UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS **GCE Ordinary Level**

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for the guidance of teachers

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus er 5090
(a) (i) add iodine ; R if heated (blue)- <u>black</u> if <u>starch</u> present ; R substrate	5090 TaCambr
 (ii) <u>heat / warm with Benedict's</u>; R unqualified water bath. R non-reducing red / orange / yellow if reducing sugar / glucose preserved. 	Syllabus 5090 esent ; [4]
 b) (i) Graph marks: 1 pH on x axis, time / on y; 2 x axis: pH, correctly numbered, y time / sec.; 3 clear, correct plotting; R if from 0 4 well joined, ruled or smooth best fit; 5 curves identified; One curve only – allow 1, 2 and 4 Bar chart – allow 1 and 5 only 	[5] At/s
 (ii) optimum (etc.) pH 4 ; same for both ; pH has similar effect with or without salt / / slower at extremes / time decreases then increas speeded up / time decreases with salt ; (at all pH v 	
 (c) replication ; investigate narrower pH range ; same concentration / volume / amount / batch of enzym same concentration / volume / amount of substrate ; same iodine / Benedict's treatment ; same temperature ; R ref. heat add equal volume / 1 cm³ of water equivalent to salt so (same) stirring ; clean apparatus before use ; ensure accurate pH ; 	
(a) A – coccus ;	
B – bacillus / rod ;	[2]
(b) (i) lactose / milk sugar ; R glucose	[1]
(ii) lactose \rightarrow lactic acid ;	[1]
 (c) boil then cool milk ; mix the 2 components ; keep at suitable temperature 35°-45°; for 12-48 hours (etc.); repeat / multiply up ; 	
······································	[max 2

Pag	ge 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	² .D er
	-	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2009 5090	No.
(a)	Mar	k this section as a whole	www.papacambridge.c
	Drav	wing marks:	196
		1 Attempts at all three, fairly realistic ;	-0.
		2 Good; double lines, minimal shading etc.	
		3 At least 2 labels from testa / leaves / root (hairs) ;	
	Mea	isurements:	
		Accurate and consistent units, decimal place if cm ;	
		2 Realistic for either Fig. 3.1 or drawings ;	
	Des	cription / labels:	
	4 co	rrect from:	
	Ref. colour – white (ish) / pale v dark green / brown ;		
		Ref. relative lengths of axes ;	
		2 / large leaves in B ; A converse Shoot / plumule / axis in B clear / well developed ;	
		Seed C not germinated / no growth ; R dead / bad	
		Ref. pattern on testa of C ;	
		AVP e.g. ref. etiolation / chlorosis in A ;	
			[max 8]
(b)	(i)	in light – chlorophyll – so photosynthesis ; A converse	
-		unlike etiololated / pale / yellow A ;	[2]
	(ii)	ref. enzyme action at low temperature / 4°; R deactivation	
	(''')	(energy released) at higher temp / 20°C for germination / growth ;	[2]
(c)	/i\	<u>mitosis</u> ;	[1]
	(י)		[']
	(ii)	chromosome / chromatid; R: chromatin / DNA / nucleus	[1]
(iii)	not specialised (for different functions), AW ;	[1]
`	- ,	1 from: ± same shape / size ; no vacuoles ; frequent divisions ;	[1]
			[Total: 16]
			[TOtal. TO]