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## for the guidance of teachers

# **0530 FOREIGN LANGUAGE SPANISH**

0530/22

Paper 2 (Reading and Directed Writing), maximum raw mark 65

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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- 1 **General Marking Principles**
- www.papaCambridge.com 1.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Scheme provided in Section 2. You will need to consider all alternative answers a unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether the communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary (or with your Product Manager if you are a single Examiner), and award marks accordingly.

The following marking principles underpin the detailed instructions provided in Section 3 of the Mark Scheme. Where a decision is taken to deviate from these principles for a particular question, this will be specified in the Mark Scheme.

### 1.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- (b) If a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

### **1.3** Reading tasks: more than the stipulated number of boxes ticked/crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his/her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- (b) If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out/discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) In questions where candidates are required to tick a number of boxes (eg tick the 6 true statements) the general rule to be applied is as follows: the number of 'extra' answers indicated by the candidate is deducted from the number of correct answers and the remaining number is the mark awarded, eg the candidate is required to tick 6 true statements, but instead ticks 8 statements. 5 of the 6 ticks are correctly placed, but 2 of the ticks are 'extras' (8 ticks placed by candidate minus 6 ticks required by rubric = 2). Therefore the candidate is awarded a mark of 3
  - 5 number of correct ticks
  - -2 minus number of extra ticks
  - = 3
- (d) Answers in pen do not take precedence over answers in pencil, e.g. if a candidate is asked to tick 1 box and ticks two, one in pen and the other in pencil, the mark cannot be awarded unless there is some explicit indication from the candidate as to which is his/her final answer.

### 1.4 Reading tasks: for questions requiring more than one element for the answer, (i) and (ii), where the answers are interchangeable:

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2 Both correct answers on line 1, but another answer on line 2 wrong = 1 (or vice-versa)

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- **1.5 Reading tasks:** answers requiring the use of Spanish (rather than a non-verbal respondent) be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
- www.papaCambridge.com (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like correct answer?
  - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
  - (c) Accept incorrect gender or person unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
  - (d) Accept incorrect possessive adjectives e.g. mi, tu su, unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise (in general, Section 2 accept, Section 3 consult Mark Scheme carefully).
- 1.6 Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, do not accept incorrect Spanish if the word given means something else in Spanish. (Incorrect which constitutes a word in any language other than Spanish is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 2.5 above).
- **1.7** Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:
  - (a) INV = Invalidation and is used when additional material included by the candidate is judged to invalidate an otherwise correct answer thus preventing him/her from scoring the mark (INV = 0).
  - (b) tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
  - (c) HA = harmless additional material which in conjunction with the correct answer does not prevent the candidate from scoring the mark.
  - (d) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.
- 1.8 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (NO Response) option in scoris. Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or •
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. • 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark). •

Award 0:

If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

### 1.9 Extra material: Section 2, Exercise 1

In Section 2, Exercise 1, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Do not worry about lifting unless this would cause the message to be seriously distorted (in general, incorrect possessives should not be judged to cause distortion: see 1.5(d)) – in which case a lift will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.

Ignore extra material given in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer.

|        |                                |            | -   | -  |
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### 1.10 Extra material: Section 3

Cambridge.com In Section 3 it is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way demonstrate to the Examiner that s/he has understood the texts/questions. Where candidate introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s/he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded.

In Section 3, look for signs of genuine comprehension. Usually, candidates who lift indiscriminately fail to demonstrate comprehension and will not score the mark. However, careful lifting of the details required to answer the question does demonstrate comprehension and should be rewarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme (Section (c)) provides specific guidance but in cases not covered, the following general rules apply:

| (a) | Extra material, mentioned<br>in the Mark Scheme, which<br>reinforces the correct<br>answer or in itself<br>constitutes an alternative<br>correct answer: | this is acceptable and is not penalised  |
|-----|--|--|
| (b) | Extra material which<br>constitutes an alternative<br>answer, <b>but which is not</b><br><b>explicitly mentioned in</b><br><b>the Mark Scheme:</b>       | <ul> <li>the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the text and the Team Leader if necessary whether the alternative answer constitutes:</li> <li>(i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded</li> <li>(ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused</li> </ul>                         |
| (c) | Extra material which<br>constitutes an alternative<br>answer <b>specifically</b><br>refused in the Mark<br>Scheme:                                       | this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose'<br>which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner<br>cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and<br>the mark cannot be awarded   |
| (d) | Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer:   | this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure<br>what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot<br>be awarded  |
| (e) | Extra material introduced<br>by the candidate and which<br>does not feature in the text:   | this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure<br>what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot<br>be awarded. It can sometimes be difficult to draw the line<br>between what is a deduction made by an able candidate<br>on the basis of what they have read and pure guesswork.<br>Therefore where an answer of this sort occurs which is not<br>covered in the Mark Scheme, Examiners should consult<br>their Team Leader |

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| Deta  | ailed Mark      | Scheme                         | SHIP.  |
|       |                 | SECTION 1                      | 10   |
| ercis | e 1 Ques        | tions 1–5                      | Syllabus<br>0530<br>Annorann<br>Bride        |
|       | · · · · · · · · |                                |  |
| В     |                 |                                |  |
| А     |                 |                                |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| А     |                 |                                |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| В     |                 |                                |  |
| -     |                 |                                | <b>,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| D     |                 |                                | [1 mark per item = 5 marks]                  |
| ercis | e 2 Ques        | tions 6–10                     |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| F     |                 |                                |  |
| С     |                 |                                |  |
| C     |                 |                                |  |
| D     |                 |                                |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| А     |                 |                                |  |
| -     |                 |                                | <b>,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Е     |                 |                                | [1 mark per item = 5 marks]                  |
| ercis | e 3 Ques        | tions 11–15                    |  |
| В     |                 |                                |  |
| D     |                 |                                |  |
| С     |                 |                                |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| А     |                 |                                |  |
|       |                 |                                |  |
| А     |                 |                                |  |
| С     |                 |                                |  |
| ~     |                 |                                |  |

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|                |                            |  |                         | 0330 786   |
| xercis         | se 4 Que                   | Stion 16   |                         | 12   |
| (For C<br>+    | OMMUNI                     | <b>ON:</b> 1 mark per item up to a maximum of<br>CATION accept any tense)<br><b>NESSS OF LANGUAGE:</b> 0, 1 or 2 marks |                         | Syllabus<br>0530<br>g to grid  |
| writter        | in the cor                 | at are not written in the space provided f<br>rect space, eg where candidates answer<br>ver as a message:              |                         |  |
| Where          | there are                  | two versions, one by pics + one in box, r  | mark what               | is in the box.   |
| Comn           | nunicatior                 | ו  |                         | REFUSE   |
| (a) C          | ómo pasa                   | s la mañana.   |                         |  |
| Voy/Ire        | é/Me gusta                 | a ir a la playa. /Nado en el mar.  |                         |  |
| Verb r<br>mark | nust be ir<br>in all 3 tas | ct tense for communication only.<br>In the correct tense for language<br>Sks.<br>va – no marks for language.           |                         |  |
| (b) A          | qué hora                   | vuelves a casa.  | Incorrect               | time – e.g. <i>a las cinco</i>   |
| Vuelvo         | /Volveré a                 | a casa a la una.   |                         |  |
| Accep          | ot incorrec                | ct tense for communication only.   |                         |  |
| (c) Q          | ué quiere                  | s hacer después.   |                         |  |
|                |                            | escuchar música (en casa).<br>escucharé música (en mi dormitorio).   |                         |  |
| Accep          | ot incorrec                | ct tense for communication only.   |                         |  |
| Appro          | priatenes                  | s of language  |                         |  |
| a              | appropriate                | ard of 2 marks, 2 verbs must be in<br>e tenses. Minor errors (adjective<br>se of prepositions etc) are tolerated.      | only the<br>for which   | arking for Language, conside<br>parts of the candidate's wor<br>h you are awarding a |
| F              |                            | ome appropriate usage to reward.<br>ard of 1 mark, 1 verb must be in an<br>e tense.                                    | NB: if ca<br>of the tas | lication mark.<br>ndidates <u>do not attempt</u> one<br>sks they cannot score more   |
| r<br>V         | eward.<br>Vhere 0 m        | no examples of appropriate usage to<br>arks were awarded for Communication,<br>e awarded for language.                 | than 1 m                | ark for language.  |

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### **SECTION 2**

### Exercise 1 Questions 17–26

Cambridge.com In this exercise, reward the candidate for being able to locate the answer in the passage. Ignore extra material (whether Spanish is accurate or inaccurate) in an answer providing that it does not invalidate an answer.

In any case where lifting is unacceptable it will be specifically rejected in the Mark Scheme.

| <b>READ SECTION 1: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5,</b> |
|--|
| 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9.  |

|    | ACCEPT   | REJECT   |     |
|----|--|--|-----|
| 17 | Hace (casi) un año   | Un año/el año pasado/desde un año<br>Dejó el instituto el año pasado/hay un<br>año./Casi un año (que salí del<br>instituto). | [1] |
| 18 | Secretaria / oficina   | (Empecé) un curso para secretaria.   | [1] |
| 19 | <b>Dijeron/pensaba</b> que sería bastante fácil <u>encontrar trabajo.</u>                                    | Dijeron que sería bastante fácil.  | [1] |
| 20 | Hace seis meses que busca trabajo /<br>No ha conseguido nada. /Ha sido<br>mala época para encontrar trabajo. |  | [1] |
| 21 | (En) Internet  |  | [1] |
| 22 | (Están) preocupados (porque no sale<br>con ellos).   |  | [1] |
| 23 | Ganan un sueldo. /Tienen trabajo (y<br>salen los fines de semana).   | Lo que pasa es que <b>como</b> ganan un sueldo.  | [1] |
| 24 | (Porque no gana nada y) (tiene que)<br>quedarse en casa.   | Porque no gana nada t.c.<br>Porque no gana bastante dinero para<br>salir con sus amigos.                                     | [1] |
| 25 | Se levanta tarde.  | Porque todavía Isa no tiene trabajo. /<br>Está en la casa siempre sin<br>trabajo./Levante más tarde                          | [1] |
| 26 | Está (tan) lejos.  |  | [1] |

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|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| xercise 2 Que   | estion 27  |                   |                                | ambr  |
|   | JNT<br>CATION: 1 mark per point (as indicated) up t<br>Y: up to 5 marks according to grid  | to a max          | Syllabus<br>0530<br>imum of 10 | 10    |
|   | essfully completed point from the 4 tasks (a   |                   |                                | mark. |
| If 2 points from  | = 2 marks  |                   |                                |       |
| If 2 points from<br><u>LISTS</u> = a maxi<br>lists of 1–3 iter<br>lists of 4 items  | n <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maximu<br>mum of 3 marks for communication:<br>ns = 1 mark<br>= 2 marks   |                   |                                |       |
| If 2 points from<br><u>LISTS</u> = a maxi<br>lists of 1–3 iter<br>lists of 4 items<br>lists of 5–6 iter   | n <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maximu<br>mum of 3 marks for communication:<br>ns = 1 mark<br>= 2 marks   |                   | nunication mark is 8           |       |
| If 2 points from<br><u>LISTS</u> = a maxi<br>lists of 1–3 iter<br>lists of 4 items<br>lists of 5–6 iter<br>(a) las actividad  | n <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maximu<br>mum of 3 marks for communication:<br>ns = 1 mark<br>= 2 marks<br>ns = 3 marks   | um comr           | nunication mark is 8<br>REJECT |       |
| If 2 points from<br><u>LISTS</u> = a maxi<br>lists of 1–3 iter<br>lists of 4 items<br>lists of 5–6 iter<br>(a) las actividad<br>(b) lo que hay p                    | n <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maximu<br>mum of 3 marks for communication:<br>ns = 1 mark<br>= 2 marks<br>ns = 3 marks<br>des que harás hoy  | um comr           | nunication mark is 8<br>REJECT |       |
| If 2 points from<br><u>LISTS</u> = a maxi<br>lists of 1–3 iter<br>lists of 4 items<br>lists of 5–6 iter<br>(a) las actividad<br>(b) lo que hay p<br>(c) con quién p | n <u>(a), (b) or (c) or (d)</u> are missing, the maximu<br>mum of 3 marks for communication:<br>ns = 1 mark<br>= 2 marks<br>ns = 3 marks<br>des que harás hoy<br>para los jóvenes en tu pueblo/ciudad. | um comr<br>1<br>1 | nunication mark is 8<br>REJECT |       |

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| lccu | racy  |  |                 | and                              |
| 5    | <i>gusta).</i><br>The style o<br>Use of a lin | nge of vocabulary, idiom and structures (e.g. <i>pore</i><br>of writing is basic but reasonably coherent.<br>mited range of verbs, often successful.<br>rracy than inaccuracy.                                     | que - adj agree | MMM, DahaCannth<br>ement – me(et |
| 4    | Sentences<br>Use of a b                       | ge of vocabulary, idiom and structures (e.g. <i>porque</i> -<br>s may be repetitive, but are often successful.<br>asic range of verbs, with some success.<br>g is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed |                 | noun)).                          |
| 3    | Sentences<br>Some awa                         | ge of vocabulary and structures.<br>s are repetitive.<br>areness of verb usage.<br>gular errors, the writing conveys some meaning.   |                 |                                  |
| 2    | Effective for<br>Little awar                  | abulary and structures.<br>or a variety of straightforward messages.<br>eness of verb usage.<br>e of inaccuracy often obscures the meaning.  |                 |                                  |
| 1    |   | ocabulary.<br>or some messages (more than one), usually unconr<br>t accuracy to convey the meaning.  | nected.         |                                  |
|      |   |  |                 |                                  |

[Total: 15]

|         |                                |          | 2     |
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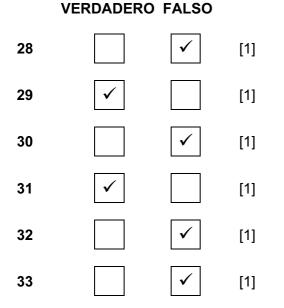
**SECTION 3** 

Exercise 1 Questions 28–33: 10 Marks

Cambridge.com 1 Mark per question for True or False + 1 Mark for correcting False statement (28, 30, 32, 33)

READ SECTION 2: GENERAL MARKING PRINCIPLES, IN PARTICULAR 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.10

- (a) True/False element: all 6 statements appear on screen. Enter marks as appropriate for correct identification of each statement as True or False.
  - If neither True nor False is 'ticked' for a question, enter N/R (no response). ٠
  - If both True and False are 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' • answer), enter 0.
  - Justification for False statements: only the 4 False statements appear on screen. •
  - If True is 'ticked', award 0 (ignore any justification) ٠
  - If True and False are both 'ticked' (and there is no clarification of candidate's 'final' • answer), award 0 (ignore any justification)
  - If False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark. •
  - If neither True nor False is 'ticked', mark justification and enter mark (no mark awarded for True/False element)



|    | Page 11  | Mark Schem<br>IGCSE -                                   | e: Teachers<br>· May/June : |                                      | Syllabus<br>0530<br>RE ADDITION OF NEGA<br>REJECT<br>al./ Sus diseños tenían muchos |  |
|----|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|    | CHECI  | K FALSO IS TICKEI                                       | כ                           | REFUSE MEF                           | RE ADDITION OF NEGA   |  |
|    |  | ACCEPT  |                             | REJECT                               |   |  |
| 28 | No tenían nada que ver con los que existían<br>ya. / Fueron controversiales. /Tenían<br><b>mucha</b> originalidad. [1]                           |   |                             | Fue controversia<br>colores y formas | al./ Sus diseños tenían muchos<br>s.  |  |
| 30 | Combina el papel de madre con su<br>trabajo./También (está casada) y tiene dos<br>hijos. [1]   |   |                             | Está casada y tie<br>papel           | ene dos hijos. / <b>Combinando</b> e  |  |
| 32 | Antes daba menos libertad a sus hijos./<br>Antes intentaba ser/fue /era estricta./Hasta<br>los 12(sus hijos) le pedían permiso<br>para todo. [1] |   |                             | Hasta los 12 <b>s</b>                | <b>e/me</b> pedían permiso…todo.  |  |
| 33 | /Tienen suer   | por otras cosas.<br>ios diferentes.<br>ence to 1 child. | [1]                         | Pero al mayor                        | . ingeniera.  |  |

|         |                                | man               |
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### Exercice 2 Questions 34–42

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| Exerci  | ice 2  | Que             | stions 34–42  |                |                 |                      | AR 1.1, 1.2 |
|         |  |                 | 1 of the Mark Sch<br>, 1.10   | neme: General  | Marking Princip | les, IN PARTICUL     | AR 1.1, 1.  |
|         | ACCEPT   |                 | REJECT  |                |                 |                      |             |
| 34      | Nunca tenemos bastante tiempo/siempre hay algo más importante que hacer.   |                 |   |                |                 | [1]                  |             |
| 35      | (Todavía) disfruta del <u>senderismo</u> /practica<br><b>un</b> deporte <u>a sus ochenta y ocho años</u> / <u>y</u><br><u>es viejo/no es joven</u> . |                 | Es un auténtico fenómeno tc.  |                | [1]             |                      |             |
| 36      | (Para tener) seguridad/ Puede ser<br>peligroso. / Se trata de marchar con<br>seguridad.  |                 | Porque es indispensable prepararse bien. /<br>Así que sabes adónde vas.<br>Se trata de with addition of <i>marcando la</i><br><i>ruta en el mapa de</i> antemano. |                |                 |                      |             |
| 37      | (Cree que le) <u>trae suerte</u> . /Para tener<br>suerte.  |                 | Creo que <b>me/se</b> trae suerte.  |                | [1]             |                      |             |
| 38      | Porque no había/tenían señales (que nos indican el camino a seguir).   |                 | No <b>tienen/hay</b> señales./La mayoría de los circuitos tienen señales camino a seguir.   |                |                 |                      |             |
| 39      | El tobillo<br>Las botas <b>deben ser</b> altas para proteger<br>bien el tobillo.   |                 |   |                | [1]             |                      |             |
| 40      | (i)  | más i<br>los ba | unto de apoyo / pa<br>rápidamente / Es n<br>astones. / <b>Son bue</b><br>rreno desigual.  | nás rápido con | (En) terreno de | esigual/terreno salv | aje [1]     |
|         | (ii)   | (Aum<br>calori  | enta/aumentará la<br>ías.   | ) quema de     |                 |                      | [1]         |
| 41      | Agua   |                 | Agua y comida   |                | [1]             |                      |             |
| 42      | в  |                 |   |                |                 |                      | [1]         |