## Biological molecules – 2022 June O Level 5090

## 1. June/2022/Paper\_11/No.10

Four food tests were each carried out on four different white powders, A, B, C and D.

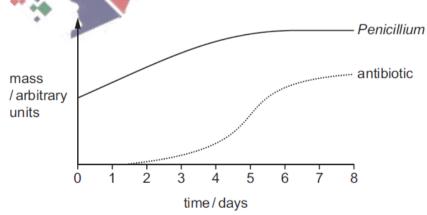
The results are shown in the table.

Which powder contains a carbohydrate, a fat and a protein?

|  |                                 |               | 41                       |                         |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|  | results of tests on the powders |               |                          |                         |  |  |  |
|  | Benedict's<br>test              | biuret test   | ethanol emulsion<br>test | iodine solution<br>test |  |  |  |
| Α  | blue colour                     | violet colour | milky                    | blue-black colour       |  |  |  |
| В  | orange colour                   | blue colour   | milky                    | blue-black colour       |  |  |  |
| С  | red colour                      | violet colour | clear                    | yellow colour           |  |  |  |
| D  | green colour                    | blue colour   | clear                    | yellow colour           |  |  |  |
|  | 022/Paper_11/No.29              |               | grown in a fermen        | ter and the mass        |  |  |  |
| The graph shows the mass of <i>Penicillium</i> grown in a fermenter and the mass produced. |                                 |               |                          |                         |  |  |  |

## 2. June/2022/Paper\_11/No.29

The graph shows the mass of Penicillium grown in a fermenter and the mass of antibiotic produced.



When is the *Penicillium* producing antibiotic most rapidly?

A day 1

B day 3

C day 5

D day 8

**3.** June/2022/Paper\_22/No.4(a)

There are many different types of amino acid.

One of these is phenylalanine.

The diagram shows the structure of a molecule of phenylalanine.

| (a) | Phenylalanine is | metabolised | by an | enzyme | with the | e name | PAH. |
|-----|------------------|-------------|-------|--------|----------|--------|------|
|-----|------------------|-------------|-------|--------|----------|--------|------|

| (i)  | ame the human organ that metabolises amino acids such as phenylalanine.             |  |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|
|      | [1  |  |  |  |
| (ii) | Explain how the shape of a PAH enzyme molecule is important to enable phenylalaning |  |  |  |
| . ,  | to be metabolised.  |  |  |  |
|      |   |  |  |  |
|      | Co  |  |  |  |
|      |   |  |  |  |
|      |   |  |  |  |
|      | [3  |  |  |  |
|      |   |  |  |  |