

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CHEMISTRY

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

5070/11 October/November 2011 1 hour

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 12.

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



www.papacambridge.com 1 In a titration between an acid (in the burette) and an alkali, you may need to re-un titration flask.

Which is the best procedure for rinsing the flask?

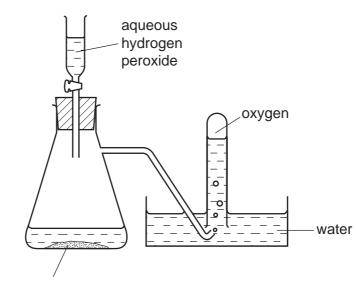
- Rinse with distilled water and then with the alkali. Α
- В Rinse with tap water and then with distilled water.
- С Rinse with tap water and then with the acid.
- D Rinse with the alkali.
- 2 The labels fell off two bottles each containing a colourless solution, one of which was sodium carbonate solution and the other was sodium chloride solution.

The addition of which solution to a sample from each bottle would **most** readily enable the bottles to be correctly relabelled?

- **A** ammonia
- В hydrochloric acid
- С lead(II) nitrate
- **D** sodium hydroxide

www.papacambridge.com Oxygen was prepared from hydrogen peroxide, with manganese(IV) oxide as 3 oxygen was collected as shown in the diagram.

$$2H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O + O_2$$



manganese(IV) oxide

The first few tubes of gas were rejected because the gas was contaminated by

- Α hydrogen.
- hydrogen peroxide. В
- C nitrogen.
- D water vapour.
- 4 Radium (Ra) is in the same group of the Periodic Table as magnesium.

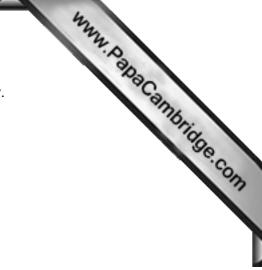
What is the charge on a radium ion?

A 2-**B** 1– **C** 1+ **D** 2+

5 How many of the molecules shown contain only one covalent bond?

		Cl 2	H_2	HC1	N_2	O ₂
Α	2	B 3		C 4		D 5

- 6 In which pair is each substance a mixture?
 - **A** air and water
 - **B** limewater and water
 - **C** quicklime and limewater
 - **D** sea water and air



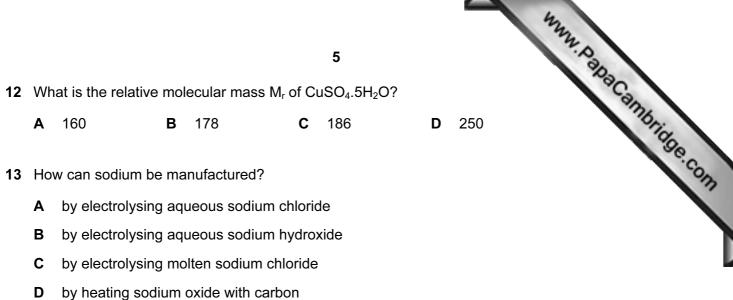
7 A researcher notices that atoms of an element are releasing energy.

Why are the atoms releasing energy?

- **A** The atoms are absorbing light.
- **B** The atoms are evaporating.
- **C** The atoms are radioactive.
- **D** The atoms react with argon in the air.
- 8 What happens when sodium chloride melts?
 - **A** Covalent bonds in a giant lattice are broken.
 - **B** Electrons are released from atoms.
 - **C** Electrostatic forces of attraction between ions are overcome.
 - **D** Molecules are separated into ions.
- 9 Which compound contains three elements?
 - A aluminium chloride
 - B iron(III) oxide
 - **C** potassium oxide
 - D sodium carbonate
- **10** Below are two statements about metals.
 - 1 Metals contain a lattice of negative ions in a 'sea of electrons'.
 - 2 The electrical conductivity of metals is related to the mobility of the electrons in the structure.

Which is correct?

- **A** Both statements are correct and statement 1 explains statement 2.
- **B** Both statements are correct but statement 1 does not explain statement 2.
- C Statement 1 is correct and statement 2 is incorrect.
- **D** Statement 2 is correct and statement 1 is incorrect.
- 11 What is the ratio of the number of molecules in 71 g of gaseous chlorine to the number of molecules in 2 g of gaseous hydrogen? [Relative atomic masses A_r (atomic weights): H, 1: Cl, 35.5]
 - **A** 1:1 **B** 1:2 **C** 2:1 **D** 71:2



- **14** Which statement about the electrolysis of an aqueous solution of copper(II) sulfate with platinum electrodes is correct?
 - **A** Oxygen is given off at the positive electrode.
 - **B** The mass of the negative electrode remains constant.
 - **C** The mass of the positive electrode decreases.
 - **D** There is no change in the colour of the solution.
- **15** Which pair of statements about the combustion of a carbohydrate and its formation by photosynthesis is **not** correct?

	combustion	photosynthesis
A	chemical energy converted to heat energy	chemical energy converted to light energy
в	no catalyst needed	catalyst needed
С	oxygen used up	oxygen released
D	reaction exothermic	reaction endothermic

16 The following reversible reaction takes place in a closed vessel at constant temperature.

 $P(g) + Q(g) + R(g) \rightleftharpoons S(g) + T(g)$

When the system has reached equilibrium, more T is added.

Which increases in concentration occur?

- A P, Q, R and S
- B P and Q only
- C P, Q and R only
- D S only

www.papacambridge.com 17 Sulfur dioxide reacts with aqueous bromine according to the following equation.

 $SO_2(g) + Br_2(aq) + 2H_2O(I) \rightarrow H_2SO_4(aq) + 2HBr(aq)$

Which element has been oxidised?

- bromine Α
- В hydrogen
- С oxygen
- D sulfur
- 18 An excess of calcium hydroxide is added to an acidic soil.

What happens to the pH of the soil?

	change in pH	final pH
Α	decrease	5
В	decrease	7
С	increase	7
D	increase	10

- 19 Which substance would not be used for preparing a pure sample of crystalline magnesium sulfate by reaction with dilute sulfuric acid?
 - magnesium carbonate Α
 - В magnesium hydroxide
 - С magnesium nitrate
 - D magnesium oxide
- 20 Ammonium sulfate and potassium sulfate are salts which can be found in fertilisers. A sample of a fertiliser is warmed with aqueous sodium hydroxide and a gas with pH10 is given off.

Which salt must be in the fertiliser and which gas is given off?

	salt in fertiliser	name of gas
Α	ammonium sulfate	ammonia
В	ammonium sulfate	sulfur dioxide
С	potassium sulfate	ammonia
D	potassium sulfate	sulfur dioxide

www.papacambridge.com 21 The table gives the formulae of the catalysts used in some industrial processes.

process	catalyst
Haber process	Fe + Mo
Contact process	V_2O_5
cracking of alkanes	$Al_2O_3 + SiO_2$
polymerisation of ethene	$Al(C_2H_5)_3 + TiCl_4$
manufacture of silicones	CuC1

How many different transition metals are included, as elements or as compounds, in the list of catalysts?

- **A** 3 5 6 В 4 С D
- 22 A lump of element X can be cut by a knife.

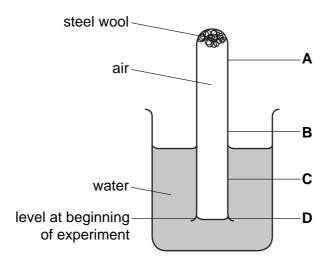
During its reaction with water, **X** floats and melts.

What is X?

- calcium Α
- В copper
- С magnesium
- D potassium
- 23 Which statement about the elements chlorine, bromine and iodine is correct?
 - They are all gases at room temperature and pressure. Α
 - В They are in the same period of the Periodic Table.
 - С They become darker in colour from chlorine to bromine to iodine.
 - **D** They possess one electron in the outermost shell.

www.papacambridge.com 24 The diagram shows steel wool inside a test-tube. The test-tube is inverted in water, inside.

What will be the water level inside the tube after several days?



- 25 Which carbonate decomposes on heating to give a black solid and a colourless gas?
 - Α calcium carbonate
 - В copper(II) carbonate
 - С sodium carbonate
 - **D** zinc carbonate
- **26** Iron is manufactured in the blast furnace.

Which statement about iron and its manufacture is not true?

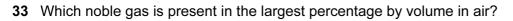
- Iron ore is readily abundant. Α
- В It is a continuous process.
- С Pure iron is produced.
- D The reducing agent is cheap.
- 27 Which row shows the three metals in the correct order of decreasing reactivity?

	most active		least active
Α	copper	zinc	iron
в	iron	copper	zinc
С	iron	zinc	copper
D	zinc	iron	copper

- www.papacambridge.com 28 Which gas cannot be removed from the exhaust gases of a petrol-powered car by converter?
 - Α carbon dioxide
 - В carbon monoxide
 - **C** hydrocarbons
 - D nitrogen dioxide
- 29 Which equation shows a reaction that would actually take place?
 - Α $2MgO + C \rightarrow CO_2 + Mg$
 - **B** MgO + Cu \rightarrow CuO + Mg
 - **C** $PbO + Zn \rightarrow ZnO + Pb$
 - **D** ZnO + $H_2 \rightarrow H_2O$ + Zn
- 30 Which statement shows that diamond and graphite are different forms of the element carbon?
 - Α Both have giant molecular structures.
 - Complete combustion of equal masses of each produces equal masses of carbon dioxide as В the only product.
 - С Graphite conducts electricity, whereas diamond does not.
 - Under suitable conditions, graphite can be converted into diamond. D
- 31 What is the purpose of vanadium(V) oxide in the Contact Process?
 - Α It oxidises sulfur to sulfur dioxide.
 - В It oxidises sulfur to sulfur trioxide.
 - It speeds up the conversion of sulfur dioxide into sulfur trioxide. С
 - D It speeds up the conversion of sulfur trioxide into sulfuric acid.
- 32 A sample of tap water gave a white precipitate with acidified silver nitrate.

What does this show about the tap water?

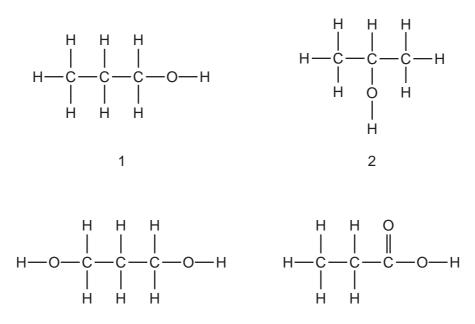
- It contained chloride. Α
- It contained harmful microbes. В
- С It contained nitrates.
- It had not been filtered. D



- A argon
- B helium
- **C** krypton
- D neon
- **34** A hydride is a compound containing only two elements, one of which is hydrogen.

Which element forms the most hydrides?

- A carbon
- B chlorine
- C nitrogen
- D oxygen
- **35** The structural formulae of some organic compounds are shown below.



Which compounds are alcohols?

A 1, 2, 3 and 4 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1, 2 and 3 only **D** 4 only

3

36 Which compound is manufactured by reacting ethene with steam in the presence of a heated catalyst?

4

A C_2H_6 **B** C_2H_5OH **C** C_4H_8 **D** C_4H_9OH

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- 11
- **37** A hydrocarbon, C_3H_y , burns in air to form carbon dioxide and water.

$$C_3H_y(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 3CO_2(g) + \frac{y}{2}H_2O(g)$$

What is the value of y?

A 4 **B** 6 **C** 7 **D** 8

38 Which pair of macromolecules both contain the linkage shown?



- A fats and proteins
- B nylon and proteins
- **C** starch and sugars
- **D** Terylene and sugars
- **39** Under certain conditions 1 mole of ethane reacts with 2 moles of chlorine in a substitution reaction.

What is the formula of the organic product in this reaction?

A C_2H_5Cl **B** $C_2H_4Cl_2$ **C** $C_2H_2Cl_4$ **D** CH_2Cl_2

- 40 Shown below are some properties of compound X.
 - reacts with potassium carbonate to produce carbon dioxide
 - reacts with ethanol to produce a sweet-smelling liquid
 - reacts with sodium hydroxide to produce a salt

What is X?

- A ethanol
- B ethanoic acid
- C ethyl ethanoate
- D ethyl methanoate

Image: Figure 1	
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