General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CDT: DESIGN AND COMMUNICATION 7048

For examination in November 2011

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**Note for Exams Officers**: Before making Final Entries, please check availability of the coof for the components and options in the E3 booklet (titled "Procedures for the Submission of Entries") relevant to the exam session. Please note that component and option codes are subject to change.

# CDT: DESIGN AND COMMUNICATION GCE Ordinary Level/SC (7048)

Available In The November Examination Only

# INTRODUCTION

The syllabus is designed to lead to an examination for that part of the school curriculum identified as Design and Communication. It offers an examination for candidates who have followed a course of study which centrally figures problem-solving design activity involving practical manipulative work using a range of materials.

# **AIMS**

The aims of the syllabus are the same for all students. The aims set out below describe the educational objectives of a course in Design and Communication. They are not listed in order of priority.

- To foster awareness, understanding, persistence and expertise in those areas of creative thinking which can be expressed and developed through investigation and research, planning, designing, realising and evaluating.
- To encourage the acquisition of a body of knowledge applicable to solving practical/technological problems operating through processes of analysis, synthesis and realisation.
- To stimulate the development of a range of appropriate graphical techniques and processes including model-making.
- To stimulate the development of a range of communication skills which are central to design, realisation and evaluation.
- To encourage students to relate their practical work to their personal interests and abilities.
- To promote the development of curiosity, enquiry, initiative, ingenuity, resourcefulness and discrimination.
- To offer a broad and balanced perspective of the range of technological applications in order to provide an understanding of their capabilities and limitations.
- To encourage technological awareness and to foster attitudes of cooperation and social responsibility.
- To stimulate the exercising of value judgements of an aesthetic, technical and economic nature.

# **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

Candidates must take papers 1 and 2

# Paper 1 (2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> HOURS)

The time allowed for this paper includes fifteen minutes reading time. The paper will be divided into two sections. The first section will require in-depth application of a variety of skills and the second will require candidates to apply reasoned consideration to direct problems of graphic communication.

Candidates answer one question from a choice of two in Section 1. Each question carries a maximum of 30 marks.

Candidates answer two questions from a choice of four in Section 2. Each question carries a maximum of 25 marks.

### Paper 2

Candidates will select a problem from the themes set by CIE during the year preceding the examination. The investigative folio, answering a problem selected from the themes, will be compiled by the candidate during a period of two terms. All evidence of problem solving and realisation will be contained in the folio. The maximum size of the folder should be A3.

Teachers may direct as much time as they wish for candidates to investigate their chosen theme. Candidates may seek help and guidance from their teacher as their investigation develops. Colour should be used where appropriate to aid clarity and presentation.

The folios will be marked by the candidates' teacher who will use the criteria given at the end of this syllabus. The forms necessary for the recording of marks are included at the end of this syllabus. Details regarding external moderation of coursework can be found on page 10.

Paper	Type of paper	Duration	Weighting			
1	Written paper	2¾ h	70%			
2	Teacher-assessed coursework (Project)	-	30%			

# SYLLABUS CONTENT

www.PapaCambridge.com Candidates should have experience of working to drawing standards and conventions such as:

PD 7308 Engineering Drawing for schools and colleges.

PD 7307 Graphic symbols for use in schools and colleges.

PD 7303 Electrical and electronic graphical symbols for use in schools and colleges.

BS 1192 Recommendations for building drawing practical.

BS 4058 Data processing flowchart symbols, rules and conventions.

give information or use given information in both first and third angle projection. Dimensions and drawings of detail and simple assemblies of parts from information given in orthographic or pictorial form will be required,

including parts lists.

select the most suitable section, draw whole or part sections taken on the principle vertical

and horizontal planes.

understand and produce free-hand sketches Sketching

which communicate ideas, thoughts and information from written, visual or tabular data, and presented in pictorial, formal pictorial,

plane or orthographic modes.

read drawings and interpret given information.

Division divide lines and angles.

understand the use of an appropriate geometrical construction in order to draw:

regular plane linear shapes (triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and

octagons).

understand parts of a circle and use appropriate geometrical construction in order to draw: circles, tangents and tangential arcs.

- construct ellipses by an accurate method.

(Trammels will be permitted.)

- draw the paths of points in the manner of

simple plane mechanisms. Linkages will have

a maximum of four elements.

- demonstrate use of shading, colouring and other techniques for emphasis.

apply an understanding of light, shade and shadow to give increased credibility to pictorial

drawing.

communicate the material and surface finish of a given product.

Candidates should be able to:

Orthographic projections

Sectional views

Interpretation of Information

Geometrical figures

The circle

Ellipse

Loci

Presentation

	The state of the s
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Isometric	<ul> <li>produce isometric views of circles and Isometric scales will not be required.</li> <li>produce planometric views of circles and arcs. No scaling will be required.</li> <li>produce estimated perspective drawings using</li> </ul>
Planometric	<ul> <li>produce planometric views of circles and arcs.</li> <li>No scaling will be required.</li> </ul>
Perspective	<ul> <li>produce estimated perspective drawings using one or two vanishing points.</li> </ul>
Oblique	<ul> <li>draw oblique views of circles and arcs (both cavalier and cabinet).</li> </ul>
Exploded views	<ul> <li>draw exploded views of objects in line along one axis only. In the examination paper, however, information may be presented on more than one axis.</li> </ul>
Use of drafting aids	<ul> <li>use drawing aids to develop good drafting techniques. Radius aids, flexi curves, ellipse aids, nut templates will be permitted in the examinations unless stated otherwise in particular questions. During their course candidates should have experience in the use of technical pens, templates, lettering and other stencils.</li> </ul>
Geometrical loci	<ul> <li>draw the linear helix, the cycloid and simple plate cams (uniform velocity and retardation).</li> </ul>
Developments	<ul> <li>draw developments of right prisms, cylinders, pyramids and cones (complete and truncated).</li> </ul>
Intersections	<ul> <li>produce views of simple prisms and cylinders intersecting at right angles with axes in line.</li> </ul>
Auxiliary views	<ul> <li>draw objects in first auxiliary views at set square angles (30°, 45° and 60°) including true shape of cut surfaces.</li> </ul>
Convey information	<ul> <li>construct and interpret histograms, pie diagrams, bar charts and graphs from data provided in a tabular or matrix form to communicate quantity and distribution.</li> <li>Candidates will be expected to produce flow charts to describe processes, operations or assemblies.</li> </ul>
Analysis of products	<ul> <li>analyse the construction and operation of uncomplicated products.</li> <li>research, analyse and consult relevant sources of information.</li> <li>recognise factors that will determine the preparation of a viable specification.</li> <li>synthesize and communicate proposals for solutions.</li> </ul>

Control

- understand that most activities require sal sort of control.
- understand the term control system.
- understand that in order for a system to work it needs an INPUT CONTROL and OUTPUT.
- www.PapaCambridge.com - make use of the systems approach when designing solutions to control problems (the systems approach is to be used to explain a control situation without going into detail of how it is to be done).

# NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

www.PapaCambridge.com In the areas of product analysis and control the most complex items that candidates would be expected to have experience of would be things such as:

a manually operated camera, a torch,

a small pocket radio. a bicycle.

It should be noted that knowledge about specific products will not be required in the terminal examinations but candidates will be expected to show their ability to analyse products as part of their project work.

It is not the intention that specific items in the areas listed below should be identified but rather that examples based on them should be used as a way of teaching and applying the knowledge and skills developed as a result of studying the core content of the syllabus.

The following lists offer suggestions for areas of study but they should not be considered definitive:

### Signs

### on control panels

directional in shops

in streets

### Symbols and logos

on clothes

on instruments and control panels

on maps on products

on road signs in vehicles

used by companies and organisations

Packaging – candidates should be familiar with packaging used in ways such as the following:

- to protect items
- to communicate information about a product
- to advertise and help sell products

Examples of items to be packaged might include:

- food
- cosmetics
- toys
- small gift items
- small electrical products
- records, tapes and CDs

Lines and planes in projection - this area is covered by the sections on auxiliary views and orthographic projection.

# estions which pose have a good in a good

# **ASSESSMENT CRITERIA FOR PROJECT**

This paper presents the candidate with a number of problematic themes. The questions which pose these problems are open-ended with a low level of directiveness. The candidates should have a good deal of freedom to determine the length and nature of their involvement with each element required in this high level design/problem solving process.

# (a) Problem identification

	The candidates interpretation of the problem presented in a statement, i.e. the brief	Marks					
	The candidate has:						
	failed to identify a suitable problem.	0					
	either (i) needed help to identify a problem, or (ii) had no help but the resulting problem is unsuitable for design development.	2					
	identified and described unaided a problem appropriate for design development.						
	Maximum marks available in this section:	5					
(b)	Research and analysis						
	The ordering of information relevant to the presentation of a solution						
	The candidate's research:						
	consists of copied material, without any evident purpose.	3					
	has not been initiated independently, or is incapable of forming a planned programme or the candidate has required considerable assistance and frequent direction.						
	has required significant initial assistance; thereafter little direction has been needed but the candidate has either concentrated on a narrow area or given only shallow attention to a wider field.						
	is well planned, broad and imaginative. The candidate has developed a programme without assistance and this has resulted in information being structured and effectively communicated.						
	Maximum marks available in this section:						

## (c) Specification for a possible solution

www.PapaCambridge.com The candidate's recognition of those particular factors in research that will determine a specification for presenting a possible solution. The candidate's specification: is not evident. is very shallow. 2 is vaque, not specific to the problem. 4 is not wholly specific, containing some irrelevant material. 6 is specific, but does not completely identify on all the constraints imposed in the problem. is concise, definitive, and is drawn up with obvious reference to the preceding research and analysis. 10 Maximum marks available in this section: 10 (d) Proposals for a solution The synthesis and communication of a number of proposals for a solution. The candidate's response in this area: is limited to a single unsupported proposal, the communication of which was 5 largely effective. is limited to a single proposal which is quite well supported and communicated in a reasonable manner; or a number of largely unsupported and similar proposals communicated in an uneffective manner. 10 consists of a number of distinct proposals which are unsupported and communicated in an ineffective manner. 15 consists of a number of distinct well-supported proposals which are communicated in an effective manner. 20 Maximum marks available in this section: 20

# (e) Realisation

	CDT: Design and Communication 7048 O Level 2011	Man. Barriage Co. 8	
(e)	Realisation	and	
	The realisation and presentation of a final solution.	Mari Tig	
	The candidate's solution:	6.6	
	is obviously not a viable solution but is recognisable as an attempt to define a solution.	8	3
	is recognisable as a solution but can easily be faulted in respect of ideas, communication and quality or because it fails to meet the specification.	16	
	is incomplete and requires additional material to meet the specification in full, but has been presented in a form which is easily understood.	24	
	is substantially free of omission and for the most part fulfils the specification. It has been presented in a clear, descriptive manner.	32	
	is well conceived, clearly and attractively defined and fully satisfies the specification.	40	
	Maximum marks available in this section:	40	
(f)	<u>Evaluation</u>		
	Evaluation of the solution, considering the factors raised in (c).		
	The candidate's evaluation is:		
	for the most part irrelevant.	2	
	superficial.	4	
	an honest attempt to appraise the solution but lacks objectivity providing only unsupported judgement.	6	
	almost complete, consisting of some unsupported judgement.	8	
	thorough, objective, relevant and concise and provides useful material capable of further development.	10	
	Maximum marks available in this section:	10	
	Maximum marks available:	100	

### **External Moderation for Centres in Mauritius**

www.PapaCambridge.com External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by moderators appointed by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate on behalf of CIE. A representative sample will then be sent to CIE. by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate once in-country moderation is complete.

### **External Moderation for all other Centres**

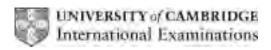
External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by CIE.

The internally moderated marks for all candidates must be received at CIE by 31 October for the November examination. These marks may be submitted either by using MS1 mark sheets or by using Cameo as described in the Handbook for Centres.

Once CIE has received the marks, CIE will select a sample of candidates whose work should be submitted for external moderation. CIE will communicate the list of candidates to the Centre, and the Centre should despatch the coursework of these candidates to CIE immediately. Individual Candidate Record Cards and Coursework Assessment Summary Forms (copies of which may be found at the back of this syllabus booklet) must be enclosed with the coursework.

Further information about external moderation may be found in the Handbook for Centres and the Administrative Guide for Centres.

All records and supporting written work should be retained until after the publication of the results.



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COURSEWORK ASSES

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Please read the instructions overleaf before completing this form.

·																
Centre Number Centre Name					November		2									
Candidate Number	Candidate Name			Teaching Group/Set	(a) Problem Identification	(b) Research & Analysis	(c) Specification for Solution	(d) Proposals for Solution	(e) Realisation	(f) Evaluatior	Total	Mark	Intern Moder Mai	ated		
						(max 5)	(max 15)	(max 10)	(max 20)	(max 40)	(max 10)	(max 100)		(max 100)		
													<u> </u>			
Teacher completing this form (BLOCK CAPITALS)										Da	te					
Name of Moderator (BLOCK CAPITALS)									Da	te	1 1	1 1				

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### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING COURSEWORK ASSESSMENT SUMMARY FORMS

- 1. Complete the information at the head of the form.
- www.PapaCambridge.com 2. List the candidates in an order which will allow ease of transfer of information to a computer-printed Coursework mark sheet at a later stage (i.e. in candidate) where this is known; see item B.1 below). Show the teaching group or set for each candidate. The initials of the teacher may be used to indicate group or set.
- 3. Enter each candidate's marks on this form as follows:
  - There are columns for individual skills; enter the marks initially awarded (i.e. before internal moderation took place). (a)
  - (b) In the column headed 'Total Mark'; enter the total mark awarded before internal moderation took place.
  - (c) In the column headed 'Internally Moderated Mark', enter the total mark awarded after internal moderation took place.
- 4. Both the teacher completing the form and the internal moderator (or moderators) should check the form and complete and sign the bottom portion.

### PROCEDURES FOR EXTERNAL MODERATION IN MAURITIUS

- 1. University of Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) sends computer-printed Coursework mark sheets (MS1) to the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate in early October showing the names and index numbers of each candidate.
- 2. External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by moderators appointed by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate on behalf of CIE.

The Mauritius Examinations Syndicate will communicate with Centres regarding procedures regarding external moderation and sampling.

It is the responsibility of the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate to ensure that the final moderated marks are recorded on the computer-printed Coursework mark sheets (MS1).

### PROCEDURES FOR EXTERNAL MODERATION IN THE REST OF THE WORLD

- University of Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) sends a computer-printed Coursework mark sheet (MS1) to each centre in early October for the November examination showing the names and index numbers of each candidate. Transfer the total internally moderated mark for each candidate from the Coursework Assessment Summary Form to the computer-printed Coursework mark sheet (MS1).
- 2. The top copy of the computer-printed Coursework mark sheet MS1 must be despatched in the specially provided envelope to arrive as soon as possible at CIE but no later than 31 October for the November examination.
- 3. CIE will select a list of candidates whose work is required for external moderation. As soon as this list is received, send the candidates' work with the corresponding Individual Candidate Record Cards, this summary form and the second copy of MS1 to CIE. Indicate the candidates who are in the sample by means of an asterisk (\*) against the candidates' names overleaf.
- 4. CIE reserves the right to ask for further samples of Coursework.
- 5. Send, with the sample work, instructions given to candidates and information as to how internal moderation was carried out.