UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS **GCE Ordinary Level** 

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## for the guidance of teachers

# **5096 HUMAN AND SOCIAL BIOLOGY**

5096/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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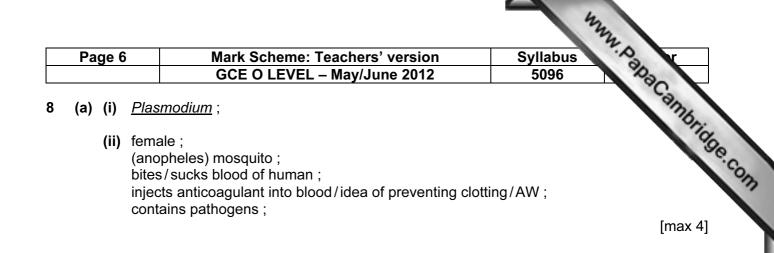
B bicus			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5096 23
		oulmor bicusp	<i>labelled –</i> nary artery ; id valve ; ( <b>reject</b> if tricuspid labelled) unar valve (flap or space between flaps) ;	Syllabus 5096 Phacemphilips [3]
(b)	(i)		70 (= 0.08) / 0.08 ; dm <sup>3</sup> per beat ; units given max 1 mark)	
		(11.110		[2]
(			ased number of beats per minute/beats faster/AW ased (stroke) volume/AW ;	';
				[2]
(c)	(i)	at res durin	s <i>t</i> : 1.2 (dm³ per min) ; <i>g exercise</i> : 4.5 (dm³ per minute) ;	[2]
		increa increa (more (more nore lactic	ased need for energy ; ased/more, muscle contraction (in exercise) ; ase in/more, respiration ; e) oxygen required ; e) glucose required ; e carbon dioxide produced/needs to be removed ; acid produced ; of blood in transporting oxygen/glucose/carbon diox; ;	
l		((1.5 200(9	- 0.5) ÷ 0 5) × 100 ;	[max 4]
	(iv)	increa blood arteri increa increa increa refere	ased heat released ; d carries heat ; ioles in skin dilate ; ased blood flow to sweat glands ; ase in sweating ; ased heat loss by evaporation/conduction/convecti ence need to prevent body temperature rising/AW ;	
		AVP	(e.g. increased heat from increased respiration);	[max 3]
		musc brain	of digestion/absorption can be reduced safely (for s cles using stored energy/glycogen ; activity cannot be reduced safely/brain activity doe ased during exercise ; ;	
				[max 2]
				[Total: 20]

1 4	Page 3		Mark S	cheme: Teac	hers' version		Syllabus	No T
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012 5096			122		
(a)	from poter <u>osm</u> a		n a partially/s gion of high v al gradient ; <u>is</u> ; (must ma	semi permeat	• ,	vater pote	ential/down	a water
	(ii)	chip E larger a more c in limite	area of memb	irface area (ir brane through	n relation to its v which water co er molecules oc	uld pass l	by osmosis	
								[max 2]
(b)	<u>hae</u>	moglob	<u>in</u> ; (accept ⊦	lb/oxyhaemo	globin)			[1]
(c)	cell (beo	bursts/ cause) i	cell membra no cell wall ;	ne ruptures ;	enters red blood ining it pink) ;	d cells ;		
	nae	nogiob		ilo walei (sia	ning it plink) ,			[max 3]
								[Total: 9]
(a)	(i)	plots c	$crrect \pm 0.5 s$		-			
		bars ne	eatly drawn a	nd of same w	ridth ;			[5]
	(ii)	the sma	aller the body		orter the gestat greater the diffe			L
		penous	/AW/ORA ;					[2]
								[Total: 7]
(a)			small pieces	);				
	surf		a increased ;					
	acc	ept refe	rence to melf	ing ;				[max 2]
(b)	(i)			en up into sm	all droplets ;			
		by bile	,					

Pag	ge 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus	A K
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012 5096	Day
	(ii)	lipase ; converts fat to glycerol and fatty acids ; (allow max 1 mark for digestion by enzyme/chemical digestion/hydrolysis)	PapaCambrid
	(iii)	weight loss/less weight gain/reduces obesity; reduced risk of diabetes ; reduced risk of atherosclerosis/AW ; reduced risk of raised blood pressure ; reduced risk of cerebral haemorrhage (stroke)/coronary thrombosis ; AVP ;	[max 3]
			[Total: 9]
gan	netes	bes: XY and XX ; s: X + Y (either order) X + X ; (all correct)	
		<i>types</i> : XX XY XX XY ; (all correct and correlating) <i>otypes</i> : female male female male ; (all correct and correlating)	[4]
			[4] [Total: 4]
F <sub>1</sub> p	oheno	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ;	[Total: 4]
F <sub>1</sub> p	oheno	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ;	[Total: 4]
F <sub>1</sub> p	oheno	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ;	[Total: 4]
F <sub>1</sub> p	oheno	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ;	[Total: 4]
F <sub>1</sub> p	ohend (i) (ii)	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ; AVP ;	<b>[Total: 4]</b> [max 2]
F <sub>1</sub> p	ohend (i) (ii)	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ;	<b>[Total: 4]</b> [max 2]
F <sub>1</sub> p	ohend (i) (ii)	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ; AVP ;	<b>[Total: 4]</b> [max 2]
F <sub>1</sub> p	(i) (ii) (ii) (ii)	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ; AVP ; larger bodies mean that neurone/nerve fibres have to be longer ; greater distance for impulses to travel ; (despite greater distance) males had shorter reaction times/more rapid responses/more rapid hand-eye co-ordination/faster reflexes ; speed of conduction along nerve fibres more rapid in males ;	<b>[Total: 4]</b> [max 2] [max 1]
F <sub>1</sub> p	(i) (ii) (ii) (ii)	reduce effects of random/experimental error/makes results more reliable ; reduce effect of subject variation ; difficulty in reading ruler/AW ; female students varied in their reaction times/speed of reactions ; all close to 19/did not vary much ; AVP ; larger bodies mean that neurone/nerve fibres have to be longer ; greater distance for impulses to travel ; (despite greater distance) males had shorter reaction times/more rapid responses/more rapid hand-eye co-ordination/faster reflexes ;	[Total: 4] [max 2] [max 1]

Page 5			Syllabus
	GCE O LEVEL	– May/June 2012	5096
a)			Ph
	hormonal control	nervous control	9
	chemical	impulse ;	
	transported in blood	transmitted by nerves ;	Syllabus 5096 Anacamb
	slower response	more rapid response ;	_
	long lasting effect	short lived effect ;	
	usually response widespread in body	usually response is more localised ;	
(award	l marks if points are made a	as comparatives)	[max
even t prever	s FSH production ; sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; nts lining breaking down ;	;	
even t prever inhibits ready oestro proges no fert	sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; nts lining breaking down ; s production of FSH/LH ; for implantation if fertilisatio gen levels rise first during o sterone levels rise as oestro ilisation, falling progesteror	on has occurred ; (in either) cycle ; ogen levels fall ; ne levels result in menstruation	
even t prever inhibits ready oestro proges no fert	sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; hts lining breaking down ; s production of FSH/LH ; for implantation if fertilisation gen levels rise first during of sterone levels rise as oestro	on has occurred ; (in either) cycle ; ogen levels fall ; ne levels result in menstruation	'; [ma
even t prever inhibits ready oestro proges no fert (accep	sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; nts lining breaking down ; s production of FSH/LH ; for implantation if fertilisation gen levels rise first during of sterone levels rise as oestro ilisation, falling progesteror of points when made on diag	on has occurred ; (in either) cycle ; ogen levels fall ; ne levels result in menstruation grams)	
even t prever inhibits ready oestro proges no fert (accep (accep <i>first st</i> <u>m</u> of cc rh ce ar secon	sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; hts lining breaking down ; s production of FSH/LH ; for implantation if fertilisation gen levels rise first during of sterone levels rise as oestro ilisation, falling progesteror of points when made on diag age uscle ; uterus wall ; ontracts ; ythmically ; ervix dilates ; nnion ruptures/amniotic flu d stage	on has occurred ; (in either) cycle ; ogen levels fall ; ne levels result in menstruation grams)	[ma
even t prever inhibits ready oestro proges no fert (accep <i>first st</i> of cc <i>first st</i> of cc <i>secon</i> ba	sterone makes uterus lining hicker ; hts lining breaking down ; s production of FSH/LH ; for implantation if fertilisation gen levels rise first during of sterone levels rise as oestro ilisation, falling progesteror of points when made on diag age uscle ; uterus wall ; ontracts ; ythmically ; ervix dilates ; nnion ruptures/amniotic flu	on has occurred ; (in either) cycle ; ogen levels fall ; ne levels result in menstruation grams)	[ma

[Total 15]



(b) effect must be linked to correct control method, max 1 per box

control method	effect
screens on doors/windows ; sleeping nets ; protective clothing ; clothing with long sleeves/examples ; insect repellents on skin ; AVP ;	prevents adult mosquito injecting pathogen ; prevents adult mosquito acquiring pathogen from infected human ;
use of insecticide sprays ;	kills adult mosquitoes so that they cannot bite and transmit pathogen ;
drain stagnant water ;	prevents completion of mosquito life cycle ; eggs/larvae/pupae have nowhere to develop ;
spray oil on stagnant water ;	larvae/pupae die from lack of oxygen ;
introduce fish ( <i>Gambusia</i> sp) to stagnant water ;	fish eat eggs/larvae/pupae ;
introduce <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> to stagnant water ;	bacterium kills the larvae ;
treat infected people with drugs ;	reduce reservoir of infection ;
release of sterile males ;	no viable offspring ;

AVP ;

[max 10]

[Total: 15]

Page		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012			A Palas
) (a)					
		inspired air	expired	d air	ambridge
	oxygen	20%	16%		;
	carbon		4%		;

#### 9 (a)

	inspired air	expired air
oxygen	20%	16%
carbon dioxide	0.03%	4%
water vapour	usually less humid	saturated/more moist
temperature	usually below/cooler than body temperature	body temperature / 35.8 °C – 37.7 °C

(allow comparatives)

[max 3]

- (b) (i) diaphragm muscle relaxes ; becomes dome shaped ; pushed up by abdominal organs; abdominal muscles contract; external intercostals muscles relax; rib cage moves down and in (gravity acting on weight of rib cage); volume of thorax/chest cavity/lungs decreased ; pressure inside thorax increased (below atmospheric pressure); air pushed out of lungs to equalise pressures ; assisted by recoil of elastic tissue in lungs/alveoli walls;
- [max 7]

(c) causes adrenaline release ; increase in heart rate'; blood vessels contract/constrict; blood pressure raised ; fatty acids/AW increase in blood ; (fatty) deposits in artery wall/atherosclerosis; platelets clump ; narrows/blocks arteries; thrombus/clot formation; coronary/cerebral thrombosis/AW; arteriosclerosis/hardening of artery wall;

[max 5]

[Total: 15]

Page	8 Mark Sche	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		.P. Y
	GCE O LE	EVEL – May/June 2012	5096	allan .
10 (a)				Sen .
	<u>feature</u>	artery	vein	ambridge
	wall	thick	thin ;	Se.co.
	muscle/elastic tissue	thick layer	little present ;	

### 10 (a)

<u>feature</u>	<u>artery</u>	vein
wall	thick	thin ;
muscle/elastic tissue	thick layer	little present ;
endothelium/lining	convoluted	not convoluted ;
lumen	narrow	wide ;
semi-lunar valves	absent	frequent ;
direction of blood flow	away from heart	towards heart ;
blood pressure	high or fluctuating	low or steady ;
blood type	oxygenated (usually)	deoxygenated (usually);

[max 6]

arteries thick muscular wall to withstand high blood pressure ; elastic tissue to even out pressure fluctuations; convoluted endothelium to accommodate changes in lumen size ; lumen narrow as blood flow rapid ;

veins thin wall as blood pressure is low ; wide lumen as blood flow is slow; semi-lunar valves to prevent backflow ;

[max 4] [part (a) to a max 8]

- (b) microscopic in size/size given in micrometres ; walls one cell thick ; cells very thin/squamous; pores between cells ;
- (c) (i) bathes cells/environment for cells; provides the cells with oxygen ; provides the cells with nutrient chemicals ; removes carbon dioxide that cells pass to it ; movements by diffusion;
  - (ii) drains into lymph vessels/capillaries; passes along lymphatic vessels/system; passes through lymph glands/nodes en route ; returns to blood stream ; (but not this on its own)

[max 2]

[max 3]

[max 2]

[Total: 15]

[Total for paper: 100]