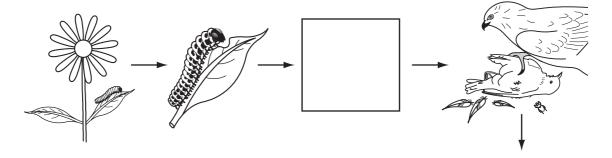
In which structure are the hormones that control adolescence produced?



11 Black coat colour in mice is dominant to white coat colour. A pure-bred black mouse white mouse.

What colour are the offspring?

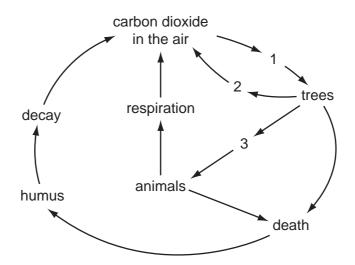
- A black only
- B black and white
- **C** grey
- **D** white only
- **12** The diagram shows a food chain.



What does the empty box represent?

- A consumer
- **B** decomposer
- C photosynthesis
- **D** producer

13 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle in a forest. The numbers repres processes.



Which of these processes is reduced in rate as a result of deforestation?

- A 1 only
- B 1 and 2 only
- C 2 and 3 only
- **D** 1, 2 and 3
- **14** The element phosphorus burns in air, as shown.

$$4P + 5O_2 \rightarrow P_4O_{10}$$

What does the formula P₄O₁₀ show?

- A a mixture of atoms of two elements
- **B** a mixture of molecules of two elements
- C a molecule of a compound
- **D** an atom of a compound
- 15 Which types of oxide are formed by magnesium and sulfur?

	magnesium	sulfur
Α	acidic	acidic
В	acidic	basic
С	basic	acidic
D	basic	basic

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- 16 Which process produces molecules with longer chains?
 - A combustion of hydrocarbon
 - **B** cracking
 - C fractional distillation of crude oil
 - **D** polymerisation
- **17** Proteins consist of long chains of1..... molecules and always contain the elements carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen and2.......

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	amino acid	oxygen
В	amino acid	sulfur
С	glucose	oxygen
D	glucose	sulfur

18 The equation for the extraction of a metal from its oxide can be written as shown.

metal oxide + carbon → metal + carbon dioxide

Which statements about this reaction are correct?

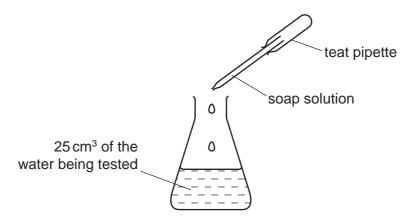
	the metal oxide is reduced	the carbon is oxidised
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	x
С	×	✓
D	X	X

19 Aqueous sodium chloride is electrolysed on a large scale.

Which three substances are manufactured in this way?

- A acid, chlorine and hydrogen
- B acid, chlorine and oxygen
- **C** alkali, chlorine and hydrogen
- D alkali, chlorine and oxygen

www.PapaCambridge.com 20 The diagram shows an experiment to test the hardness of separate samples of distill water and boiled tap water.



Soap solution is added, shaking after each drop, until a lather is formed.

Which results could be correct?

	number o	of drops of soap solu	tion used
	distilled water	tap water	boiled tap water
Α	2	5	10
В	2	10	5
С	5	10	2
D	10	5	2

21 The waste from a factory is acidic. The factory treats the waste with lime.

Which pH change takes place?

	pH of waste	pH of treated waste
Α	6	5
В	6	7
С	8	7
D	8	9

- 22 From which carbonate is lime manufactured?
 - A calcium carbonate
 - **B** lead(II) carbonate
 - C magnesium carbonate
 - **D** zinc carbonate

n solution
II Soldton Alling.
18

23	Wh	h metal is used with aqueous sodium hydroxide to test for nitrate ions in solution
	Α	lluminium
	В	copper
	С	nagnesium
	D	in .

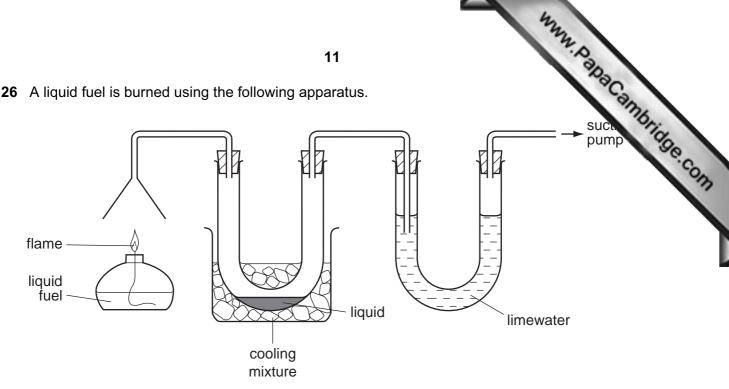
- 24 What is an analgesic?
 - A an alloy
 - an antacid
 - C a monomer
 - **D** a painkiller
- 25 A sample of clay is stirred in a beaker of water.

When light is shone through the beaker, the light is scattered.

What does the experiment show?

- A An emulsion has been formed.
- Clay in water forms a colloid. В
- C Clay in water forms a gel.
- **D** Water dissolves clay particles.

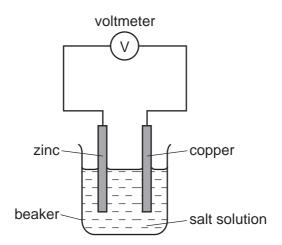
26 A liquid fuel is burned using the following apparatus.



What is being tested for in the gases produced by the burning fuel?

- carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
- В carbon monoxide and water
- C carbon dioxide and water
- carbon dioxide and sulfur dioxide D

27 The diagram shows a simple cell.



Which change would increase the reading on the voltmeter?

- Α adding more solution
- replacing the zinc with magnesium В
- С using a larger beaker
- D using a larger piece of zinc

www.PapaCambridge.com 28 A car travels 100 km. The highest speed of the car is 90 km/h, and the lower 30 km/h. The journey takes two hours.

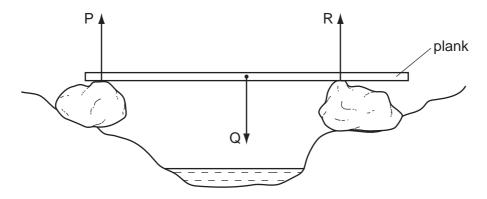
What is the average speed for the journey?

- 30 km/h
- **B** 50 km/h
- 60 km/h
- 90 km/h

29 Which items of apparatus are required to determine the density of a liquid?

- A balance and measuring cylinder
- **B** balance and thermometer
- **C** metre rule and measuring cylinder
- **D** metre rule and thermometer

30 A wooden plank rests in equilibrium on two boulders on opposite sides of a narrow stream. Three forces of size P, Q and R act on the plank.



How are the sizes of the forces related?

- P + Q = R
- P + R = QВ
- C P = Q = R
- P = Q + R

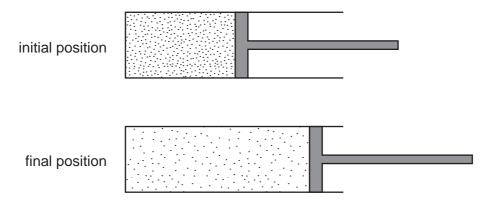
31 Electricity can be obtained from different energy resources.

Which energy resource is used to obtain electricity without producing heat to boil water?

- Α coal
- В gas
- C hydroelectric
- nuclear

32 A piston traps a certain mass of gas inside a cylinder. Initially the piston is halfw length of the cylinder.

www.PapaCambridge.com The piston is now moved towards the open end of the cylinder. The temperature of the remains constant.

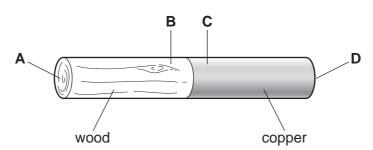


How are the density and the pressure of the gas affected by moving the piston?

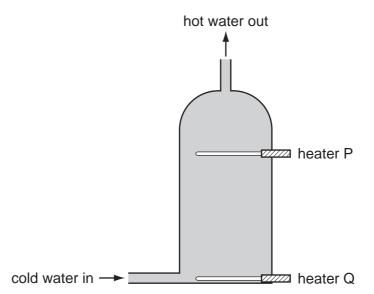
	density	pressure
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	unchanged
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	unchanged

33 A rod is made up of copper and wood joined together.

After the rod is heated at the join in the centre for about a minute, where would the lowest temperature be?



www.papaCambridge.com 34 A hot water tank is fitted with two identical heaters P and Q. Heater P is two thirds the tank and heater Q is at the very bottom. The tank is full of cold water.

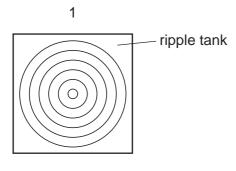


When only heater Q is switched on, it takes a very long time to heat the tank of water to the required temperature of 60 °C.

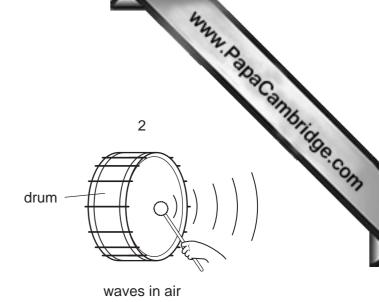
What happens to the tank of cold water if only heater P is switched on?

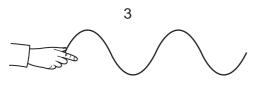
- A All the water reaches 60 °C in less time than before.
- **B** All the water reaches 60 °C in the same time as before.
- The bottom two thirds of the water reaches 60 °C in two thirds of the original time C
- **D** The top one third of the water reaches 60 °C in one third of the original time.

35 The diagrams show examples of wave motion.



waves on water





waves on a rope



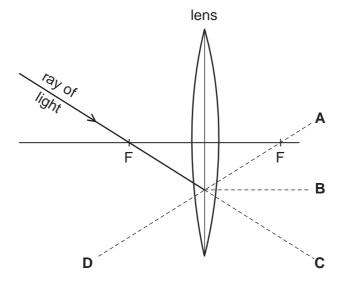
4

waves in a spring (as shown)

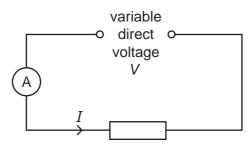
Which are longitudinal waves?

- A 1 only
- **B** 1, 2 and 4
- C 2 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 4 only
- **36** The diagram shows the path of a ray of light passing through the principal focus F of a lens.

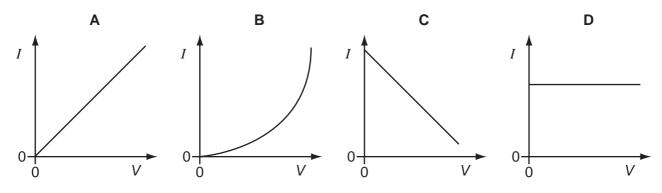
Which broken line shows the direction of the ray after it leaves the lens?



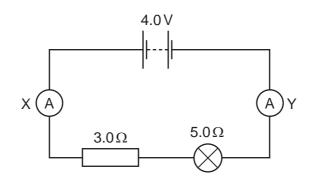
www.PapaCambridge.com 37 Using the circuit shown, the current I is found for various voltages V. The temperature resistor does not change.



Which graph shows the results obtained?



38 In the circuit shown, ammeter X reads 0.5 A.

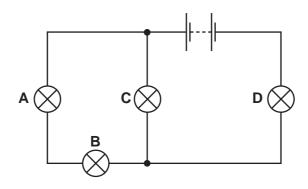


What does ammeter Y read?

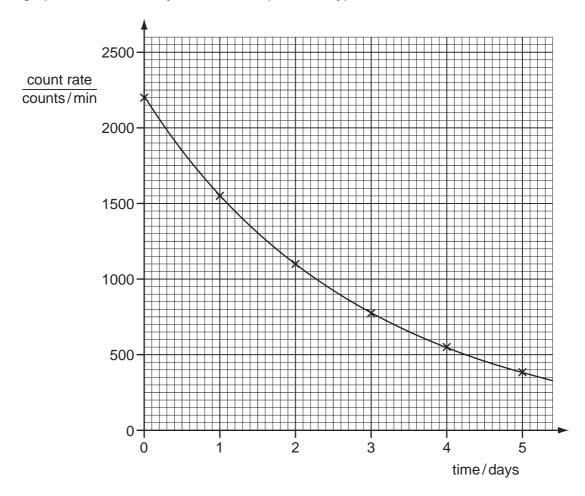
- **A** 0
- **B** 0.5A
- 3.5A
- 4.0 A

www.PapaCambridge.com 39 In the circuit below, one of the lamps breaks, causing all the other lamps to go out.

Which lamp breaks?



40 The graph shows the decay curve for one particular type of radioactive nuclide.



What is the half-life of this nuclide?

1.0 day

1.5 days

2.0 days

2.5 days

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The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET

	. 0 §	O 0 5 C 1 5	20	169
0	Heirum	Neon 10 Neon 40 Argon		Lutetium 71 Lawrendium 103
⋝		19 Fluorine 9 35.5 C1 C1	Bromine 35 Icodine 53 Astatine 85 Astatine	Yb Yraterblum 70 No Nobellum 102
5		16 Oxygen 8 32 32 Suffur	79 Se Selenium 34 128 Tellurium Polonium 84	169 Tm Thullum 69 Mendelevium 101
>		Nitrogen Nitrogen 7 31 Phosphorus	75 As Arsenic 33 Arsenic 122 Sb Antimony 51 209 Bi Bi Bi Bi Bi	167 Er Erblum 68 Fm Fermium 100
≥		Carbon 6 Carbon 8 Silicon Silicon	GGe mmanium 1119 Sn Tin Tin Lead	_ E
≡		11 B Boron 5 27 A Muminium	70 GGa eilfum rdlum 204 T 1	Ce Pr Nd Pm Samardum Samardum Europium Gadolinium Tertitum Dysprosium Hohimum 232 Th 238 Protaberinium Nappunium Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Estitutum 101 Thorium Protaberinium Unantum Nappunium Plutonium Americium Curium Berkelium Calfornium Einsteinium 101 The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).
			65 Znn Znnc 30 Znnc Cadmium 48 Mercury 80	Tb Terbium 65 Bk Berkelium 97 Ture and p
			Copper 29 Copper 108 Ag Ag Silver 47 Au	Gm Curium 96 Cm Curium 96 Cm 1 temperat
			Nickel 28 Nickel 29 Nickel 46 Palladium 44 195 Palladium 78 Palladium 77 Nickel	162 Europium 63 Am Americium 95 at room
			Cobati Cobati 1103 Rh hodium hodium Ir	Samarium 62 Pu 94 butonium 94 Sis 24 dm ⁵
	T Hydrogen		Fee Iron Iron A. W.	Pm Ss Ss Np
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=		Beryllium 4 24 Magnesium	Calcium 20 B8 Strontium 38 Strontium 38 Ba Bankum 56	Francium Rad Activition
_		Lithium 3 23 23 Na Sodium	Potassium 19 86 Rb Rubdium 37 Caesium 55	Francium 87 La 190-103 A 1

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