UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 100

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Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – October/November 2011						S	Syllabus 0654 name b		
(a)											anne	Shi
	inse	ect	1		2		3			4	name	03
			а	b	а	b	а	b	а	b		
	A	`	✓			✓					Musca	
	В	3		✓				~			Formica ;	
	C	;		✓			~				Termes ;	
	D)	✓		~				~		Graphosoma ;	
	E		\checkmark		~					~	Coccinella ;	
(d)	(ii)	they cause they	can kil e disru could l	ption to	; organis o food c uman h resista	hains ; ealth ;		cides ;			[max	[1] [1] (1]
(e)	• •		tions ; o air pa	articles	/compr	essions	s and ra	arefacti	ons ;			[2]
					er pitch equency							[2]
											[Total: [•]	13]
(a)	(i)	arrow	/s corr	ectly dı	awn an	d label	lled ;					[1]
	(ii)	equa	l and c	opposite	э;							[1]
	(iii)	const	ant sp	eed :								[1]

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(b) (i)	cause cancer/kills cells/radiation burns/radiation sickne mutation/change DNA;	Syllabus 0654 ess ;
(ii)	(granite) rocks/radon ;	
(c) elec use	ctromagnetic wave ; ;	[2]
(d) (i)	to stop snacks spoiling/oxidising ; stops microbes respiring ;	
	nitrogen is unreactive ;	[max 2]
(ii)	pressure inside packet is greater than airplane pressure	; [1]
		[Total: 11]
(a) (i)	4;	[1]
(ii)	silicon ; (does have same outer electrons) because in same grou	ıp ; [2]
(iii)	neon ;	[1]
(b) (i)	formed as fossil fuel ; decomposition of organic matter ; from digestive systems of ruminants ; ref. volcanism ;	[max 2]
(ii)	B ; exothermic means heat given off ; much heat per second means rate is high ;	[max 2]
(c) (i)	detergent/soap ;	[1]
(ii)	suitable example of water pollution ;	[1]
		[Total: 10]

	4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabu IGCSE – October/November 2011 0654	s au
	ps layer of air ; . good insulator ;	www.PapaCambrida
(b) (i)	(weight =) 10 800 (N) ;	[1]
(ii)	(work =) force × distance ; = 10 800 × 100 = 1 080 000 (J) ;	[2]
(iii)	(kinetic energy =) ½ mv ² ; = ½ × 1080 × 0.2 × 0.2 = 21.6 (J) ;	[2]
(iv)	(average speed =) distance/time ; =1000/4000 = 0.25(m/s) ;	[2]
(c) doe fuel	es not deplete fossil fuel reserves/carbon neutral/kerosene is a hyd l ;	drocarbon [1]
		[Total: 10]
(a) sex	kual <u>and</u> asexual ; (both needed)	[1]
(b) (i)	(large) petals/large flowers/nectar guides/landing platform;	[1]
(ii)	male gamete fuses with female gamete ; zvgote produced :	
(ii)	male gamete fuses with female gamete ; zygote produced ; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete')	[2]
.,	zygote produced ;	[2] [1]
(iii)	zygote produced ; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete')	
(iii)	zygote produced ; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete') ovary ;	[1]
(iii) (iv)	zygote produced ; (allow 'sex cell' or 'nucleus' instead of 'gamete') ovary ; seeds ; increase growth of plants ; (plants need nitrates) to produce proteins ;	[1] [1] [max 2]

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		IGCSE – October/November 2011 065	4 23
(a)	(i)	89 ;	amp.
	(ii)	melt the component metals together ;	10
	(iii)	strong/hard/low malleability ; coins must not easily be damaged/must be easily recognised periods/owtte ; OR (chemically) unreactive ; coins must not easily corrode ; OR malleable ; can be shaped (for coin manufacture) ;	d over long
(b)	(i)	tin oxide + carbon \rightarrow tin + carbon monoxide ;	[1]
	(ii)	carbon ; joins with oxygen ;	[2]
(c)	(i)	negative electrode ; liquid which conducts a current/contains mobile ions ;	[2]
	(ii)	(atom) loses electrons ;	[1]
	(iii)	15 ;	[1]
(d)	(i)	sol/colloid ;	[1]
	(ii)	(sols are) not transparent so light does not reach skin/(sol) reflect (allow sunscreen absorbs light/acts as a light filter)	ts light ; [1]
			[Total: 13]
(a)	fron fron	n blood ; (ignore 'ref to bleeding') n red blood cells ; n haemoglobin ; diffusion ;	[max 2]
	byt		[11182 2]
(b)	(i)	keeping warm ; making new cells ; transmitting nerve impulses ;	[max 2]
	(ii)	homeostasis ;	[1]
	(iii)	water lost in sweat ; ref. to need to maintain water content of body ;	[max 2]

Pa	ge 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	A LA
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(c)	sup bloc cau	to coronary artery ; plies heart muscle with, blood/oxygen ; kage (in blood vessel) ; se of blockage (e.g. plaque, cholesterol, blood clot) ; rt, muscle/cells, die/cannot contract, because of lack of oxygen ;	Papa Cambrid [max 3] [Total: 10]
(a)	(i)	arrows go down ;	[1]
	(ii)	convection ;	[1]
	(iii)	cold air becomes more dense and sinks ;	[1]
(b)	(i)	(density =) mass/volume ; = 7.4/8; = 0.925 (g/cm ³) ;	[3]
	(ii)	solid – regular arrangement and all particles touching ; liquid – irregular arrangement and most particles touching ;	[2]
(c)	(i)	(resistance =) voltage/current ; = $250/0.05 = 5000(\Omega)$;	[2]
	(ii)	$R_T = R_1 + R_2;$ = 5000 + 5000 = 10000 (Ω);	[2]
			[Total: 12]
(a)	(i)	A ; C ;	[2]
(b)	(i)	photosynthesis ; respiration ;	[2]
	(ii)	glucose/carbohydrate/sugar/starch;	[1]
	(iii)	algae produce oxygen which coral uses/coral produces carbon dioxi which algae uses ;	ide [1]

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c) (i) inc	reased use of fossil fuel/example which implies this ;	ambridg
, , ,	bon dioxide produced when fuel burns ;	16.
Cai	bon dioxide produced when der burns,	10
(ii) car	bon dioxide dissolves in/reacts with (sea) water;	
• • •	kes water more acidic/less alkaline ;	
	n-metal oxides are acidic ;	[max 2]
		L ,
(iii) aco	cept any reasonable science based idea:	
• •	. calcium carbonate may react with more acidic water /	lower pH makes
-	nore difficult for coral to extract ions from sea / coral (poly	•
	vive in more acidic water ;	[max 1]