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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

5054 PHYSICS

5054/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabu	
	GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054	

Section A

				The same	\	
2			Mark Scheme	Syllabu	per	
			GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054	SC.	
			Max. 1 unit penalty per question, no excess sig. fig stated. Section A	j. penalty unless	andi	idge com
			Section A			17
1	(a) (b)	(i) (ii) (iii)	12 m/s 16 s 192 m or (i) × (ii) a = (v-u)/t in any format e.g. numerical (allow 4 clewrong numbers) or gradient of v-t/the graph 2.7 (2/3 sig. fig. only, do not accept fraction, cao)			B1 B1 C1 A1
			m/s ²			B1 6
2 (a) (b)		(i) (ii)	9.8 or 10 or 9.83 to 9.79. (m/s²), ignore wrong unit air resistance balances/equals/is same as weight (no resultant force or upwards force = downwards f weight larger than air resistance (accept gravity)	accept gravity)		B1
	(c)	()	resultant force (down) or downwards force greater less coin and/or paper fall faster or hit base sooner coin and/or paper accelerate at g coin falls with paper or at same rate or same av. s acceleration or hit bottom together or at same time	peed or same e (NOT fall at sam		
			speed/same time)	AN	Y 2 lines	B2 6
3	(a) (b)		time or observe when wax melts/falls or states firs first to do so or less wax left (after given time) (translated to black or black cools quickly better emitter (of heat) A1 OR better radiator/black radiation/infra-red A1 of heat/infra-red Accept in terms of white teapot (NOT better emitter absorber/conductor)	nsfers heat best) adiates white doesn	't	B1 B1 M 1 A1 A1 5
4	(a) (b)	(i) (ii)	reflected ray correct by eye and normal 40 ° 40 ° or same as angle of incidence diagram with object, mirror, image in approx. correct least 1 ray drawn from object/ray-box correctly rat least 2 rays extrapolated back to image position	eflecting from mirr	or	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1
OI	R(b)		diagram with object, mirror, image in approx. correct OR Use of search pin behind mirror shown/stated no parallax used to locate image or described (ignore arrows/do not insist on dotted lines)			B1 B1 B1 6
5	(a) (b) (c)		each horizontal towards S – allow gentle curve onl N-S N-S B1 OR S-N S-N diagram showing nail/coil or hammer/nail or approximately or showing nail/coil or hammer/nail or showing nail/coil or showing na		SS	B2 B2
			or nail/floor		4	B1
			a.c supply and remove/turndown slowly or repeated red-hot or drop repeatedly (second mark consister	-	eat	B1 6

		May 1
Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054

				177		
6	(a)		P.E. (of water) to K.E. (of wheel or water)/K.E. (of wheel) to electrical energy/ KE of water to KE of wheel /PE to electrical energy ANY 2 (-1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 2) 1200/2000 or energy output/ energy input or power output/power input (NOT output/input)			
			energy/		80	
			KE of water to KE of wheel /PE to electr	rical energy	.C	
	<i>(</i> 1. \		ANY 2 (-1 each clearly wrong answer bey	yond 2)	- O	
	(b)		1200/2000 or energy output/ energy inpu	it or power output/power input		
			(NOT output/input)		C1 A1	
	(0)		'			
	(c)		friction in wheel or generator (bearings/axle) or water out has K.E. or			
			produces heat in windings/in resistance or heat (in bearings) due to friction (ignore sound) ANY 2 (-1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 2)			
			friction (ignore sound) ANY 2 (-1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 2)			
7	(a)		electromagnetic/em induction or induced	current/e m f		
•	(ω)		(NOT magnetic/electric induction)	odii oli golii.i.	B1	
	(b)		deflects to left/opposite deflection		B1	
	(c)		nothing or no deflection/current/e.m.f. or	needle stationary	B1	
			no lines of flux are cut or no change in m	agnetic field	B1 4	
8	(a)		0 (V)		B1	
	(b)	(i)	8 Ω (i.e. accept 1 sig.fig.)		B1	
		(ii)	R = V/I any algebraic form in (ii) or (iii)		B1	
		/····\	2 A (i.e. accept 1 sig.fig.) ecf (i)		B1	
		(iii)	16/8 in (ii) or (ii) × 6		C1 A1 6	
			12 V ecf (ii)		AIO	
			Section B			
9	(2)		not wood awinging/lot motal nivet or fall OP	balance on cort of odge		
9	(a)		set wood swinging/let metal pivot or fall OR allow to come to rest	balance on sort of edge clearly a sharp edge		
			use of plumb line from hole	mark line of edge		
			mark line along plumb line (on metal)	repeat in new position		
			hang from another hole	intersection is centre of mass		
			line intersection is centre of mass hang from 3 rd hole	repeat for 3 rd position		
			OR	balance on point		
				sharp (compass) point		
				move till balanced		
			ANY 6 consistent lines max.	point is centre of mass	B6	
	(b)	(i)	force × distance		M 1	
			perpendicular (accept symbol) distance or shortest distance to line of			
		/::\	action of force		A1	
		(ii)	correct perpendicular distance (2.9 – 3.1	,	B1	
			worked out value of: 0.1 × distance reading Ncm (or Nm if conversion of distance to m clear)		B1 B1	
	(c)	(i)	moment or turning effect of weight	ii cicai j	C1	
	(c)	(i)	anticlockwise and clockwise moment or v	weight to right and left of	O I	
			corner	roight to right and loft of	A1	
		(ii)	moments balance/cancel or weight inside	e base	B1	
		(iii)	thicker more stable/thinner less stable		B1 15	
		. ,	unoner mere etable, immer rece etable			

		32
Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	GCE O LEVEL - OCT/NOV 2006	5054

10 (a)		yellow/green to earth blue to neutral and brown to live tighten terminal screws cable (outer cover) under grip no bare metal on wires	Mbr	idge.com
(b)	(i) (ii)	earth wire longest put cover back on ANY 4 (-1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 4) earth plastic/lamp/cover/base made from insulator/does not conduct electricity doubly insulated or plastic/lamp/cover/base cannot be live or cannot electrocute/shock		B4 B1 B1
	(iii) (iv)	100 J (100 J/s first mark only) (electrical)(energy) used/transformed/converted/delivered/arrives per second P = VI (in any form numerical or algebraic) 0.43(48) (accept 1 sig.fig.) Fuse: 0.5/1.0/2.0/3.0 A		B1 B1 C1 A1 B1
	(v)	VIt or Pt (in any form numerical or algebraic) 30 × 60 or 1800 (s) seen 180 000 J (3000 J 2/3; 0.05 kWh 3/3)		C1 C1 A1 15
11 (a)	(i) (ii)	d = speed × time in any format $600/300\ 000\ or\ 600\ 000/300\ 000\ 000$ $0.002\ s$ similarities: same speed (in vacuum) travel in a vacuum travel in straight lines refract/reflect/diffract/interfere carry energy transverse/polarisable ANY 2 (-1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 2) (NOT both obey c = $f\lambda$ /waves/invisible/undeflected by magnetic/electric field) differences: wavelength		C1 C1 A1
		frequency microwave received by aerials ANY 1 line (wavelength of IR different YES; wavelength of IR longer NO)		B1
(b)	(i) b (iii) (iv) (v)	gravity potential energy to kinetic energy kinetic energy to heat/thermal energy OR potential energy to heat/thermal energy -1 each clearly wrong answer beyond 2 nuclei repel or nuclei are positive nuclei need high speed/ K.E. (so high temperature) 1 proton or proton number = 1 2 neutrons or neutron number = 2 (electron(s) max 1) He or helium	OR	B1 B1 B2 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1
	(vi)	energy/heat produced or raises temperature or becomes hot or causes star to expand or counters gravitational collapse or loses mass		B1 15