



## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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## **CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

0654/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2012

45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

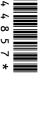
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

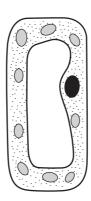
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

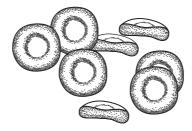


1 The diagram shows an incomplete plant cell.



Which structure is **not** shown?

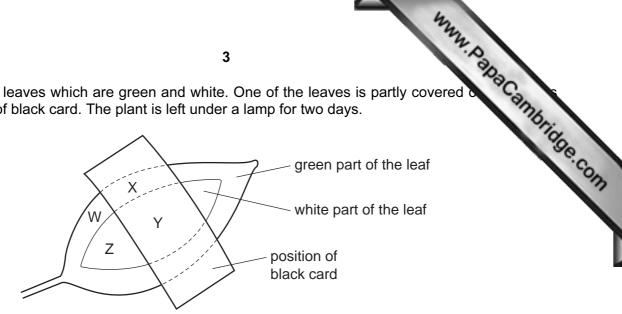
- A cell membrane
- B cell wall
- **C** chloroplast
- **D** vacuole
- 2 The diagram shows some red blood cells.



What is the function of these cells?

- **A** antibody formation
- **B** carry oxygen
- C make glucose
- **D** phagocytosis

A plant has leaves which are green and white. One of the leaves is partly covered 3 by a piece of black card. The plant is left under a lamp for two days.



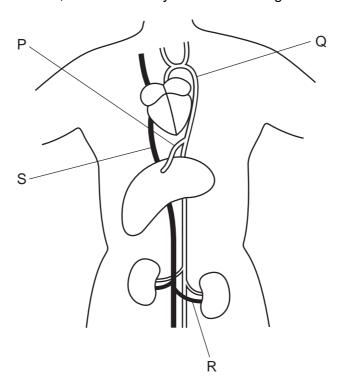
The leaf is then removed from the plant and tested for starch (the carbohydrate made during photosynthesis).

Which row is correct?

	W	Х	Υ	Z	
Α	✓	✓	X	X	key
В	✓	X	X	X	√ = starch present
С	X	✓	✓	X	x = starch absent
D	X	X	✓	✓	

- Which word equation represents aerobic respiration?
  - carbon dioxide + oxygen → glucose + water
  - В carbon dioxide + water → glucose + oxygen
  - C glucose + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water
  - glucose + oxygen → lactic acid D

www.papaCambridge.com The diagram shows the heart, liver and kidneys with connecting blood vessels. 5

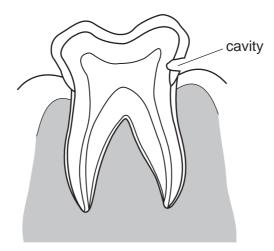


What are the labelled blood vessels?

	aorta	hepatic artery	vena cava	renal vein	
Α	Q	Р	S	R	
В	Q	R	S	Р	
С	S	Р	Q	R	
D	S	R	Q	Р	

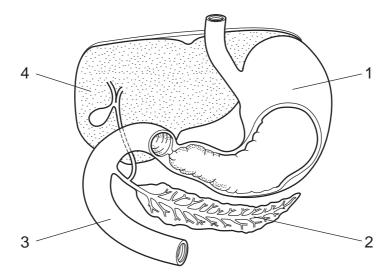
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6 The diagram shows a tooth with a cavity caused by decay.



Which part of the tooth has been exposed by the decay?

- **A** enamel
- **B** dentine
- **C** pulp
- **D** root
- 7 The diagram shows part of the digestive system.



Which labels identify the liver, pancreas and stomach?

	liver	pancreas	stomach
Α	2	1	3
В	2	3	1
С	4	2	3
D	4	2	1

8 A person touches a hot object which triggers a reflex action.

In which order does the signal travel in the reflex arc?

- **A** relay neurone  $\rightarrow$  spinal cord  $\rightarrow$  sensory neurone
- **B** sensory neurone  $\rightarrow$  spinal cord  $\rightarrow$  motor neurone
- **C** spinal cord  $\rightarrow$  sensory neurone  $\rightarrow$  stimulus
- **D** stimulus  $\rightarrow$  motor neurone  $\rightarrow$  spinal cord
- **9** Which organ in the body makes urea and how is urea removed from that organ?

	where made	how removed		
Α	kidneys	in urine		
В	liver	in blood		
С	liver	in bile		
D	pancreas	in pancreatic juice		

- 10 Which structure produces seminal fluid?
  - A prostate gland
  - B sperm duct
  - **C** testis
  - **D** urethra
- 11 In plants, the allele for red flowers is dominant to the allele for white flowers.

A heterozygous red-flowered plant is crossed with a white-flowered plant.

What percentage of the offspring will have red flowers?

- **A** 25%
- **B** 50%
- **C** 75%
- **D** 100%

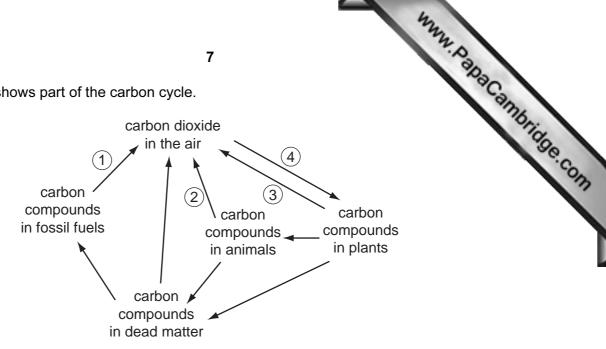
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**12** The diagram shows a food chain.

Which organisms pass the greatest amount of energy along the food chain?

A B C D
shrubs → insects → birds → mammals

13 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.

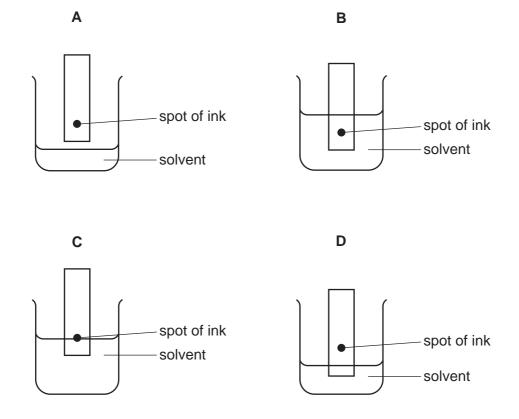


Where are photosynthesis and respiration happening?

	photosynthesis	respiration
Α	3	2
В	3	4
С	4	1
D	4	3

**14** The colours in an ink can be separated by chromatography.

Which diagram shows the correct way to set up the apparatus?



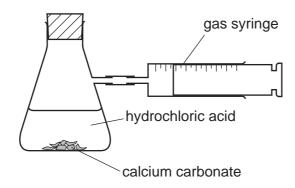
**15** The symbol for an atom of neon is  $^{20}_{10}$ Ne.

Which statement about the atom is correct?

- A It contains half as many neutrons as protons.
- **B** It contains twice as many neutrons as protons.
- **C** The number of neutrons equals the number of protons.
- **D** The total number of neutrons and protons is thirty.
- **16** Which formula contains the most elements?
  - **A** NaOH
- B Rb<sub>2</sub>S
- C SiCl<sub>4</sub>
- D SnO<sub>2</sub>

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17 The apparatus shown is used to investigate the speed of reaction between hydrochloric acid and calcium carbonate.



The time to collect 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of gas is measured.

Using concentrated acid and lumps of calcium carbonate, the time is 150 s.

In a second experiment, the time is 90 s.

Which change was made in the second experiment?

- A larger lumps of calcium carbonate
- B less concentrated acid
- C lower temperature
- **D** powdered calcium carbonate
- **18** Which substance is reduced during the following reaction?

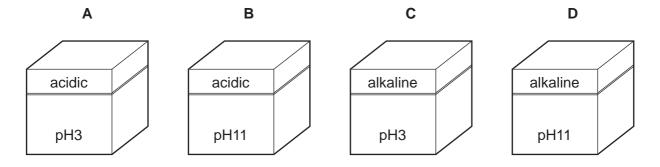
A B C D lead(II) oxide + hydrogen  $\rightarrow$  lead + wate

eied silver nitrate Cannonidae Com

19 A coloured solution of compound X gives a white precipitate with acidified silver nitral.

What is X?

- A calcium chloride
- B calcium sulfate
- C copper(II) chloride
- D copper(II) sulfate
- 20 Which box contains a solution of a metal oxide?



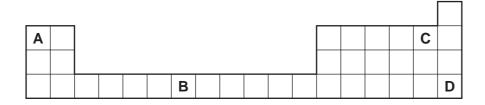
21 The table shows physical properties of some substances.

Which substance is a metal?

	malleability	density	electrical conductivity	
Α	brittle	high density	high	
В	brittle	low density	low	
С	malleable	high density	high	
D	malleable	low density	low	

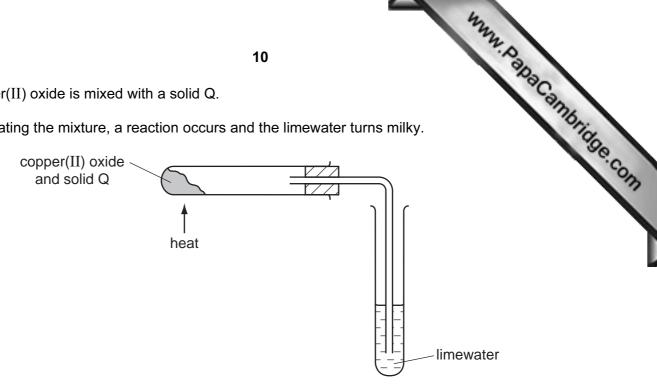
22 The diagram shows part of the Periodic Table.

Which letter shows the position of a metal with a low melting point?



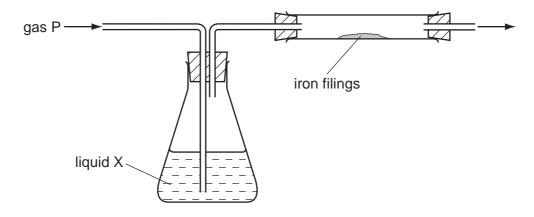
23 Copper(II) oxide is mixed with a solid Q.

On heating the mixture, a reaction occurs and the limewater turns milky.



What is solid Q?

- carbon
- В iron
- C sulfur
- D zinc
- 24 The diagram shows gas P being passed through liquid X and then over iron filings.



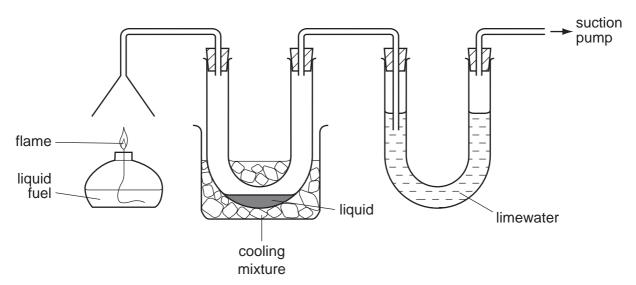
Which gas and liquid cause the iron to rust?

	gas P	liquid X
Α	nitrogen	concentrated sulfuric acid (a drying agent)
В	nitrogen	water
С	oxygen	concentrated sulfuric acid (a drying agent)
D	oxygen	water

www.PapaCambridge.com **25** Fertilisers are used to supply the essential elements needed for plant growth.

Which compound supplies two of these essential elements?

- $Ca(H_2PO_4)_2$ Α
- В Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- C  $KNO_3$
- $(NH_4)_2SO_4$
- **26** The burning of a fuel is investigated using the apparatus shown.



Which substances is the apparatus testing for?

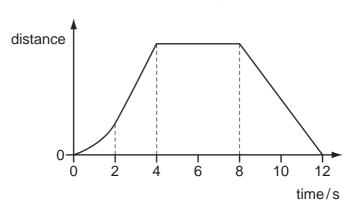
- Α carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide and water В
- C carbon dioxide and water
- D carbon dioxide and sulfur dioxide
- **27** This description of a plastic is incomplete.

To make a plastic, .....1..... of a .....2..... combine to form a long chain .....3.....

Which words correctly complete the gaps?

	1	2	3
Α	atoms	monomer	polymer
В	atoms	polymer	monomer
С	molecules monomer		polymer
D	molecules	polymer	monomer

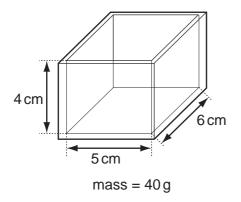
28 The graph shows how the distance of an object changes with time.

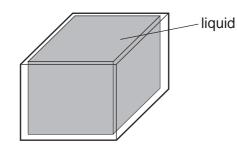


Between which two times is the object moving with a changing speed?

- A between 0s and 2s
- B between 2s and 4s
- C between 4s and 8s
- D between 8s and 12s

29 The diagrams show a glass tank with inside measurements of  $5\,\text{cm}\times6\,\text{cm}\times4\,\text{cm}$ .





total mass = 220 g

The tank has a mass of 40 g when empty. When the tank is filled with a liquid, the tank and liquid have a total mass of 220 g.

What is the density of the liquid?

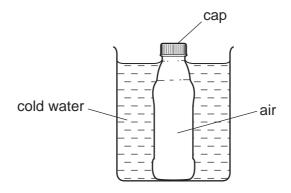
$$A \quad \frac{220}{(5\times 6\times 4)} \, g/cm^3$$

**B** 
$$\frac{(220-40)}{(5\times 6\times 4)}$$
 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

$$\textbf{C} \quad \frac{(5\times 6\times 4)}{220}\,\text{g/cm}^3$$

$$D \quad \frac{(5 \times 6 \times 4)}{(220 - 40)} \, g / \, cm^3$$

- **A** geothermal
- **B** hydroelectric
- **C** oil
- **D** waves
- 31 A glass bottle containing air is sealed with a screw cap and then cooled in cold water.



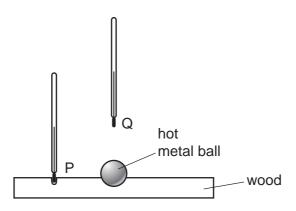
The contraction of the glass bottle can be ignored.

What remains the same during the cooling?

- A the air pressure inside the bottle
- **B** the energy of the air molecules in the bottle
- **C** the force on the cap made by the air molecules in the bottle
- **D** the volume of air inside the bottle
- 32 What happens to the temperature of a substance as it is melting and as it is boiling?

	melting	boiling		
Α	decreases	increases		
В	decreases	no change		
С	increases	increases		
D	no change	no change		

www.papaCambridge.com 33 A hot metal ball is placed in a small hollow in a piece of wood. Two thermometer equal distances from the ball, one at position P and one at position Q.

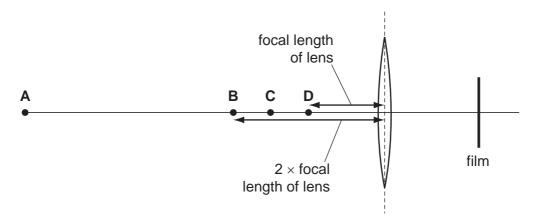


Which thermometer gives the highest reading and why?

	highest reading	reason
Α	thermometer at P	the air conducts heat sideways, not upwards
В	thermometer at P	the wood conducts the heat sideways, not upwards
С	thermometer at Q	convection carries the heat upwards, not sideways
D	thermometer at Q	infra-red rays carry the heat upwards more than sideways

34 A converging lens in a camera is used to make an image on a film. The image is smaller than the object.

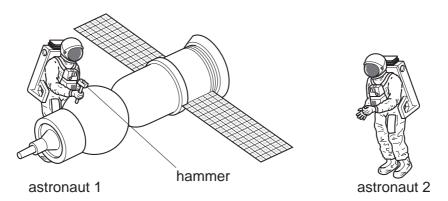
At which point could the object be placed so that it makes this image?



**35** The Sun emits infra-red radiation, ultraviolet radiation and visible light.

Which statement about the time it takes these radiations to reach Earth's atmosphere is correct?

- Α Infra-red radiation arrives first.
- В Ultraviolet radiation arrives first.
- C Visible light arrives first.
- D They all arrive at the same time.



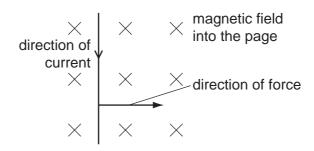
Compared with the sound heard if they were working on Earth, what does astronaut 2 hear?

- A a louder sound
- B a quieter sound
- **C** a sound of the same loudness
- **D** no sound at all
- 37 The instructions for a household lamp state that the plug should be fitted with a 3A fuse.

What could happen if, by mistake, a 13 A fuse is fitted?

- A The fuse might melt too easily.
- **B** The lamp might explode if a fault develops.
- **C** The wires connecting the lamp to the plug might overheat if a fault developed.
- **D** Too much voltage might be supplied to the lamp.

www.PapaCambridge.com 38 An electric current flows along a wire. A magnetic field is at right angles to it (into the causes a force on the wire to the right.



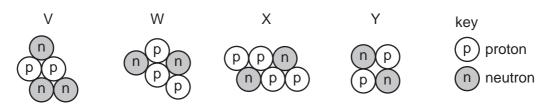
In which direction is the force when the current direction is reversed?

- to the right
- to the left В
- C upwards
- downwards D

39 Which row describes the nature of alpha and beta radiation?

	alpha	beta		
Α	electron	electromagnetic wave		
В	electron	helium nucleus		
С	helium nucleus	electromagnetic wave		
D	helium nucleus	electron		

**40** The diagrams represent the nuclei of four different atoms V, W, X and Y.



Which two diagrams represent isotopes of the same element?

V and W W and X X and Y Y and V **BLANK PAGE** 

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The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET

	0	4 <b>H</b> elium	Ne Ne A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	18 Argon	84 <b>Krypton</b> 36	131 <b>Xe</b> Xenon Xenon 54	Radon 86		175 <b>Lu</b>
	=	N	Fluorine 9 35.5	Chlorine 7	80 <b>Br</b> Bromine	127 	At Astatine		173 <b>Yb</b>
	>		Oxygen O 5	oniini 16	Selenium	128 <b>Te</b> Tellurium	<b>Po</b> Polonium 84		169 <b>Tm</b>
	>		Nitrogen 8	2 Supplied as	AS Arsenic	Sb Antimony	209 <b>Bi</b> Bismuth		167 <b>Er</b>
	≥		Carbon 28	14	73 <b>Ge</b> Germanium 32	Sn Tin 50	207 <b>Pb</b> Lead		165 <b>H</b>
	≡		11 Boron 6 27 A 1	13	70 <b>Ga</b> Gallium 31	115   n   Indium	204 <b>T 1</b> Thallium 81		162 <b>Dy</b>
					65 <b>Zn</b> Zinc 30		201 <b>Hg</b> Mercury 80		159 <b>Tb</b>
					64 Copper	108 <b>Ag</b> Silver	197 <b>Au</b> Gold	_	157 <b>Gd</b>
Group					59 Nickel	106 Pd Palladium 46	195 <b>Pt</b> Platinum 78	_	152 <b>Eu</b>
้อ			1		59 <b>Cobalt</b> 27	Rhodium R45	192   <b>  r</b>     <b>  r</b>		Sm (
		T Hydrogen			56 Fe	- 4	190 <b>Os</b> Osmium 76	_	Pa
					Mn Manganese	Tc Technetium 43	186 <b>Re</b> Rhenium 75		44 <b>D</b>
					Cr Chromium 24	96 <b>Mo</b> Molybdenum 42	184 <b>W</b> Tungsten 74		141 <b>Pr</b>
					51 V Vanadium 23	Niobium 41	181 <b>Ta</b> Tantalum 73	_	<b>G</b> 40
					48 Tranium	2r Zrconium 40	178 <b>‡</b> Hafnium		1
					Scandium	89 <b>×</b>	139 <b>La</b> Lanthanum	227 <b>Ac</b> Actinium 89	l series eries
	=		Beryllium 4 24 Mg	12	40 <b>Ca</b> Calcium	Strontium	137 <b>Ba</b> Barium 56	226 <b>Ra</b> Radium	*58-71 Lanthanoid series
	_		Lithium 3 Lithium 3 23 8  Na	11	39 <b>K</b> Potassium	85 <b>Rb</b> Rubidium 37	CS Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	*58-71 L <sub>k</sub>

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm<sup>3</sup> at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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Mo

Fn

Es

ਲ

**Currium** 

Am

å

Ра

232 **7** Thorium

90

b = proton (atomic) number

a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol

Key

Plutonium Pu

Californium 98 ರ

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