UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 100

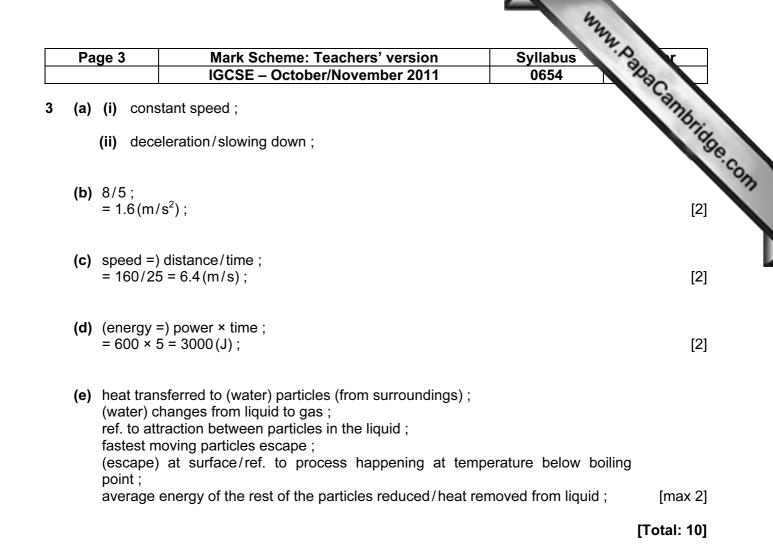
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

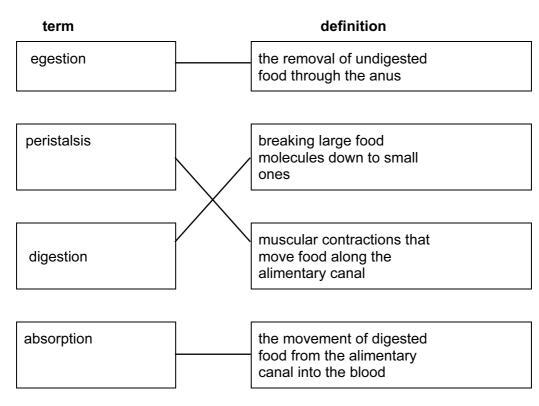
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Page 2		Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2011	0654 23
(a) (i)	X retina ; Y optic nerve ;	Syllabus 0654 and lens ; [2]
(ii)	line drawn starting outside the eye, passing through pupil line ends at retina ;	and lens ; [2]
(iii)	label to either cornea, lens or vitreous humour ;	[1]
(iv)	as impulse/electrical signal/action potentials ; along nerve/along ${\bf Y}$;	[2]
(b) (i)	red blood cell ;	[1]
(ii)	46 ;	[1]
(iii)	stores information; on making proteins ; ref. to hereditary material ;	[max 2]
		[Total: 11]
(a) (i)	(Y) (no mark) proton number of 6 ;	[1]
(ii)	11;	[1]
(b) (i)	contains elements aluminium and oxygen ; proportions/number ratio A <i>1</i> : O is 2:3/owtte ;	[2]
(ii)	ion (electrically) charged/ion protons \neq electrons ;	[1]
(c) (i)	electrolysis ;	
(0) (1)	positive electrode ;	[2]
(ii)	(contains) ions (which) must be mobile/if solid then ions c conduct electrical charge/make an electrolyte;	cannot move ; [2]
(iii)	\rightarrow aluminium + oxygen ;	[1]
		[Total: 10]



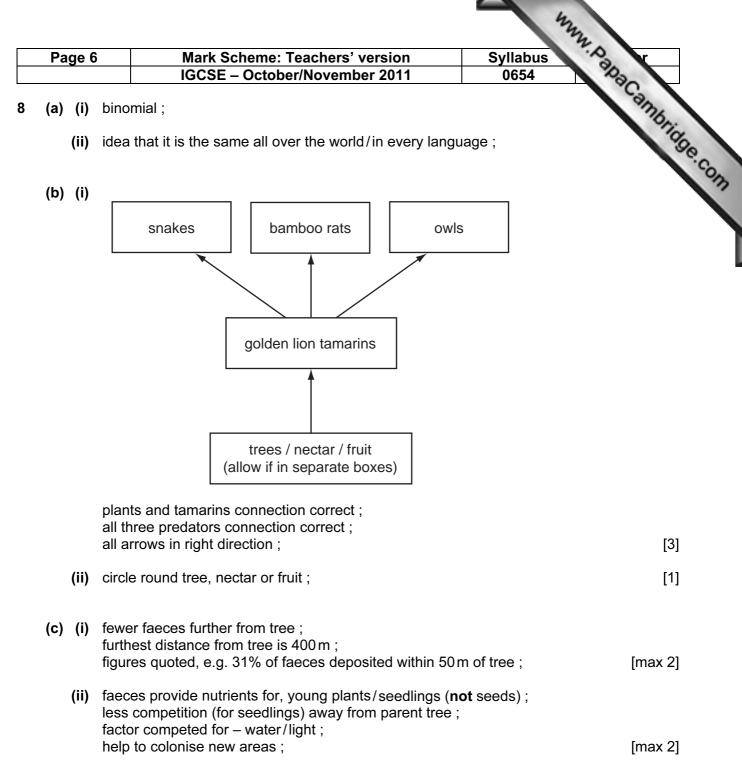
4 (a)



all correct for 3 marks, 2 or 3 correct for 2 marks, 1 correct for 1 mark ;;;

Page) 4		e: Teachers' version ober/November 2011	Syllabus 0654	. Pala
					Canny
		enzyme	substrate	product	STIE.
		amylase	starch ;	maltose	un Papacambrid
		protease ;	proteins	amino acids	1
	ŀ	lipase ;	fats/lipids ;	fatty acids and glycerol	
	L	I			[4]
(c) (i)	i) ure	ea ;			[1]
(ii	i i) kid	ineys ;			[1]
(ii		Ils might take up water ; cause concentration ins		n outside :	[2]
(iı	res glu	energy ; spiration ; ucose oxidised/glucose movement/other name		;	[max 2] [Total: 13]
(a) (i		e power rating of bulb/h e voltage/potential differ			[[2]
(ii	i) ele inte	ectrical ; o light ;		, , ,	
(iii		o heat ; s will not react with hot :	filament/reduces oxida	tion ;	[3] [1]
(b) (i		creases ; constant (minimum) val	ue;		[2]
(ii	i) 0.2	20 (A) ;			[1]
(c) (i	(=	$= R_1 + R_2;$ 1000 + 2000) = 3000 (Ω);			[2]
(ii		oss sectional area/thick nperature of wire ;	ness ;		[2

IGCSE – October/November 2011 0654 (a) (i) (B) low electrical conductivity ; (ii) (C) high density and (high) electrical conductivity ; (b) (i) all three metals must be melted together ; (ii) solder maintains the electrical connection/owtte ; (c) second electrode ; container plus liquid ; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed) ; indication that second electrode is a different metal ; (d) (i) carbon dioxide ; water (vapour) ;	papacannurios [1]
 (ii) solder maintains the electrical connection/owtte; (c) second electrode; container plus liquid; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed); indication that second electrode is a different metal; indication that pd is produced e.g. value on voltmeter; (d) (i) carbon dioxide; 	[1]
 (ii) solder maintains the electrical connection/owtte; (c) second electrode; container plus liquid; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed); indication that second electrode is a different metal; indication that pd is produced e.g. value on voltmeter; (d) (i) carbon dioxide; 	[1]
 (ii) solder maintains the electrical connection/owtte; (c) second electrode; container plus liquid; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed); indication that second electrode is a different metal; indication that pd is produced e.g. value on voltmeter; (d) (i) carbon dioxide; 	[1]
 (c) second electrode; container plus liquid; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed); indication that second electrode is a different metal; indication that pd is produced e.g. value on voltmeter; (d) (i) carbon dioxide; 	
 container plus liquid ; suitable named electrolyte (into which electrodes are placed) ; indication that second electrode is a different metal ; indication that pd is produced e.g. value on voltmeter ; (d) (i) carbon dioxide ; 	[max 3]
	[2]
(ii) carbon monoxide/NOx or specific example/hydrocarbons;	[1]
	[Total: 10]
(a) (i) (frequency =) 0.5(Hz);	[1]
(ii) matter/mass ; travels/moves/goes ;	[2]
(iii) sound/ultra sound/infrasound ;	[1]
(b) (i) 500(N);	[1]
(ii) (work done =) force × distance ; = 500 × 10 = 5000 (J) ;	[2]
(iii) (kinetic energy =) ½ mv ² ; = ½ × 50 × 12 × 12 = 3600 (J);	[2]
(c) radiation ;	[1]
	[Total: 10]



[Total: 10]

P	age 7	7		llabus
			IGCSE – October/November 2011 (0654 230
(a)) (i)		nent made of one type of atom/found in Periodic Table ; pound made of two or more different elements ;	11abus 0654 ersal Indicator ; [2]
	(ii)	•	np red) litmus paper/(red) litmus solution/full range/Unive s blue ;	ersal Indicator ; [2]
(b)) (i)	nitro	gen inert/difficult to break N_2 molecule ;	[1]
	(ii)	nitrio	c acid ;	[1]
	(iii)		on, hydrogen, oxygen ;; hree – 2 marks, only two correct – 1 mark)	[2]
	(iv)		/link/react together ; rm a (long) chain ;	[2]
(c)) (i)		eases rate of reaction ; consumed/used up/can be regenerated ;	[2]
	(ii)		ould react/corrode/sodium does not have catalytic pro a transition metal ;	perties/sodium [1]
				[Total: 13]