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for the guidance of teachers

0530 FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPANISH

0530/23

Paper 2 (Reading and Directed Writing), maximum raw mark 65

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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- 1 **General Marking Principles**
- www.papaCambridge.com 1.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Scheme provided in Section 3 You will need to consider all alternative answers a unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether the communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary (or with your Product Manager if you are a single Examiner), and award marks accordingly.

The following marking principles underpin the detailed instructions provided in Section 3 of the Mark Scheme. Where a decision is taken to deviate from these principles for a particular question, this will be specified in the Mark Scheme.

1.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his / her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- (b) If a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

1.3 Reading tasks: more than the stipulated number of boxes ticked / crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his / her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- (b) If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out / discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) In questions where candidates are required to tick a number of boxes (e.g. tick the 6 true statements) the general rule to be applied is as follows: the number of 'extra' answers indicated by the candidate is deducted from the number of correct answers and the remaining number is the mark awarded, e.g. the candidate is required to tick 6 true statements, but instead ticks 8 statements. 5 of the 6 ticks are correctly placed, but 2 of the ticks are 'extras' (8 ticks placed by candidate minus 6 ticks required by rubric = 2). Therefore the candidate is awarded a mark of 3

5 number of correct ticks -2 minus number of extra ticks = 3

(d) Answers in pen do not take precedence over answers in pencil, e.g. if a candidate is asked to tick 1 box and ticks two, one in pen and the other in pencil, the mark cannot be awarded unless there is some explicit indication from the candidate as to which is his / her final answer.

1.4 Reading tasks: for questions requiring more than one element for the answer, (i) and (ii), where the answers are interchangeable:

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2 Both correct answers on line 1, but another answer on line 2 wrong = 1(or vice-versa)

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- **1.5 Reading tasks:** answers requiring the use of Spanish (rather than a non-verbal respondent) be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
- www.papaCambridge.com (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like correct answer?
 - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
 - (c) Accept incorrect gender or person unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (d) Accept incorrect possessive adjectives e.g. mi, tu, su etc, unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise (in general, Section 2 accept, Section 3 consult Mark Scheme carefully).
- 1.6 Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, do not accept incorrect Spanish if the word given means something else in Spanish. (Incorrect Spanish which constitutes a word in any language other than Spanish is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 2.5 above).
- **1.7** Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:

t.c. = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.

1.8 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (NO Response) option in Scoris. Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

1.9 Extra material: Section 2, Exercise 1

In Section 2, Exercise 1, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Do not worry about lifting unless this would cause the message to be seriously distorted (in general, incorrect possessives should not be judged to cause distortion: see 2.5(d) in which case a lift will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.

Ignore extra material given in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer.

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1.10 Extra material: Section 3

Cambridge.com In Section 3 it is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way demonstrate to the Examiner that s / he has understood the texts / questions. candidates introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s / he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded.

In Section 3, look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift indiscriminately fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, careful lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme (Section (c)) provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, the following general rules apply:

| (a) | Extra material, mentioned in the Mark Scheme, which reinforces the correct answer or in itself constitutes an alternative correct answer: | this is acceptable and is not penalised |
|-----|--|---|
| (b) | Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer, but which is not explicitly mentioned in the Mark Scheme: | the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the text and the Team Leader if necessary whether the alternative answer constitutes: (i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded (ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused |
| (c) | Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer specifically refused in the Mark Scheme: | this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose' which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded |
| (d) | Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer: | this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded |
| (e) | Extra material introduced by the candidate and which does not feature in the text: | this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded. It can sometimes be difficult to draw the line between what is a deduction made by an able candidate on the basis of what they have read and pure guesswork. Therefore, where an answer of this sort occurs which is not covered in the Mark Scheme, Examiners should consult their Team Leader |

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| | SECTION 1 | "ABA |
| ercise 1 Ques | tions 1–5 | |
| С | | Syllabus 0530 Bracembra |
| ~ | | |
| С | | |
| A | | |
| | | |
| В | | |
| В | | [1 mark per item = 5 marks |
| В | | [1 mark per item – 5 marks |
| ercise 2 Ques | tions 6–10 | |
| В | | |
| | | |
| D | | |
| С | | |
| | | |
| E | | |
| F | | [1 mark par itom = 5 marks |
| F | | [1 mark per item = 5 marks |
| ercise 3 Ques | tions 11–15 | |
| В | | |
| | | |
| E | | |
| D | | |
| D | | |
| А | | |
| | | [1 mark per item = 5 marks |
| F | | |

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| xe | rcise 4 Ques | tion 16 | | Call. |
| | | ON : 1 mark per item up to a maximur CATION accept any tense) | n of 3 | Syllabus 0530 bacan |
| AΡ | PROPRIATE | NESS OF LANGUAGE: 0, 1 or 2 mar | rks according | to grid |
| • | written in the instruction to | rs that are not written in the space pro- e correct space, e.g. where candidate o frame their answer as a message: e are two versions, one by pics + one | s answer the | questions but ignore the |
| Co | mmunicatio | 1 | | REFUSE |
| (a) | | primo (una descripción) o es una persona alegre/lleva en | | |
| (b) | de dónde e e.g. Es de/v (en el monte | ve en un pueblo de/en la montaña | Es/Está <u>en</u> | (Londres) |
| (c) | lo que le gu e.g. Le gusta | i sta a mucho jugar al fútbol / el tenis | | |
| Ap | propriatenes | s of language | | |
| 2 | appropriate | d of 2 marks, 2 verbs must be in enses. Minor errors (adjective of prepositions etc) are tolerated. | only the p for which | king for Language, conside arts of the candidate's work you are awarding a |
| 1 | | ne appropriate usage to reward. d of 1 mark, 1 verb must be in an rense. | communication mark. NB: if candidates <u>do not attempt</u> one of the tasks they cannot score more than | |
| 0 | reward. Where 0 ma | examples of appropriate usage to rks were awarded for ion, 0 marks are awarded for | — mark for la | anguage. |

[Total: 5]

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SECTION 2

Exercise 1 Questions 17-25

- In this exercise, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. •
- Cambridge.com Ignore extra material (whether Spanish is accurate or inaccurate) in an answer providing that • it does not invalidate an answer.
- In any case where lifting is unacceptable it will be specifically rejected in the Mark • Scheme.

| READ SECTION 1: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, | |
|--|--|
| 1.7, 1.8, 1.9 | |

| | ACCEPT | REFUSE | |
|------------|---|--|-----|
| 17 | (Ha) (He) aprobado (sus) (mis) exámenes | | [1] |
| 18 | (Para) conocer/visitar/ver otros países | Sueña con viajar Tiene planes para hacer un viaje | [1] |
| 19 | (Van a comprar) billetes <u>baratos</u> (para jóvenes) | Sobre los billetes baratos | [1] |
| 20 | (Hacer) un curso de inglés Ir a una escuela de idiomas (en Cambridge) | una escuela de idiomas en Cambridge t c encontrar una escuela de idiomas | [1] |
| 21 | (Con una) familia inglesa (allí) (en) una casa | en casa casa | [1] |
| 22 | (Que) no hay / hace sol No sol | sin ver el sol | [1] |
| 23 | (Sus/mis) amigos (irían) de viaje sin él/mí | No podría viajar con sus amigos | [1] |
| 24 | (es esencial para su/mi) futura <u>carrera/trabajo</u> | El futuro La futura | [1] |
| 25 | (i) hablar con los padres de Sebastián | hablar con sus/mis padres mis padres hablen contigo | [1] |
| | (ii) enseñar (sus) fotos | enseñar mis fotos | [1] |
| Ale exp | ernative answers for 25 (i)/(ii) jandro fue de viaje y lo pasó bien/tuvo una eriencia inolvidable | | |
| | jandro habla bien inglés y nunca ha estado en aterra. | | |

[Total: 10]

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| 5 | IGCSE – May/June 2011 | 0530 23 |
| xercise 2 Ques | tion 26 | Camp |
| | NT ATION: 1 mark per point (as indicated) up to ′: up to 5 marks according to grid | Syllabus 0530 a maximum of 10 |
| If one point | ssfully completed point from the 4 tasks (a), from <u>(a) or (b) or (c) or (d)</u> is missing, the max rom <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maxin | imum communication mark is 9 |
| lists of lists of | num of 3 marks for communication: 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks | |
| lists of lists of | 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks | |
| lists of lists of lists of lists of (a) el sitio dono | 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks de estás | |
| lists of lists of lists of (a) el sitio dono (b) lo que hace | 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks de estás s, y con quién | |
| lists of lists of lists of (a) el sitio dono (b) lo que hace (c) tu opinión d | 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks de estás s, y con quién | |
| lists of a lists of a lists of a lists of a (a) el sitio dono (b) lo que hace (c) tu opinión d (d) otro viaje que Only 1 part of tas 6 marks available | 1–3 items = 1 mark 4 items = 2 marks 5–6 items = 3 marks de estás s, y con quién lel viaje ue piensas hacer en el futuro, por qué sk (d) required to fulfil communication point. | |

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| cc | uracy | | amb |
| 5 | The style of Use of a lim | vard vocabulary and structure. f writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. hited range of verbs, generally successful. acy than inaccuracy. | Syllabus 0530 Bhacambi |
| 4 | Some awar | oulary and structure. eness of verb usage, but inconsistent. is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed | J. |
| 3 | Little aware | vocabulary and structure. ness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used i ular errors, the writing often conveys some meanir | |
| 2 | | ses or short sentences are accurate enough to be r sentence structure. | ecognisable. |
| 1 | Disjointed v | vords or short phrases, one or two of them accurat | e enough to be comprehensible. |
| 0 | Nothing ac | curate enough to be comprehensible. | |

[Total: 15]

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SECTION 3

If the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should in anything written anywhere else, unless:

- (i) there is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered
- Cambridge.com (ii) the candidate has continued their answer outside the space provided there is no answer in the space provided.

Exercise 1 Questions 27–32

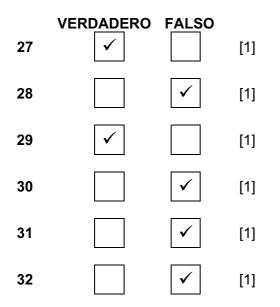
1 mark per question for True or False + 1 mark for correcting False statement (29, 30, 31, 32)

READ SECTION 1: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10

- (a) True/False element: all 6 statements appear on screen. Enter marks as appropriate for correct identification of each statement as True or False.
 - If neither True nor False is 'ticked' for a question, enter N / R (no response).
 - If both True and False are 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' • answer), enter 0.
- (b) Justification for False statements: only the 4 False statements appear on screen. If True is 'ticked', award 0 (ignore any justification)

If True and False are both 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' answer), award 0 (ignore any justification)

- If False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark.
- If neither True nor False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark (no mark awarded for True/False element)



| | | | | s' version Syllabus 2011 0530 REFUSE MERE ADDITION OF NEGATI | |
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| | | | | Cant | |
| | CHECK FALSO IS TICKED | | | REFUSE MERE ADDITION OF NEGATI | |
| 28 | Algunos jóvenes charlan. | | | 2.0 | |
| | | icas charlan. | | | 5 |
| | No todos jue | egan. | [1] | | |
| 30 | Ahora (son) amigos/compañeros (de equipo). | | | | ٦ |
| | Han cambiado sus/de/las actitudes. | | [1] | | 1 |
| 31 | 31 Manuel / el entrenador (le) invitó. | | [1] | | |
| 32 | Ha/he enco respirar. | ntrado tranquilidad / puede/o | [1] | | |

[Total: 10]

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Exercise 2 Questions 33-41

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| xe | rcise 2 Questi | ons 33–41 | | Syllabus 0530 es, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, REFUSE | ambi |
| | AD Section 1 , 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, <i>′</i> | of the Mark Scheme: General Mar 1.8, 1.10 | king Principle | es, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, | 1.2, |
| | ACCEPT | | REFUSE | | |
| 33 | (Porque) hay programas similares en la tele. Han visto en la tele a gente que construye robots (para etc) | | (Todos los jóvenes) han visto en la tele t c | | [1] |
| 34 | (EI) ayuntamiento | | | | [1] |
| 35 | (a) dinero financiar | su trabajo | | | [1] |
| | (b) fama inte | rnacional | | | [1] |
| 36 | Hablando/Hab | olaron/Hablar de su proyecto | Hablar t c | | [1] |
| 37 | Aprendió a calcular con facilidad Dice/dijo "Aprendí a calcular con facilidad". | | Aprendí a calcular con facilidad. | | [1] |
| 38 | Dice que le interesa más la construcción que el combate. El proyecto es educativo/la intención es educativa. | | Aunque algunos critican la intención es educativa. | | [1] |
| 39 | Para montar un campeonato / para luchar con ellos / para ver quiénes son los mejores | | Porque vere mejores inge | emos quiénes son los enieros | [1] |
| 40 | | ara) dar/dando charlas en elas (que los inviten). | | | [1] |
| 41 | D | | | | [1] |

[Total: 10]