		WWW BOD
	BRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINA	rions
COMBINED SC	ENCE	5129/01
Paper 1 Multiple	Choice	May/June 2003
Additional Materials:	Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)	1 hour

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided

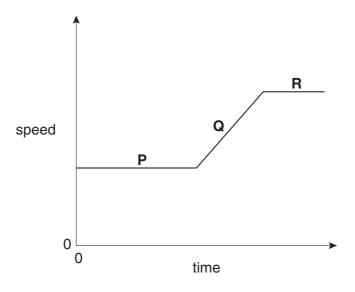
unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate answer sheet.

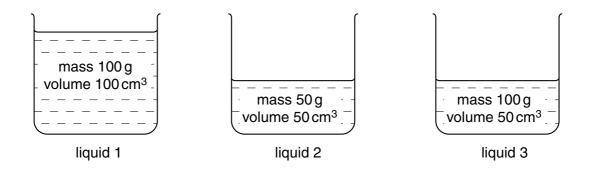
Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. 1 The graph shows how the speed of a car changes over a period of time.



Which of the following is true?

- A at P the car is at rest
- **B** at **Q** the car has a non uniform acceleration
- **C** at **Q** the car has uniform acceleration
- D at R the car is accelerating
- 2 The beakers shown contain three different liquids



Which statement about the densities of the liquids is correct?

- A Liquid 1 has twice the density of liquid 3.
- **B** Liquid 3 has twice the density of liquid 2.
- **C** The liquids all have different densities.
- **D** The liquids all have the same densities.

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- 3 Which of these objects will experience an elastic deformation?
 - A a car damaged in a collision
 - B a football being kicked
 - C a log hit by an axe
 - D a target hit by an arrow
- 4 A bank of solar cells is used to supply electricity to a house.

What form of energy is converted into electrical energy by the solar cells?

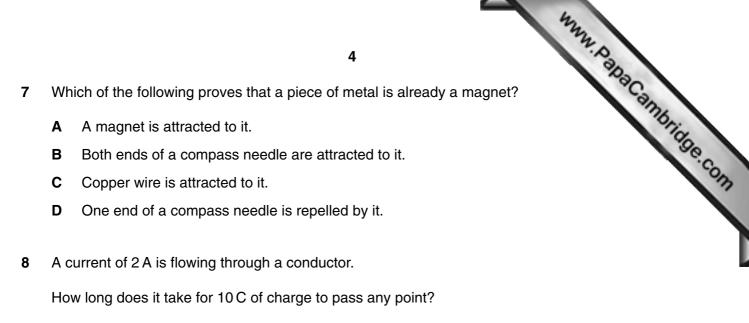
- A chemical energy
- B light energy
- C nuclear energy
- D thermal energy
- **5** To create a temperature scale two fixed points, the ice point and the steam point, are needed.

Which of the following is used to determine the ice point?

- A the temperature at which air liquefies
- **B** the temperature at which sea water freezes
- **C** the temperature of ice in a freezer
- **D** the temperature of melting ice
- **6** X-rays are one form of electromagnetic radiation.

Which of the following is correct for X-rays?

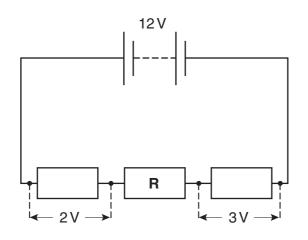
	type of wave	speed of wave in vacuo
Α	longitudinal	340 m/s
В	longitudinal	3 x 10 ⁸ m/s
С	transverse	340 m/s
D	transverse	3 x 10 ⁸ m/s



Α	20 s	В	12 s	С	5 s	D	0.2 s
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9 A battery of e.m.f. 12 V is connected in series with three resistors.

The p.d. across two of the resistors is shown.



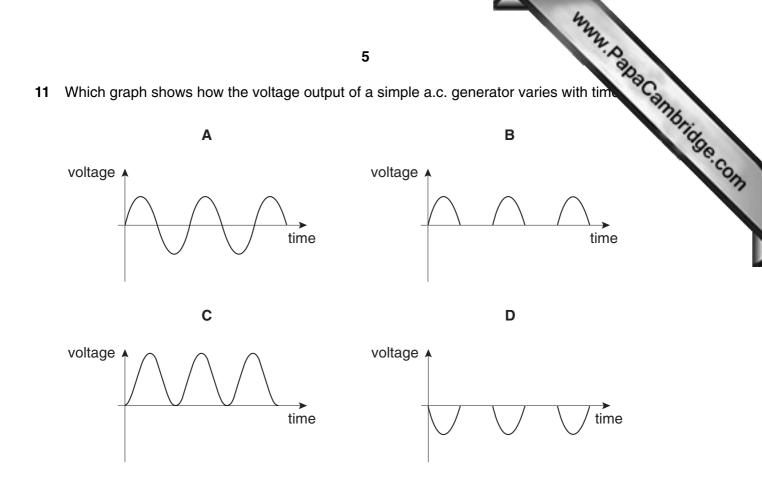
What is the p.d. across the third resistor, R?

Α	3.5 V	В	5 V	С	7 V	D	10 V
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10 An electric cooker is connected to the mains by a 3 core cable.

When the cooker is working correctly which wires carry the same current?

- **A** the live, the neutral and the earth
- B the live and the earth
- **C** the neutral and the earth
- D the neutral and the live



12 The element astatine, At, can decay by alpha emission as shown by the equation below.

$$^{218}_{85}\text{At} \longrightarrow ^m_n X + a$$

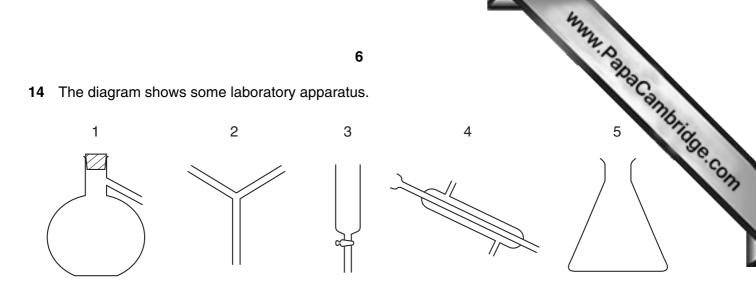
	т	n
Α	214	83
в	218	84
С	218	86
D	222	87

Which answer corresponds to the value of *m* and *n*?

13 In a sulphur nucleus there are 16 positively charged particles and 18 neutral particles.

Which are its proton and nucleon numbers?

	proton number	nucleon number
Α	16	18
В	16	34
С	18	16
D	18	34



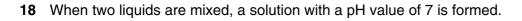
Which are needed to produce and collect pure water from seawater?

- A 1 and 2 and 4
- **B** 1 and 4 and 5
- **C** 2 and 5
- **D** 3 and 5
- **15** Aluminium has the symbol $^{27}_{13}Al$.

Which is a correct line of data for an atom of aluminium?

	number of				
	protons	electrons	neutrons		
Α	13	14	14		
в	13	13	14		
С	13	14	27		
D	14	13	27		

- 16 Ionic compounds have high melting points because
 - A the ions are held together by strong electrostatic forces.
 - **B** the ions have inert gas structures.
 - **C** the electrons are attracted to the cations.
 - **D** metals transfer electrons to non-metals.
- 17 What is always produced during photosynthesis?
 - A carbon dioxide
 - B methane
 - C oxygen



Which of the following are the pH values of the two liquids?

	first liquid pH	second liquid pH
Α	5	2
В	5	12
С	6	1
D	14	7

- **19** Which of the following describes a step in the preparation of insoluble barium sulphate from aqueous barium chloride and dilute sulphuric acid?
 - **A** Add dilute sulphuric acid until no more gas is produced.
 - B Add Universal Indicator.
 - **C** Collect the precipitate of barium sulphate by filtration.
 - **D** Evaporate the filtrate until it crystallises.
- **20** The table shows some properties of four metals.

Which metal is in Group I of the Periodic Table?

metal	density	hard or soft
Α	low	soft
В	low	hard
С	high	soft
D	high	hard

- 21 Which deduction about astatine, At, can be made from its position in Group VII?
 - A It forms covalent compounds with sodium.
 - **B** It is displaced from aqueous potassium astatide, KAt, by chlorine.
 - **C** It is a gas.
 - **D** It is more reactive than iodine.

7

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22 The table gives information on four metals and some of their compounds.

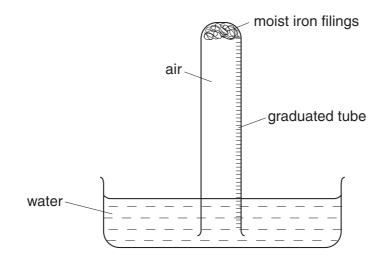
The tab	le gives information on fo	8 our metals and some of the	eir compounds.	DapaCambridge.com
metal	action of dilute sulphuric acid on metal	effect of hydrogen on heated oxide	action of metal on solution of the sulphate of metal J	age com
G	hydrogen evolved	reduced	no reaction	
н	no reaction	reduced	no reaction	
I	hydrogen evolved	no action	metal J formed	
J	hydrogen evolved	no action	no reaction	

What is the order of reactivity of these metals?

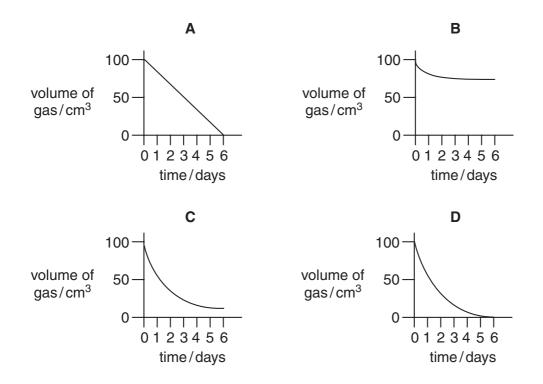
	most reactive	_	\rightarrow	least reactive
Α	Н	G	I	J
в	н	J	G	I
С	I	J	G	Н
D	I	Н	G	J

- 23 Which statement about the production of iron from haematite is correct?
 - Α Coke is used to oxidise the slag.
 - В Limestone is used to remove basic impurities.
 - С Molten iron floats on slag at the furnace base.
 - D The haematite is reduced by carbon monoxide.

www.papacambridge.com 24 The apparatus shown was set up with 100 cm³ volume of air in the tube. The volume the tube was measured at intervals for six days.

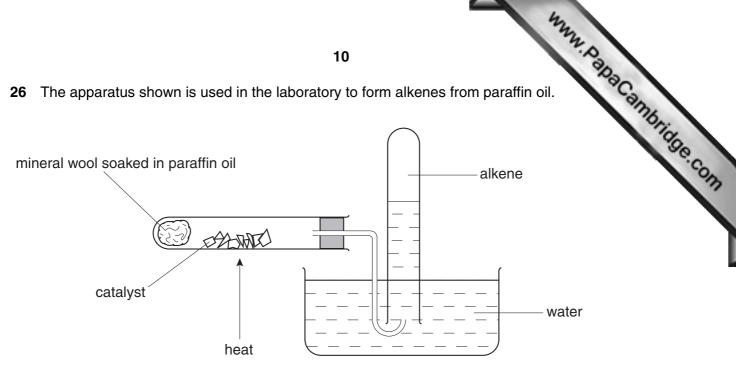


Which graph best represents how the volume of gas changes with time?



- 25 What is the main constituent of natural gas?
 - Α ethane
 - В helium
 - С hydrogen
 - D methane

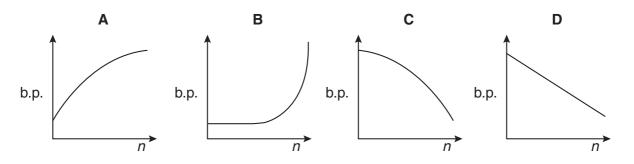
26 The apparatus shown is used in the laboratory to form alkenes from paraffin oil.



What type of reaction is taking place?

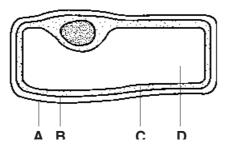
- Α combustion
- cracking В
- С distillation
- D reduction
- In the alkane series of hydrocarbons, $C_n H_{2n+2}$, the boiling point (b.p.) of the compound increases as n increases. 27

Which graph correctly represents this effect?



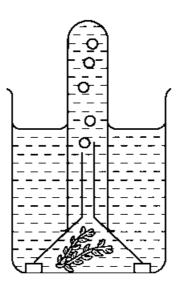
28 The diagram shows a cell from the epidermis of an onion.

Which part allows some, but not all, dissolved substances to pass into or out of the cell?



10

- www.papaCambridge.com 29 When seeds begin to germinate in the soil, how is the stored food made available to and shoot?
 - Α diffusion
 - В enzyme action
 - С osmosis
 - D photosynthesis
- 30 The diagram shows an experiment to investigate the volume of gas produced by an aquatic plant under different conditions of light intensity and temperature.



Which conditions result in the greatest production of gas by the plant?

	light intensity	temperature/°C
Α	high	5
В	low	5
С	high	25
D	low	25

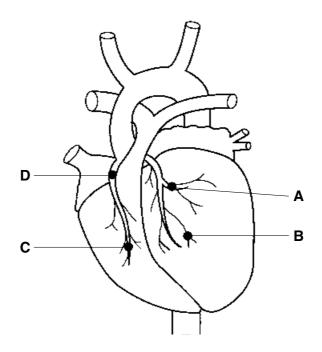
www.papacambridge.com The table shows changes in the concentrations of blood components as the blood 31 an organ.

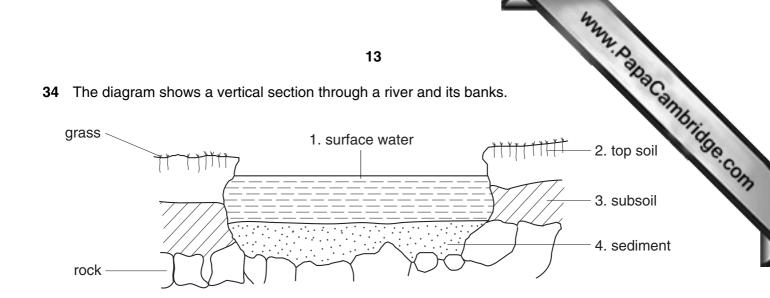
blood component	change in concentration
carbon dioxide	increased
glucose	increased
oxygen	reduced
urea	increased

Which organ has the blood passed through?

- brain Α
- В kidney
- С liver
- D stomach
- 32 Where does most transpiration in a plant take place?
 - Α cuticle
 - В root hairs
 - С stomata
 - D xylem
- **33** The diagram shows the coronary arteries on the surface of the human heart.

At which point would a blockage result in the most serious damage?

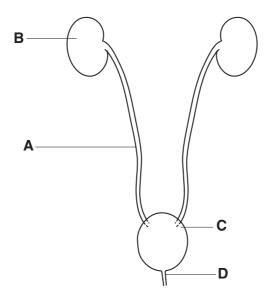


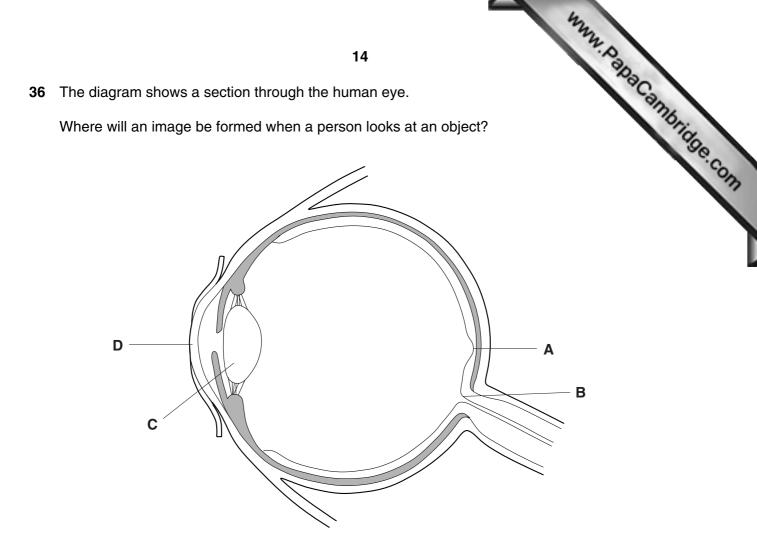


Where do microorganisms need to respire anaerobically?

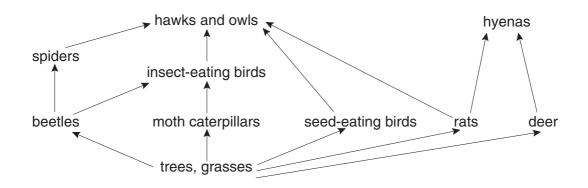
- A 1 and 2
- **B** 2 and 3
- **C** 3 and 4
- **D** 4 and 1
- **35** The diagram shows the urinary system.

Which part of this system removes urea from the blood?





37 The diagram shows part of a food web.

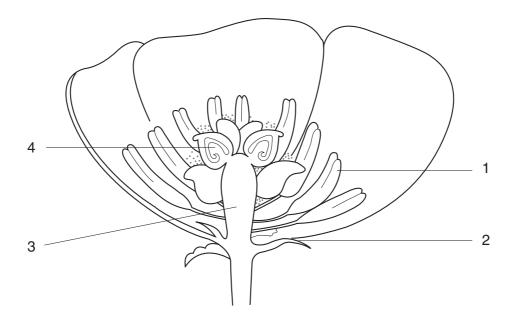


Which organisms are producers, herbivores and carnivores?

	producers	herbivores	carnivores
Α	trees	moth caterpillars	deer
в	hawks	seed-eating birds	grasses
С	grasses	spiders	beetles
D	trees	beetles	spiders



- 38 Which air pollutant prevents some diffusion in the alveoli?
 - A carbon dioxide
 - B lead compounds
 - C soot
 - D sulphur dioxide
- **39** The diagram shows half a flower.



Where are the gametes produced?

- **A** 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4
- 40 Which of these diseases can be cured with antibiotics?

	gonorrhorea	HIV infection	syphilis	
Α	1	1	1	key
в	1	1	×	\checkmark = can be cured with antibiotics
С	1	×	1	<pre>X = cannot be cured with antibiotics</pre>
D	×	1	1	

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BS BB BB Strontium Strontium	89 Yttrium 39	91 Zr Zirconium 40	93 Niobium 41	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	Technetium 43	101 Rut Buthenium 44	103 Rh Rhodium 45	106 Pd Palladium 46	108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cadmium 48	115 Ind 1ndium	119 Tin 50	122 Sb Antimony 51	128 Te Tellurium 52	127 I lodine 53	131 Xenon 54	6
133 137 CS Ba Daesium Barium 56	139 Lanthanum 57 *	178 Hafhium 72	181 Tantalum 73	184 V Tungsten 74	186 Re Rhenium 75	190 OS Osmium 76	192 Ir Iridium 77	195 Platinum 78	197 Au Gold 79	201 Mercury 80	204 T1 B1	207 P D Lead	Bismuth 83	Polonium 84	Astatine 85	B6 Badon	
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3-71 Lanthanoid series 0-103 Actinoid series	id series series	1	140 Ce Cerium 58	141 Pr 59	144 Neodymium 60	Promethium 61	150 Sa marium 62	152 Eu Europium 63	157 Gd Gadolinium 64	159 Tb Terbium 65	162 Dysprosium 66	165 Holmium 67	167 Erbium 68	169 Thulium 69	173 Yb Ytterbium 70	175 Lu Lutetium 71	1
р Х р Х р Х	a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol b = proton (atomic) number	mass	Thor ium	Protactinium 91	238 Uranium 92	Neptunium 93	Pu Plutonium 94	Am Americium 95	Curium 96	BK Berkelium 97	Cf Californium 98	Einsteinium 99	Fermium 100	Mendelevium 101	Nobelium 102	Lawe Lawe	MN. Das
			The vc	olume of c	The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm ³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).	of any ga	s is 24 dn	n³ at roon	n tempera	ature and	pressure	(r.t.p.).			Cambridge.com	Camb.	

The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET