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# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## **5070 CHEMISTRY**

5070/31

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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#### 1 (a) Titration

#### Accuracy 8 marks

For the two best titres give:

- 4 marks for a value within 0.2 cm3 of Supervisor
- 2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm<sup>3</sup> of Supervisor
- 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm<sup>3</sup> of Supervisor

#### Concordance 3 marks

Give:

- 3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 cm<sup>3</sup>
- 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm<sup>3</sup>
- 1 mark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm<sup>3</sup>

#### Average 1 mark

Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average (error not greater than 0.05) of all the ticked values.

Assuming a 25 cm<sup>3</sup> pipette and a titre of 24.8 cm<sup>3</sup>:

$$=\frac{24.8\times0.1}{2\times25}$$
 (1)

$$= 0.0496 \, \text{mol/dm}^3 \, (1)$$

Answers should be correct to + or - 1 in the third significant figure.

$$= 0.0496 \times 254$$

$$= 12.6 g$$

$$= 840 ppm$$

[Total: 16]

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### 2 R is hydrochloric acid S is sodium hydroxide

Test		Notes
General For ppt Allow so	l points olid, suspension, powder	
	es f gas requires test to be at least partially ces = bubbles = gas vigorously evolved	
Solution Colourle	s ess not equivalent to clear, clear not equ	ivalent to colourless
Solution	R	
Test 1		
effervescence (1) gas turns limewater milky (1) carbon dioxide (1) solid disappears (1)		
Test 2		
(a)	white ppt (1)	
(b)	soluble in excess (1) colourless solution (1)	
Test 3		
(a)	effervescence (1) gas pops with a lighted splint (1) hydrogen (1) liquid gets hot (1) solid disappears (1)	
(b)	white ppt (1) insoluble in excess (1)	
Test 4		
white ppt (1) soluble in excess (1) colourless solution (1)		
Test 5		
(a)	green ppt (1) soluble in excess (1) green solution (1)	
(b)	green ppt (1) soluble in excess (1) green solution (1)	

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		Car
Test 6		3bric
gas turns damp litn	nus blue (1)	Tage 1
ammonia	(1)	.8.
_		133
Conclusions		

Test 6		
gas turns damp litmus blue ammonia	(1) (1)	

#### **Conclusions**

Cation in  $\bf R$  is hydrogen (indication of gas in test  $\bf 1$  or  $\bf 3(a)$ ) (1) Anion in **R** is chloride (white ppt in test **2(a)**) (1) Anion in S is hydroxide (ammonia in test 6 or ppt in test 3(b), 4 or 5) (1)

[3]

Note: 28 marking points, maximum 24.

[Total: 24]