UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

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## 4024 MATHEMATICS

4024/01

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 80

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

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## Mark Scheme GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006

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Page 2 Mark Scheme				Sylla Raper	
		GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 20	GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006		
				Car	
1	(a) (b)	$\frac{1}{\frac{8}{15}}$ o.e.	1 1	Sylla Paper 4024 Parcenter	
2	(a)	1.77(0)	1	· Com	
3	<u>(b)</u> (a)	147 5x <sup>6</sup>	1		
	(b)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ or -2	1	Accept $\frac{3}{2}$ , 1.5	
4	(a)	80	1		
	(b)	$62\frac{1}{2}$	1	Not $\frac{125}{2}$ Accept 62.5	
5	(a)	$0.7^2, \frac{7}{11}, 0.7, \frac{7}{9}$	1	Accept any equivalents	
	(b)	400	1		
6	(a) (b)	34 -9	1 1	Accept –34, ±34	
7	(a)	13 18 o.e.	1	Not $\frac{6.5}{9}$	
	(b)	70 c.a.o.	1	Accept –70, ±70, 7 x 10, 10 x 7	
8	(c) (a)	8 c.a.o. 2 <sup>2</sup> x 3 <sup>3</sup>	1	Accept $-8$ , $\pm 8$ Not $8 \times 1$ Accept $2 \times 2$ etc. condone $x1^n$	
0	(a) (b)	$2^{3} \times 3^{3} \times 5$	1*	throughout Answer 1080 look back. Give mark if	
	(c)	75 or 3 x 5 <sup>2</sup>	1	correct prime factors seen	
9	(a)	-1 (≤x <) 2 B1 + B1	-	Reversed answers – SC1	
	(b)	-1, 0, 1 V	1 √	Given $-p \le x < q$ in <b>(a)</b> , allow	
10	(-)	NB: 0 must be included	-	if p and q are positive integers	
	(b)	5:2 c.a.o 2.1 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	2	Inclusion of units $\Rightarrow$ no marks SC1 for figs. 21; Condone –2.1 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	
11	(a)	4/15 o.e.	1	Allow $\frac{4x}{15}$	
	(b)	$\left(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{3}\right)$ C = 1600 o.e. M1		SC1 for $\frac{1}{15}$ s.o.i.	
		(\$)24 000 A1	2*		
12	(a)	3a - 2c o.e.	1		
	(b)	Establishing $k \overrightarrow{OP} = \ell \overrightarrow{BA}$	1*	Must be numerical	
	(c)	$\frac{3}{2}$ o.e.	1	Accept 1.5, 3:2	
13	(a) (b)	Correct, ruled, line (and no others) correct method to produce 900 (7 sided) M1 or	1	Accept if line dotted. 3 mm tolerance	
		correct method to produce 720 (6 sided) or			
		correct method to produce 540 (5 sided) or			
		$\frac{360 - \text{their } 54}{6}$ or $6x = 360 - 54$			
		(ext < method)	<b>^</b> +		
		129 A1	2*		

age	3	Mark Scheme			Sylla Sylla
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14	(a)	<u>16</u> 27		1	1716
	(b)		11		Sylla Pape 4024 Phacambri
			<b>A</b> 1	2*	
15	(a)	9		1	
	(b)	$3 \pi$ Both correct 3 *		-	In <b>(b)</b> condone 3, <i>k</i> = 3, 3 <i>k</i> π.
	(c)	$60^{\circ} \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{3}$ One correct 2		1	If no marks:- M1 for
		$\frac{1}{3}$ $\int$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\int$			circum = $18\pi$ or $2\pi$ x their (a) $\sqrt{100}$
16	(a)	(i) 2		1	Must be numerical Condone 2 <i>p</i>
	(u)	(i) 2 (ii) 5√ 3 their (a) −1		1	Condone 5q or 5x
	(b)	$\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right)$ and (5,0)		1	
17	(a)	(i) 2		1	Accept (y $\alpha$ ) $x^2$ or (y =) $kx^2$
		(ii) 1		1	Accept (y $\alpha$ ) $x^1$ or (y =) $kx^1$
	(b)	4		2	
18	(a)		31 31	2	Lost for wrong or irrelevant
			21	2	statements
	(b)	(i) 12		1	
			11		
		(ii) $\frac{x}{14-x} = \frac{2}{3}$ o.e.			
		$BX = \frac{28}{5}$ o.e.	<b>\</b> 1	2*	

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				ain.
14	(a)	1550 (≤ distance <) 1650 B1		101
		5.5 (≤ speed <) 6.5 B1	2	SC1 for any 2 seen
	(b)	300 sec o.e.	1	
15	(a)	$ \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ -6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} $ o.e.	2	SC1 for 3 correct elements condone intrusive letters
	(b)	$-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3\\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ o.e. B1 + B1	2*	seen and isw
16	(a)	(i) 4 <i>p</i> +7 c.a.o	1	
	• •	(ii) $-1$ solution of (their $4p + 7$ ) = 3	1	
	(b)	$(a-1)^2 - 1$ M1		
	()	$a^2 - 2a \text{ or } a(a-2)$ A1	2*	
17	(a)	y = 2x + 3 o.e.	1	
	(b)	(i) Lines $x = 1$ and $y = 3$ drawn B1		
	• •	Lines $x + y = 2$ drawn B1	2	
		(ii) Correct region identified	1	Part of region below the x axis should
		dept. on all 3 lines correct condoning		be indicated
		minor inacc.		
18	(a)	A B C C	1	
	(b)	$P \cap Q'$ o.e.	1	$(P' \cup Q)'$
	(c)	25 - x + x + 20 - x + 4 (= 36) M1		
	-			

A1

13

4

**2**<sup>\*</sup> Diag. with x, 25 - x, 20 - x, 4 all marked earns the M1

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## Mark Scheme GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006

Page 5Mark SchemeSyllaGCE 0 LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006402419(a)20(b)110(c)20(d)50 or 180 - [their $(y + z)$ ] $\sqrt{$ 20(a)3:5 c.a.o. or $\frac{3}{5}$ c.a.o					
Page	5	Mark Scheme	Mark Scheme		
GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 20			06	4024 23 1	
				Call	
19	(a) (b)	20	1	91%	
	(b) (c)	110 20	1	30	
	(d)	50 or 180 – [their ( <i>y</i> + <i>z</i> )] √	1	.63.	
20	(a)	3:5 c.a.o. or $\frac{3}{5}$ c.a.o	1	Accept fraction: condone inclusion of units	
	(b)	9:25 or (their <b>(a)</b> ) <sup>2</sup>	1	Accept 9π: 25π	
	(c)				
		Idea of $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3$ M1		NB. $\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^3$ is M1	
		27:98 c.a.o A1	2*		
21	(a)	(i) $\frac{15}{8}$ o.e. seen	1*	Allow 1.88 but not 1.9; Not $\frac{7.5}{4}$	
		8 (ii) 95	1	4	
	(b)	Graph from (0,0) to (20, 95) $$	1	Graph must be continuous and non	
	()		•	decending	
		Fully correct graph or $$ to their 95			
		St. line (+ve gradient) from t = 0-6 correct curvature from t = 6-8		If arough not fully correct:	
		horiz line (not on axis) from t = 8-12	2	If graph not fully correct:- SC1 for 2 or 3 parts correct	
		correct curvature from t = 12-20			
22	(a)	(i) 15	1	Not –15 [but allow √ mark in <b>(c)</b> for –30]	
		(ii) (10,9)	1		
		(iii) 30 $\sqrt{2}$ x their 15	1		
		(iv) <u>6</u> o e	1		
	(h.)	$\left  \frac{0}{10} \right  $ o.e.	•	_	
	(b)	$-\frac{5}{10}$ or $\frac{k^2 - 111}{10}$	1	Accept $-\frac{5}{\sqrt{24}}$	
23	(0)	k 10k	1	$\sqrt{61}$ Allow within 2 mm	
23	(a) (b)	Arc of circle, centre L, radius 2 cm St lines, parallel to AB and BC, 2 cm	I		
	(0)	distance B1			
		Fully correct locus +B1 dep	2		
	(c)	25 (and) 48 or 29 and 48 $(\pm 2^{\circ})$ B1 + B1	2	Correct locus range $23 \rightarrow 50$ incl.	
				If sharp loci range $27 \rightarrow 50$ incl. SC1 if one angle in range or for	
				reversed angles	
				$\sqrt{1}$ from their loci (arc or point) dept. on relevant locus	
24	(a)	∆ drawn (4,4), (8,4) and (10,2)	1		
	(b)	Rotation B1		Not turn: extra transf. seen loses both	
		90 ° CW, centre (0,0) B1	2	marks $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \end{pmatrix}$	
				Condone –90°; Allow $\begin{pmatrix} 0\\0 \end{pmatrix}$ or 0.	
	(c)	∆ drawn (−2, 2), (−4, 2), (−5, 1) B2	2*	SC1 for 2 points plotted or for 3 pts stated	