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#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

# **0530 SPANISH (FOREIGN LANGUAGE)**

**0530/22** Paper 2 (Reading and Directed Writing),

maximum raw mark 65

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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### 1 General Marking Notes

### 2 General Marking Principles

2.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Mark Scheme provided in Section 3 You will need to consider all alternative answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether they communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary (or with your Product Manager if you are a single Examiner), and award marks accordingly.

The following marking principles underpin the detailed instructions provided in Section 3 of the Mark Scheme. Where a decision is taken to deviate from these principles for a particular question, this will be specified in the Mark Scheme.

#### 2.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- **(b)** If a candidate crosses out an answer <u>to a whole question</u> but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

## 2.3 Reading tasks: more than the stipulated number of boxes ticked/crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his/her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- **(b)** If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out/discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) In questions where candidates are required to tick a number of boxes (e.g. tick the 6 true statements) the general rule to be applied is as follows: the number of 'extra' answers indicated by the candidate is deducted from the number of correct answers and the remaining number is the mark awarded, e.g. the candidate is required to tick 6 true statements, but instead ticks 8 statements. 5 of the 6 ticks are correctly placed, but 2 of the ticks are 'extras' (8 ticks placed by candidate minus 6 ticks required by rubric = 2). Therefore the candidate is awarded a mark of 3

5 number of correct ticks

-2 minus number of extra ticks

= 3

2.4 Reading tasks: for questions requiring more than one element for the answer, (i) and (ii), where the answers are interchangeable:

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2 Both correct answers on line 1, but another answer on line 2 wrong = 1 (or vice-versa)

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- 2.5 Reading tasks: answers requiring the use of Spanish (rather than a non-verbal respondent be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
  - (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like correct answer?
  - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
  - (c) Accept incorrect gender or person unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
  - (d) Accept incorrect possessive adjectives e.g. *mi, tu, su* etc., unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise (in general, Section 2 accept, Section 3 consult Mark Scheme carefully).
- **2.6** Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, **do not accept incorrect Spanish if the word given means something else in Spanish**. (Incorrect language which constitutes a word in any language other than Spanish is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 2.5 above).
- **2.7** Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:
  - (a) INV = Invalidation and is used when additional material included by the candidate is judged to invalidate an otherwise correct answer thus preventing him/her from scoring the mark (INV = 0).
  - **(b)** tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
  - **(c)** HA = harmless additional material which in conjunction with the correct answer does not prevent the candidate from scoring the mark.
  - (d) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.
- 2.8 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (NO Response) option in **scoris**.

Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

#### Award 0:

• If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

#### 2.9 Extra material: Section 2, Exercise 1

In **Section 2, Exercise 1**, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Do not worry about lifting unless this would cause the message to be seriously distorted (in general, incorrect possessives should not be judged to cause distortion: see 2.5(d)) – in which case a lift will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.

Ignore extra material given in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer.

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#### 2.10 Extra material: Section 3

In **Section 3** it is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way a demonstrate to the Examiner that s/he has understood the texts/questions. Where candidate introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s/he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded.

In **Section 3**, look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift **indiscriminately** fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, **careful** lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme (Section (c)) provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, the following general rules apply:

(a)	Extra material, mentioned in the Mark Scheme, which reinforces the correct answer or in itself constitutes an alternative correct answer:	this is acceptable and is not penalised
(b)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer, but which is not explicitly mentioned in the Mark Scheme:	the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the text and the Team Leader if necessary whether the alternative answer constitutes:  (i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded  (ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused
(c)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer specifically refused in the Mark Scheme:	this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose' which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(d)	Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(e)	Extra material introduced by the candidate and which does not feature in the text:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded. It can sometimes be difficult to draw the line between what is a deduction made by an able candidate on the basis of what they have read and pure guesswork. Therefore where an answer of this sort occurs which is not covered in the Mark Scheme, Examiners should consult their Team Leader

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3 Detailed Mark	c Scheme	Cambridge G
Exercise 1 Quest	ions 1–5	ATT .
1 C		

#### **Detailed Mark Scheme**

## **SECTION 1**

## **Exercise 1 Questions 1-5**

- С 1
- 2 В
- **3** C
- **4** A
- **5** C

1 mark per item = 5 marks

## **Exercise 2 Question 6**

- В [1]
- С [1]
- F [1]
- G [1]

[1] [5 marks] I

## Exercise 3 Question 7-11

Correct boxes to tick:

- **7** F
- 8 С
- 9 D
- **10** B

1 mark per item = 5 marks 11 E

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			Car
Exercise 4 Quest	ion 12		dride
COMMUNICATIO	N: 1 mark per item up to a maximum of 3		Secon
APPROPRIATENI	ESSS OF LANGUAGE: 0, 1 or 2 marks according	g to grid	

## **Exercise 4 Question 12**

- Mark answers that are not written in the space provided for that purpose exactly as if they were written in the correct space, e.g. where candidates answer the questions but ignore the instruction to frame their answer as a message:
- Where there are two versions, one by pics + one in box, mark what is in the box.

Col	mmunication	REFUSE
(a)	(a) lo que haces ahora Salgo con el perro Llevo al perro de paseo	
(b)	lo que quieres comprar Quiero comprar un helado	gelato
(c)	cuándo vas a ver a tu amigo Te veo a las 1500	
App	propriateness of language	When marking for Language, consider
2	For the award of 2 marks, 2 verbs must be in appropriate tenses. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.	only the parts of the candidate's work for which you are awarding a communication mark.
1	There is some appropriate usage to reward. For the award of 1 mark, 1 verb must be in an appropriate tense.	NB: if candidates <u>do not attempt</u> one of the tasks they cannot score more than 1 mark for language.
0	There are no examples of appropriate usage to reward. Where 0 marks were awarded for Communication, 0 marks are awarded for language.	

[Total 5 marks]

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	SECTION 2		Candy
Exercise 1 Que	stions 13–20		Tale
	cise, reward the candidate for being able to locate	•	9
<ul> <li>Ignore extra</li> </ul>	a material (whether Spanish is accurate or inaccu	<u>rate)</u> in an answer prov	viding that it

#### **SECTION 2**

#### Exercise 1 Questions 13-20

- **In this exercise**, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage.
- Ignore extra material (whether Spanish is accurate or inaccurate) in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer,.
- In any case where lifting is unacceptable it will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme. read Section 1: General Marking Principles, in particular 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9

	ACCEPT		REJECT
13	ir a la playa	[1]	
14	Any 2 from: No sabe andar a caballo / No hay piscina / No hay televisión / <u>Puede</u> llover.	[2]	
15	Es muy fácil / divertido.	[1]	
16	primero andar despacio / después ir más rápido cuando se sienta segura.	[1]	
17	(Tienen) (tantos/as) formas y colores diferentes.	[1]	
18	(i) nadar	[1]	
	(ii) pescar	[1]	
19	Hará sol/soleado.	[1]	
20	qué le gusta leer (a) <u>Teresa</u>	[1]	

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Exercise 2 Quest	ion 21		Cambri
	NT ATION: 1 mark per item, as indicated,  up to a : up to 5 marks according to grid	n maximum of 10	Se COM

#### **Exercise 2 Question 21**

#### NO WORD COUNT

- COMMUNICATION: 1 mark per item, as indicated, up to a maximum of 10
- ACCURACY: up to 5 marks according to grid

#### Communication

NB: Each of the 4 tasks (a), (b), (c) and (d) must be completed to get the 10 communication

If (a) or (b) or (c) or (d) is missing, the maximum communication mark is 9. If 2 of (a), (b) or (c) or (d) are missing, the maximum communication mark is 8.

Extra details: If the extra detail does not relate directly to the overall situation and to one of the communication points, do not award marks for that extra detail.

## **LISTS** = a maximum of 3 marks for communication:

lists of 1–3 items = 1 mark lists of 4 items = 2 marks lists of 5-6 items = 3 marks

IF A DIFFERENT VERB IS USED, IT IS NOT A LIST!

Mi	deporte favorito		REFUSE
(a)	dónde practicas el deporte	[1]	
(b)	cuándo lo practicas y con quién	[1]	
(c)	por qué te gusta	[1]	
(d)	otros deportes que te gustaría practicar, y por qué	[1]	

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## **Exercise 2 Question 21: Accuracy**

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xerc	ise 2 Ques	tion 21: Accuracy	Cany
5	<ul><li>(etc.) g</li><li>The st</li><li>Use or</li></ul>	d range of vocabulary, idiom and structures (e.g. pogusta).  tyle of writing is basic but reasonably coherent.  f a limited range of verbs, often successful.  accuracy than inaccuracy.	Syllabus 0530 orque – adj agreement – me
4	<ul><li>Sente</li><li>Use or</li></ul>	range of vocabulary, idiom and structures (e.g. por nces may be repetitive, but are often successful. f a basic range of verbs, with some success.	
3	<ul><li>Sente</li><li>Some</li></ul>	range of vocabulary and structures. nces are repetitive. awareness of verb usage. te regular errors, the writing conveys some meanin	g.
2	<ul><li>Effection</li><li>Little a</li></ul>	vocabulary and structures. ive for a variety of straightforward messages. awareness of verb usage. egree of inaccuracy often obscures the meaning.	
1	• Effect	al vocabulary. ive for some messages (more than one), usually ur cient accuracy to convey the meaning.	nconnected.
0	Insufficient	t accuracy to be awarded a mark of 1.	

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#### **SECTION 3**

#### **General Marking Principles**

- Answers should be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
- At this stage (Section 3) we are looking for signs of genuine comprehension. As a general rule, candidates who lift indiscriminately fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, careful lifting of just the required details does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. See detailed mark scheme for guidance.
- In general, do not accept incorrect Spanish if the word given means something else in Spanish.

If the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should ignore anything written anywhere else, unless:

- (i) There is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered.
- (ii) The candidate has continued his/her answer outside the space, provided there is no answer in the space provided.

## Exercise 1 Questions 22-27

1 Mark per question for True or False + 1 Mark for correcting False statement (23, 25, 26, 27)

Please read Section 1: General Marking Principles, especially 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10

- (a) True/False element: all 6 statements appear on screen. Enter marks as appropriate for correct identification of each statement as True or False.
  - If neither True nor False is 'ticked' for a question, enter N/R (no response).
  - If both True and False are 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' answer), enter 0.
- **(b) Justification for False statements:** only the 4 False statements appear on screen.
  - If True is 'ticked', award 0 (<u>ignore any justification</u>)
  - If True and False are <u>both</u> 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' answer), award 0 (ignore any justification)
  - If False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark.
  - If <u>neither</u> True <u>nor</u> False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark (<u>no mark awarded for True/False element</u>)

	VER	DAD	ERO F	<u>ALS</u>	0
22		✓			1
23				✓	1
24		✓			1
25				✓	1
26				✓	1
27				✓	1

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CHECK FALSO IS TICKED		REFUSE MERE ADDITION OF NEGATIVE
23	La municipalidad les dio el dinero.	
25	Su grupo de amigos/la comisión de fiestas/los jóvenes las organizan.	A todos juntos to Addition of 'para que todo el pueblo lo pase bien
26	(Se organizó) para todo el pueblo.	
27	Los jóvenes (de hoy) quieren ayudar/colaborar/echar una mano.	

[Total : 10]

## Exercise 2 Questions 28-35

Please read Section 1: General Marking Principles, esp 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10

Please read Section 1: General Marking Principles, esp 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10				
ACCEPT			REJECT	
28	(Hay) más líneas de teléfono móvil que habitantes (en España).	[1]	Con más líneas	
29	Necesita piezas para arreglarlos. A algunos les falta(n) unas piezas.	[1]		
30	la ropa	[1]		
31	los usa	[1]	Colecciona	
32	(a) una obsesión	[1]		
	(b) estaba loco	[1]	Es loco que tiene delante	
33	Tienen varios móviles. Si no lo conocieron no tendrían tantos móviles.	[1]		
34	Vendía los usados.	[1]		
35	(i) Any 1 from: quedarse con ellos /no venderlos	[1]		
	(ii) cambiarlos menos	[1]	Es cierto que desde entonces	