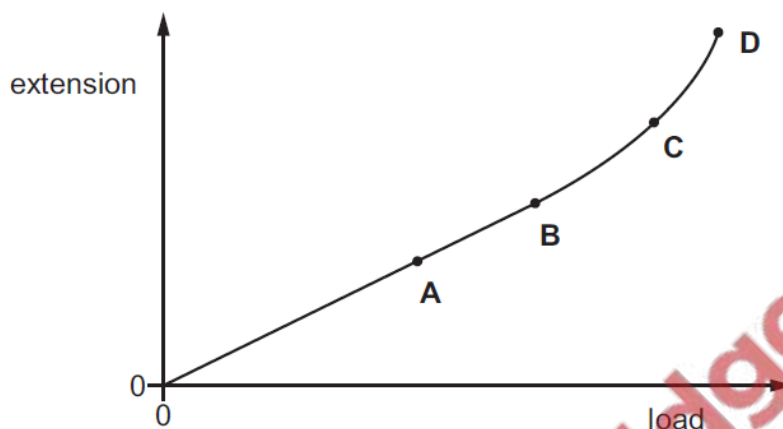


1. Nov/2020/Paper_11/No.12

An extension–load graph is plotted for a spring.

Which point marks the limit of proportionality for this spring?

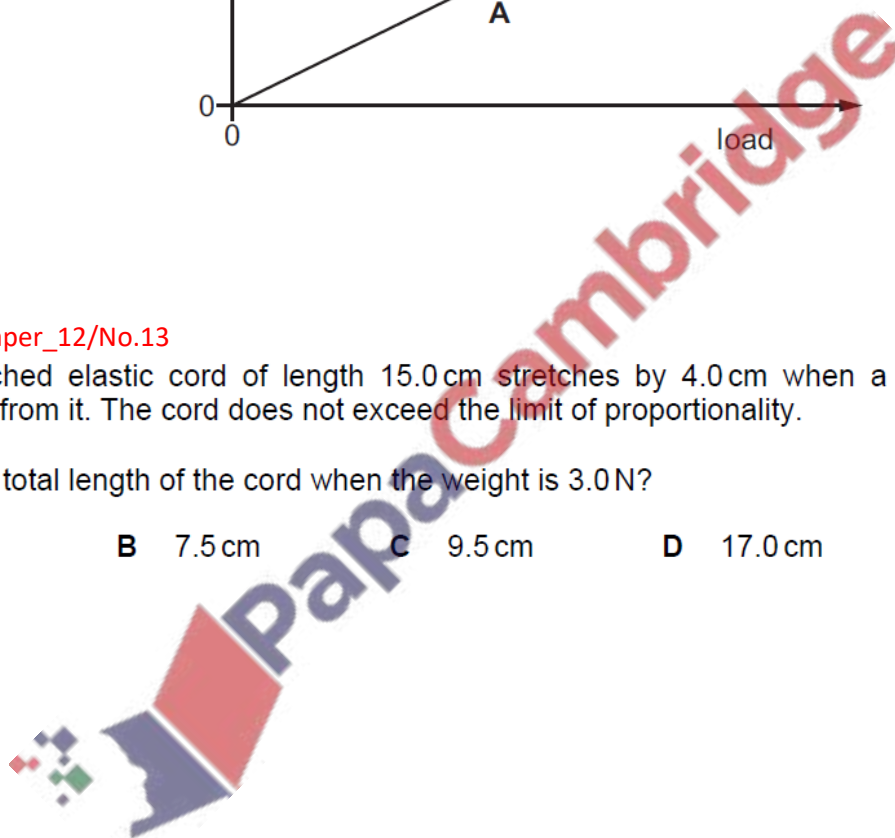


2. June/2020/Paper_12/No.13

An unstretched elastic cord of length 15.0 cm stretches by 4.0 cm when a weight of 6.0 N is suspended from it. The cord does not exceed the limit of proportionality.

What is the total length of the cord when the weight is 3.0 N?

- A** 2.0 cm **B** 7.5 cm **C** 9.5 cm **D** 17.0 cm



3. June/2020/Paper_21/No.3

A student suspends a spring from a support. He attaches different loads to the lower end of the spring. For each load attached, he measures the extension of the spring.

Fig. 3.1 shows the extension–load graph obtained.

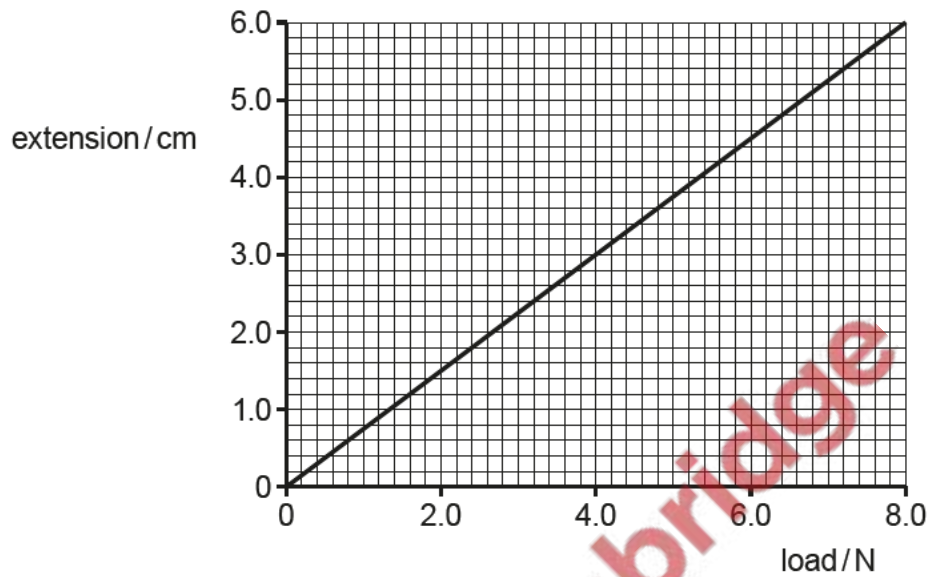


Fig. 3.1

(a) The extension of the spring is directly proportional to the load.

State the **two** features of the graph that show this.

1.

2.

[2]

(b) Describe how the student can show that the spring reaches its limit of proportionality at 8.0 N.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[2]

(c) The spring is used in a simple device known as an accelerometer, shown in Fig. 3.2.

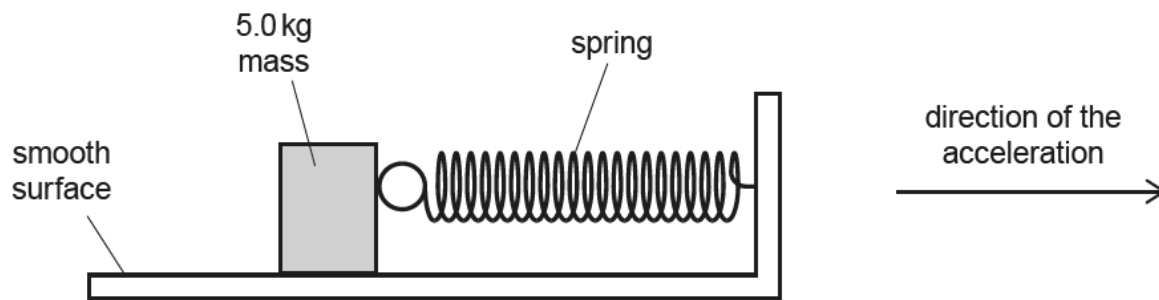


Fig. 3.2

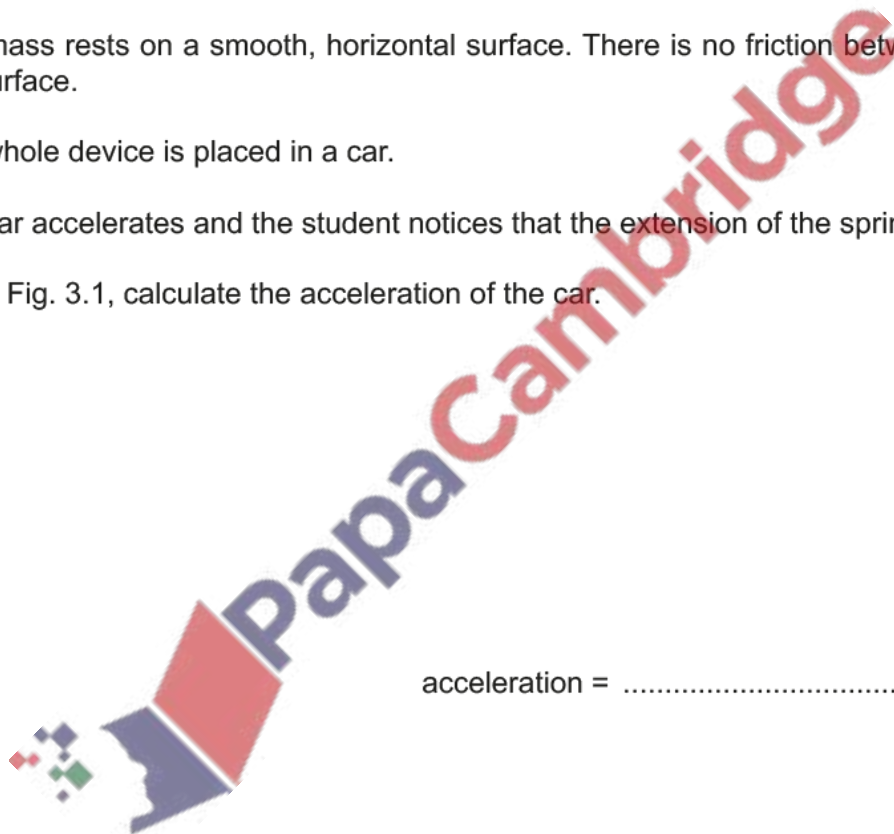
The spring is fixed at one end and attached to a mass of 5.0 kg at the other end.

The mass rests on a smooth, horizontal surface. There is no friction between the mass and the surface.

The whole device is placed in a car.

The car accelerates and the student notices that the extension of the spring is 3.0 cm.

Using Fig. 3.1, calculate the acceleration of the car.



acceleration = [3]

[Total: 7]