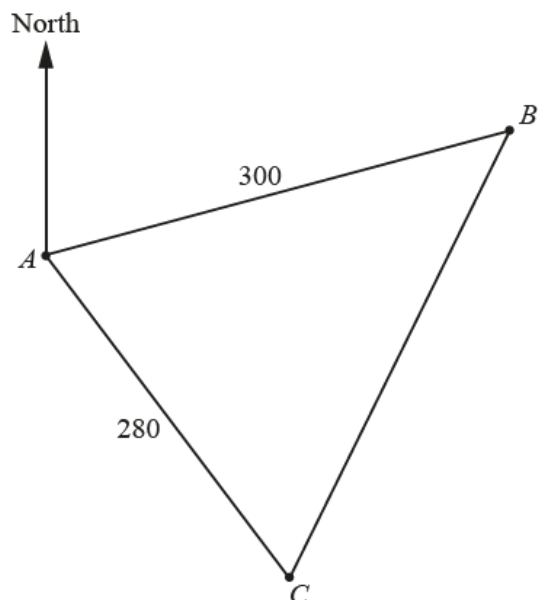


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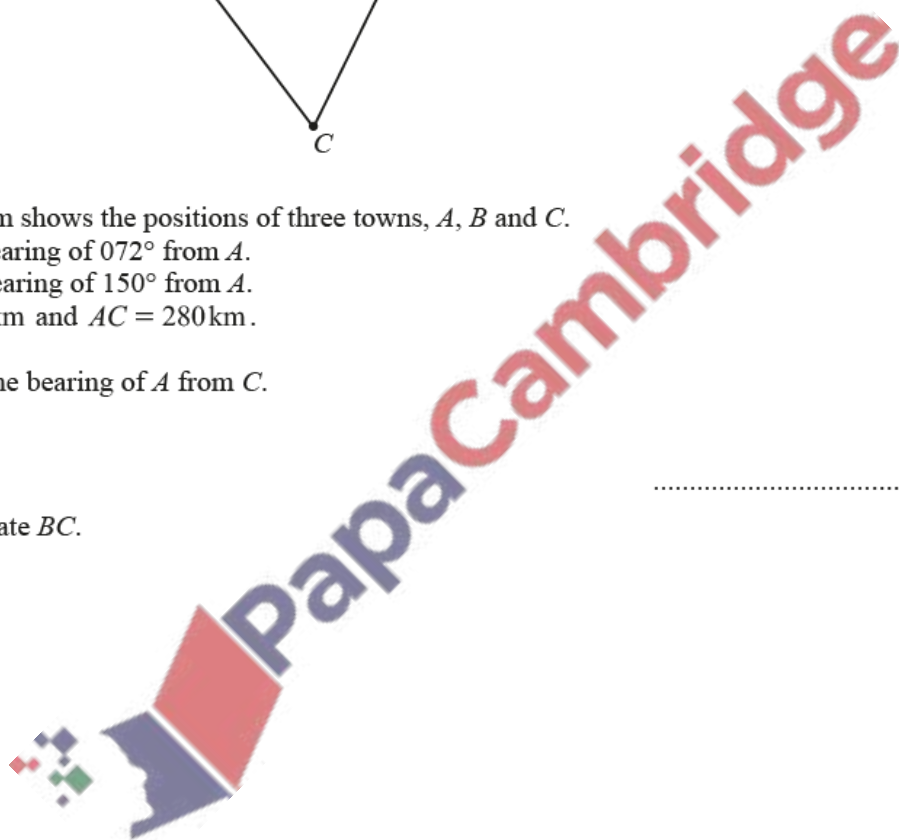
NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows the positions of three towns,  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ .  
 $B$  is on a bearing of  $072^\circ$  from  $A$ .  
 $C$  is on a bearing of  $150^\circ$  from  $A$ .  
 $AB = 300\text{km}$  and  $AC = 280\text{km}$ .

(a) Find the bearing of  $A$  from  $C$ .

..... [1]

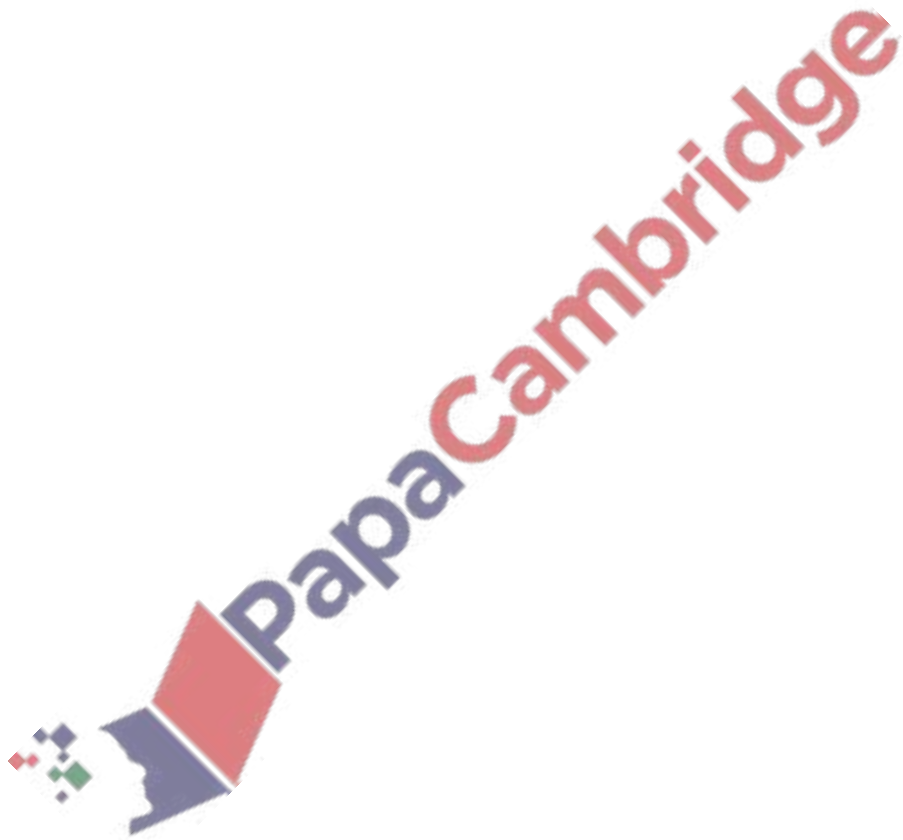
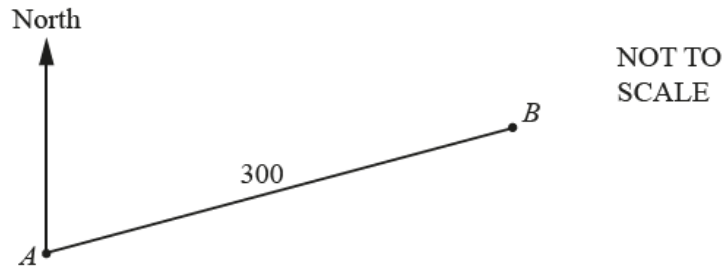
(b) Calculate  $BC$ .



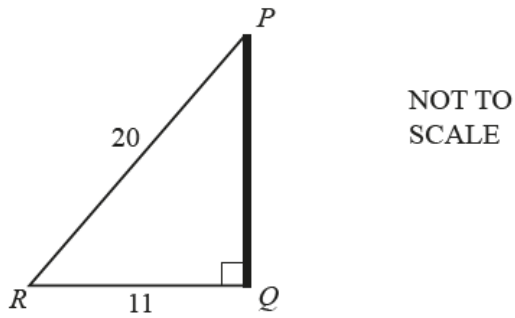
$BC = \dots\dots\dots \text{km}$  [4]

- (c) Town  $D$  is 145 km from town  $B$ .  
Angle  $ADB$  is  $120^\circ$ .

Find the two possible bearings of  $D$  from  $A$ .  
You may add lines to this sketch to help you.



..... or ..... [5]



$PQ$  is a vertical pole.

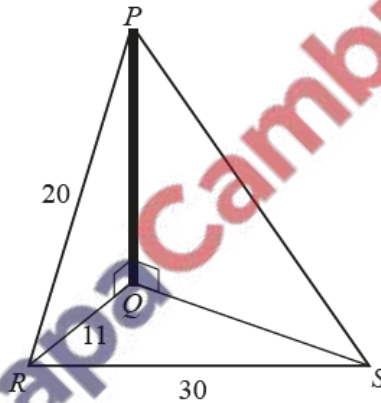
A rope is attached from the top of the pole,  $P$ , to a point on the ground,  $R$ .

$PR = 20$  m,  $RQ = 11$  m and  $\hat{RQP} = 90^\circ$ .

(a) Show that  $PQ = 16.70$  m, correct to 2 decimal places.

[2]

(b)



A second rope is attached from  $P$  to a point  $S$ .

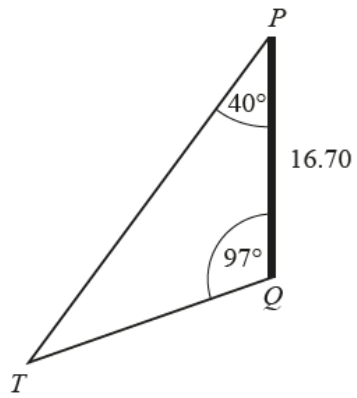
$\hat{PQS} = 90^\circ$  and  $RS = 30$  m.

The angle of elevation of  $P$  from  $S$  is  $36^\circ$ .

Calculate  $\hat{ROS}$ .

$\hat{ROS} = \dots\dots\dots$  [5]

(c)



NOT TO  
SCALE

A third rope is attached from  $P$  to a point  $T$ .  
 $TPQ = 40^\circ$  and  $PQT = 97^\circ$ .

Calculate  $PT$ .

$PT = \dots\dots\dots$  m [4]

