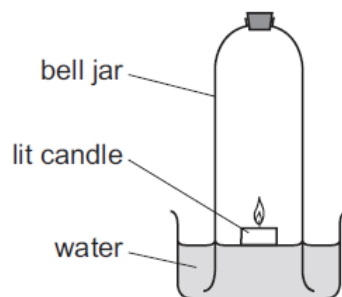
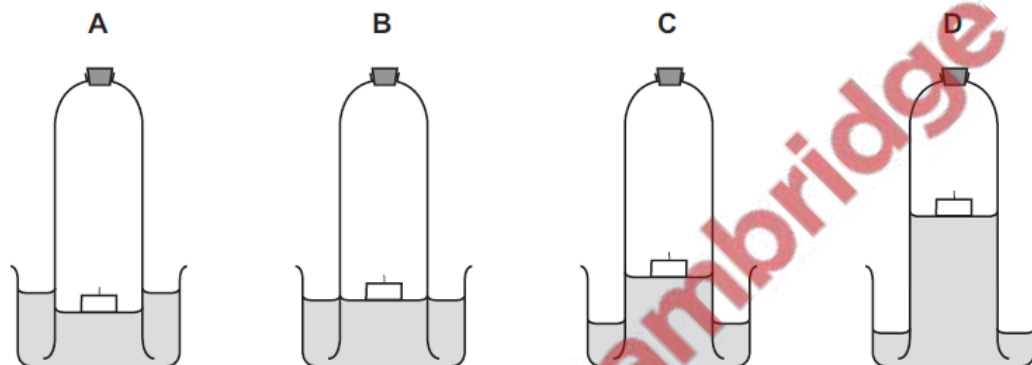


1. June/2022/Paper_11/No.33

The diagram shows an experiment to determine the percentage of oxygen in air.

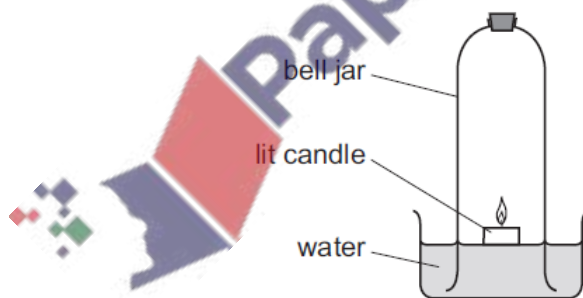


Which diagram shows the correct level of water after the candle stops burning?

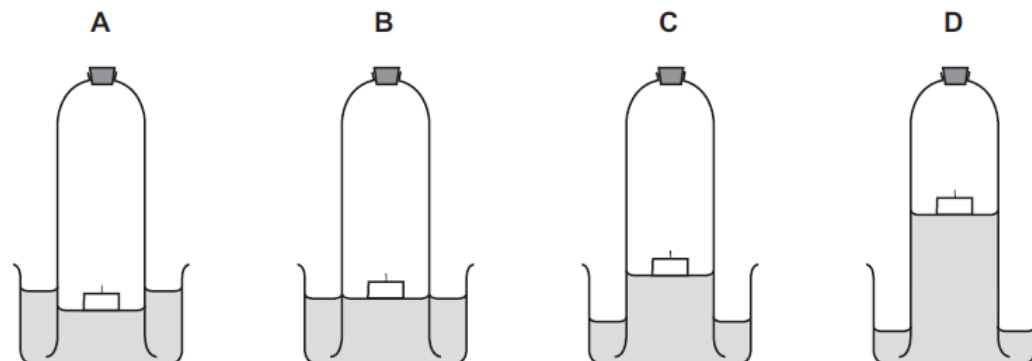


2. June/2022/Paper_12/No.33

The diagram shows an experiment to determine the percentage of oxygen in air.



Which diagram shows the correct level of water after the candle stops burning?



3. June/2022/Paper_21/No.9

Ammonia, NH_3 , is used to make nitrogenous fertilisers.

- (a) Ammonia is manufactured using the reversible reaction between nitrogen and hydrogen.

Construct the equation for this reversible reaction.

..... [2]

- (b) Ammonia is used to make the soluble salt ammonium nitrate, NH_4NO_3 .

- (i) Name the acid that reacts with ammonia to make ammonium nitrate.

..... [1]

- (ii) Calculate the percentage by mass of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate.

percentage by mass = [2]

- (c) Nitrogenous fertilisers such as ammonium nitrate leach from farmland and cause water pollution problems in rivers and lakes.

- (i) Name the process caused by this type of water pollution.

..... [1]

- (ii) Explain why this type of water pollution problem is increased when nitrate fertilisers are used instead of other fertilisers.

.....
..... [1]

(d) A farmer adds ammonium nitrate, NH_4NO_3 , to soil. The farmer then adds calcium hydroxide, $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$, to the same soil.

(i) State the purpose of adding calcium hydroxide to soil.

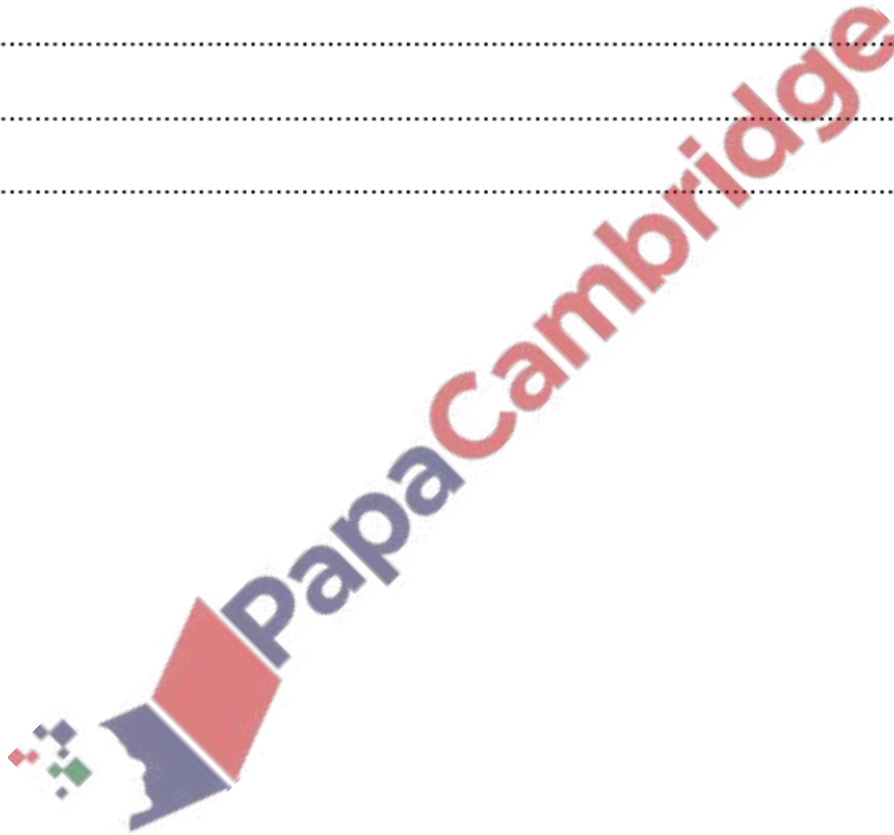
..... [1]

(ii) Construct the equation for the reaction between ammonium nitrate and calcium hydroxide.

Using your equation, explain why the ammonium nitrate fertiliser is less effective after calcium hydroxide is added.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

[Total: 10]



Nitric acid, HNO_3 , is used to make fertilisers.

(a) Nitric acid is manufactured from ammonia.

In the first step, ammonia reacts with oxygen.

Balance this equation.



(b) Nitric acid is used to make the soluble salt potassium nitrate, KNO_3 .

(i) Name the alkali that reacts with dilute nitric acid to make potassium nitrate.

..... [1]

(ii) Describe the experimental procedure used to make colourless aqueous potassium nitrate from the alkali and dilute nitric acid.

.....
.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(iii) Calculate the percentage by mass of nitrogen in potassium nitrate.



percentage = [2]

(c) Fertilisers leach into rivers and cause water pollution problems.

(i) Name one **other** pollutant found in river water.

..... [1]

(ii) State **three** processes used in the purification of river water to produce drinking water.

.....

.....

..... [3]

[Total: 10]

