

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/13

45 minutes

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

October/November 2019

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

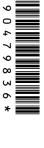
Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

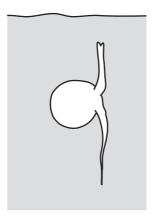
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.



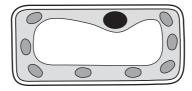
1 The diagram shows a germinating seed in the soil.



Which characteristics of living organisms is the seed demonstrating?

	characteristic										
	growth	sensitivity									
Α	1	✓									
В	✓	X									
С	X	✓									
D	X	X									

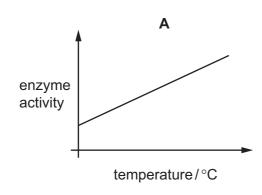
2 The diagram shows a section through a cell.

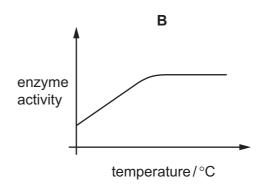


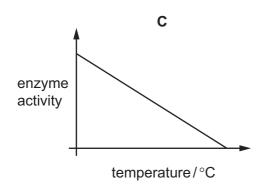
What shows that this is a plant cell?

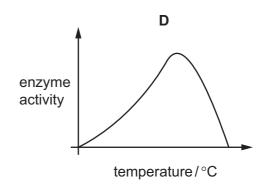
- A It has a cell membrane.
- **B** It has a nucleus.
- **C** It has a permanent vacuole.
- D It has cytoplasm.
- 3 Which result with the biuret test shows that protein is present?
 - A blue
 - **B** green
 - **C** orange
 - **D** purple

4 Which graph shows how enzyme activity is affected by temperature?









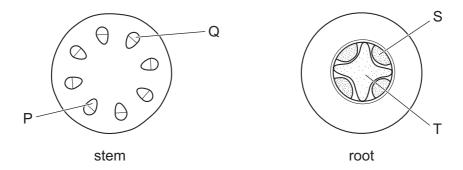
5 What is the word equation for photosynthesis?

- **A** carbon dioxide + glucose \rightarrow oxygen + water
- **B** carbon dioxide + water → oxygen + glucose
- **C** oxygen + glucose → carbon dioxide + water
- **D** oxygen + water → carbon dioxide + glucose

6 Where is bile stored?

- A gall bladder
- **B** liver
- **C** pancreas
- **D** stomach

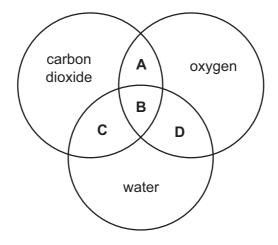
7 The diagrams show sections through a stem and a root.



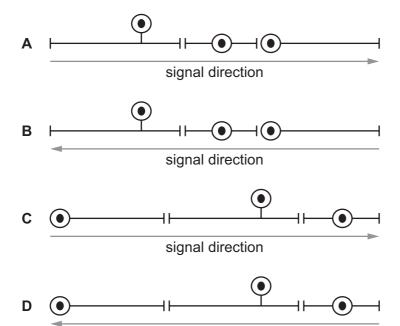
Which indicate the positions of the xylem?

- A P and S
- **B** P and T
- **C** Q and S
- **D** Q and T

8 Which area represents the substances produced in aerobic respiration?



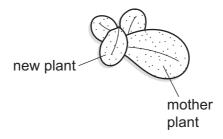
9 Which diagram shows the sequence of neurones in a reflex arc, and the direction of travel of the electrical signal?



signal direction

10 Duckweed can reproduce by producing new plants from an original 'mother plant' as shown.

These plants can then separate off and produce more plants themselves.



What does this demonstrate about how duckweed reproduces?

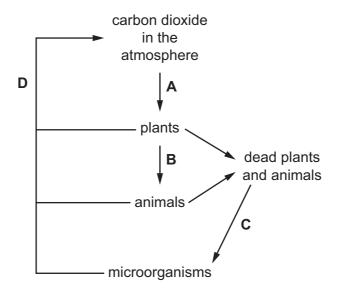
- A asexual reproduction which produces genetically different plants
- B asexual reproduction which produces genetically identical plants
- **C** sexual reproduction which produces genetically different plants
- **D** sexual reproduction which produces genetically identical plants
- **11** A pure-breeding mouse with black fur was bred with a pure-breeding mouse with white fur. All the offspring had black fur.

What are the genotypes of the two parent mice?

- \mathbf{A} Bb \times bb
- **B** $Bb \times Bb$
- \mathbf{C} BB \times bb
- **D** $BB \times BB$

- 12 What is the principal source of energy input into a biological system?
 - A consumer
 - **B** decomposer
 - **C** producer
 - **D** Sun
- 13 The diagram shows some of the processes in the carbon cycle.

Which process is respiration?

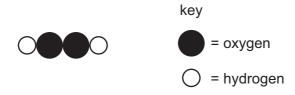


- 14 Which processes are chemical changes?
 - 1 conversion of steam to liquid water
 - 2 cracking of alkanes
 - 3 fractional distillation of petroleum
 - 4 thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate
 - **A** 1 and 3
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 2 and 4
- **15** Which row compares the nucleus and the electronic structure of two isotopes of the same element?

	nucleus	electronic structure
Α	different	different
В	different	same
С	same	different
D	same	same

16 Hydrogen peroxide is a compound.

A molecule of hydrogen peroxide can be represented as shown.



What is the formula of hydrogen peroxide?

- **A** HO
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{O}_2$
- **C** (OH)₂
- **D** 20H

17 The table shows the temperature of some water before and after a solid is dissolved in it.

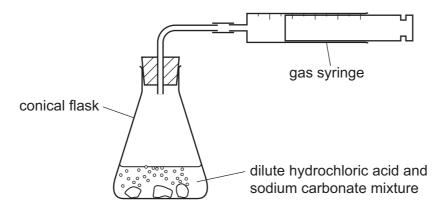
Which change is the most exothermic?

	temperature before /°C	temperature after /°C
Α	20	18
В	20	40
С	25	18
D	25	42

18 When 50 cm³ of dilute hydrochloric acid and excess solid sodium carbonate are mixed, they react to form carbon dioxide gas.

The gas is collected in a gas syringe.

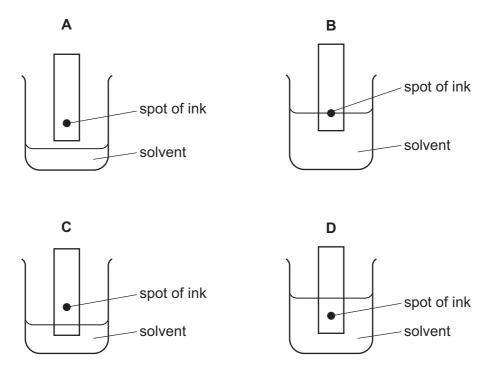
The experiment is repeated using 25 cm³ of dilute hydrochloric acid.



Which statement about the second experiment compared to the first experiment is correct?

- **A** It has the same initial rate of reaction and produces a lower volume of gas.
- **B** It has the same initial rate of reaction and produces the same volume of gas.
- **C** It has a slower initial rate of reaction and produces a lower volume of gas.
- **D** It has a slower initial rate of reaction and produces the same volume of gas.
- **19** The colours in an ink can be separated by chromatography.

Which diagram shows the correct way to set up the apparatus?



20	\\/hich	statement	about the	Dariadia	Tahla ic	correct?
ZU	vvrucn	Siatement	about me	Penodic	Table is	coneció

- A Elements are listed in order of neutron number.
- **B** Elements are listed in order of nucleon number.
- **C** Elements are listed in order of proton number.
- **D** Elements are listed in order of relative atomic mass.
- 21 The halogens are elements in Group VII of the Periodic Table.

They are1..... non-metals.

They become2..... in colour down the group.

Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	diatomic	darker
В	diatomic	lighter
С	monatomic	darker
D	monatomic	lighter

- 22 Which statement describes all metals?
 - **A** They break when hit with a hammer.
 - **B** They conduct electricity.
 - C They dissolve in water.
 - **D** They have high densities.
- **23** When substance X is added to blue cobalt(II) chloride paper, the paper turns pink.

What is X?

- A ammonia
- B an acid
- C chlorine gas
- **D** water

24 Which processes produce carbon dioxide?

- 1 acid reacting with a metal
- 2 respiration
- 3 combustion of ethanol
- 4 acid reacting with a metal oxide

A 1 and 2

B 1 and 4

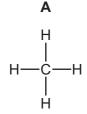
C 2 and 3

D 3 and 4

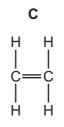
25 Which row describes lime and the solubility of limestone in water?

	lime	limestone
Α	acidic oxide	insoluble
В	acidic oxide	soluble
С	basic oxide	insoluble
D	basic oxide	soluble

26 Which structure represents ethanol?



В Н Н | | Н—С—С—Н

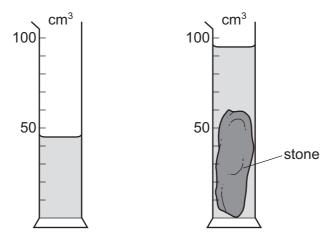


27 Which type of reaction is represented by the equation?

- A addition polymerisation
- **B** cracking
- **C** fermentation
- **D** reduction

28 A stone is lowered into a measuring cylinder containing water.

The diagrams show the readings on the measuring cylinder with and without the stone.



What is the volume of the stone?

- \mathbf{A} 40 cm³
- **B** 50 cm³
- **C** 60 cm³
- **D** 95 cm³

29 There is no resultant force acting on a body.

Which statement is correct?

- **A** The body is either at rest or moving at constant speed in a straight line.
- **B** The body must be at rest.
- **C** The body is gaining speed.
- **D** The body is losing speed.
- **30** Four cars are driven the same distance along a straight, horizontal road.

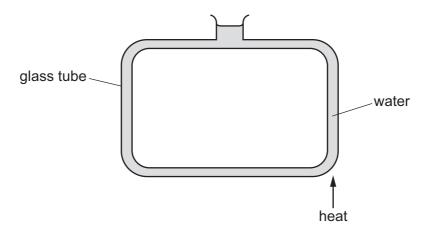
The table shows the work done by the engine in each car and the time taken by each car.

Which engine produces the most power?

	work done by engine/J	time taken/s
Α	50 000	20
В	50 000	40
С	100 000	20
D	100 000	40

31 The diagram shows a shaped glass tube filled with water.

When the water is heated at the point shown, the water begins to move round the tube.



What is the main method of heat transfer that is occurring within the water and in which direction does the water move?

	method of heat transfer	direction of movement
Α	conduction	anticlockwise
В	conduction	clockwise
С	convection	anticlockwise
D	convection	clockwise

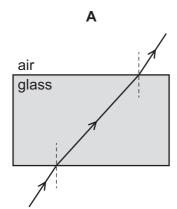
32 A substance is a gas when its temperature is 65 °C.

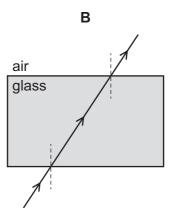
How do the boiling point and the melting point of this substance compare with 65 °C?

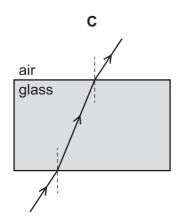
	boiling point	melting point
Α	above 65 °C	above 65°C
В	above 65 °C	below 65°C
С	below 65°C	above 65°C
D	below 65°C	below 65 °C

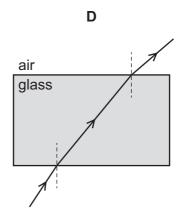
33 Light passes through a glass block that has parallel sides.

Which diagram shows the path of the light?



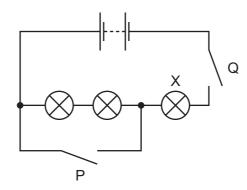






- 34 Which electromagnetic waves are used by television remote controllers?
 - A gamma
 - B infra-red
 - **C** microwaves
 - **D** X-rays

35 The diagram shows a circuit containing two switches P and Q, and three lamps. One lamp is labelled X.

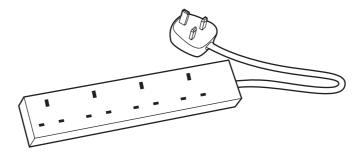


Which of the switches must be closed so that only lamp X is lit?

- A neither switch
- B switch P only
- C switch Q only
- D switch P and switch Q
- **36** Which row shows how lamps are connected in a lighting circuit in a house and gives an advantage of connecting them in this way?

	how lamps are connected	advantage of connecting them in this way
Α	in parallel	they can be switched separately
В	in parallel	they share the voltage
С	in series	they can be switched separately
D	in series	they share the voltage

37 An electrical extension block has four sockets, a cable which can safely take a current of 6 A and a plug. It is protected by a fuse rated at 5 A.



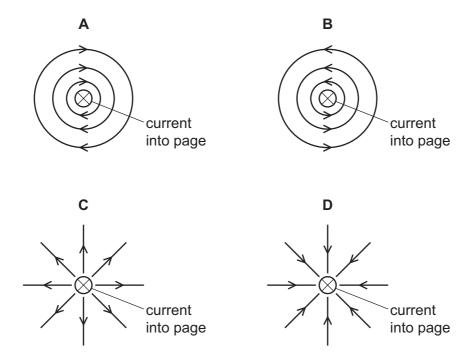
The extension block is used with four appliances and the 5A fuse blows. The owner replaces the 5A fuse with a 13A fuse.

Why is the extension block now dangerous?

- **A** The appliances may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **B** The cable may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **C** The sockets may burn out before the fuse blows.
- **D** The 13 A fuse may blow too soon.
- **38** There is a current-carrying wire perpendicular to the page.

The direction of the current is into the page.

Which diagram shows the pattern and direction of the magnetic field around the wire?



39 What is the proton number (atomic number) of the nuclide ${}^{14}_{6}\text{C}$?

A 6

B 8

C 14

D 20

40 Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect, and which is the most penetrating?

	greatest ionising effect	most penetrating
Α	α-particles	α -particles
В	α-particles	γ-rays
С	γ-rays	α -particles
D	γ-rays	γ-rays

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	=	2 He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	52	Xe	xenon 131	98	牊	radon				
	=			6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	B	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine				
				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Te	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	molonium —	116	^	livermorium -	
	>			7	z	nitrogen 14	15	<u>а</u>	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>B</u>	bismuth 209				
	≥			9	O	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -	
	≡			2	Ф	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	lΤ	thallium 204				
										30	Zn	zinc 65	48	р О	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	C	copernicium -	
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -	
Group											28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Ğ				1						27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	ľ	iridium 192	109	Μ̈́	meitnerium -	
		- I	hydrogen 1							26				Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium	
							1			25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –	
				_	loq	lass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -	
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -	
					atc	rel				22	j	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ξ	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium -	
										21	Sc	scandium 45	39				lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids		
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium	
	_			က	:=	lithium 7	£	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	В	rubidium 85	22	S	caesium 133	87	ᇁ	francium	

71	Ρ̈́	Iutetium	175	103	ב	lawrencium	ı
	Хþ					_	ı
69	T	thulium	169	101	Md	mendelevium	ı
89	Ē	erbium	167	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	웃	holmium	165	66	Es	einsteinium	I
99	Dy	dysprosium	163	86	ర్	californium	ı
99	Тр	terbium	159	26	番	berkelium	I
64	Вd	gadolinium	157	96	Cm	curium	I
63	Ш	europium	152	98	Am	americium	I
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pn	plutonium	I
19	Pm	promethium	ı	63	dΝ	neptunium	I
09	PΝ	neodymium	144	92	\supset	uranium	238
69	Ā	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce	cerium	140	06	Ļ	thorium	232
22	Га	lanthanum	139	89	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).