www.PapaCambridge.com UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE

5129/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2005

1 hour

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Additional Materials:

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

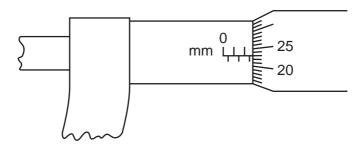
For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate answer sheet.

Read the instructions on the answer sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

1 The diagram shows a micrometer.

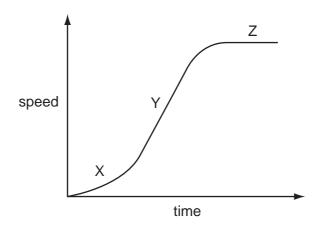


Which reading is shown?

- **A** 2.23 mm
- **B** 2.73 mm
- **C** 3.23 mm
- **D** 5.23 mm

www.PapaCambridge.com

2 The graph shows how the speed of a car changes with time.

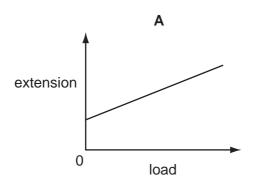


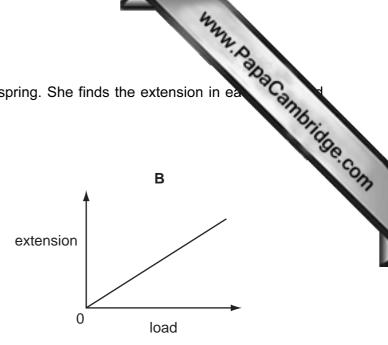
Which statement is correct?

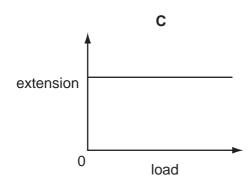
- A at X the car has constant acceleration
- **B** at Y the car has acceleration which is not constant
- **C** at Z the car has constant speed
- **D** at Z the car is at rest

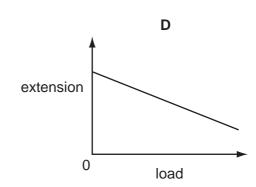
3 A student adds different loads to the end of a spring. She finds the extension in ea plots a graph of extension against load.

What is the correct graph?





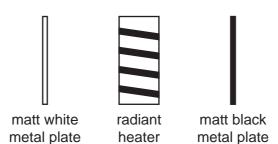




4 A man weighs 600 N. He runs up stairs of total height 4 metres in 3 seconds.

How much power is exerted by the man?

- **A** 450 W
- **B** 800W
- **C** 2400 W
- **D** 7200 W



Which metal plate absorbs more energy and which plate emits more energy in this time?

	absorbs more	emits more
Α	black	black
В	black	white
С	white	black
D	white	white

6 A surf-board moves at a speed of 5 m / s on the crest of a wave. The distance between successive wave crests is 10 m.

What is the frequency of the wave motion?

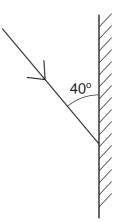
A 0.5 Hz

B 2Hz

C 5Hz

D 10 Hz

7 The diagram shows a single ray of light being directed at a plane mirror.



What are the angles of incidence and reflection?

	angle of incidence	angle of reflection
Α	40°	40°
В	40°	50°
С	50°	40°
D	50°	50°

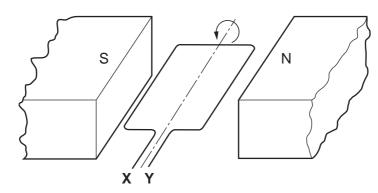
8 A battery moves a charge of 60 C around a circuit in a time of 20 s.

What is the average current in the circuit?

- **A** 0.3 A
- **B** 3.0 A
- **C** 40 A
- **D** 1200 A

- **9** Which is the **highest** rated appliance that can be connected to the 240 V mains supply using a plug with a 3 A fuse?
 - A a 60W light bulb
 - B a 100W light bulb
 - C a 200W television
 - **D** a 500W heater
- 10 Which of the following would be repelled by the S pole of a bar magnet?
 - A a copper bar
 - **B** a soft iron bar
 - **C** the N pole of a second bar magnet
 - **D** the S pole of a second bar magnet

11 The diagram shows a coil in a magnetic field.



When the coil is part of an a.c. generator, what must be connected directly to X and Y?

- A a.c. supply
- B carbon brushes
- C slip rings
- D soft-iron core
- 12 Which table correctly identifies the locations of protons, neutrons and electrons in an atom?

Α

	••		
	nucleus		
	inside	outside	
electrons	✓		
neutrons	✓		
protons		✓	

В

	nucleus	
	inside outside	
electrons		✓
neutrons	✓	
protons	✓	

www.PapaCambridge.com

C

	nucleus	
	inside	outside
electrons	✓	
neutrons		✓
protons		✓

D

	nucleus	
	inside	outside
electrons		✓
neutrons		✓
protons	✓	

13 A radioactive nucleus X, decays by emitting a beta-particle to form a nucleus, Y.

$$^{227}_{85}X = Y + \beta$$

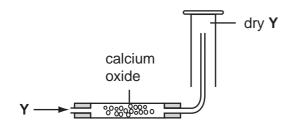
What represents nucleus Y?

- A 223 Y
- B 225
- C 228
- D 227 Y

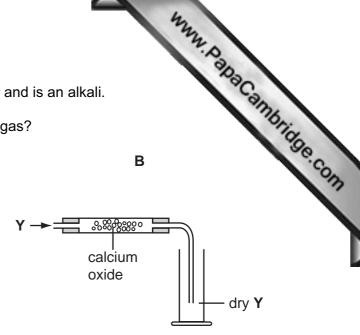
14 A gas **Y**, is less dense than air, very soluble in water and is an alkali.

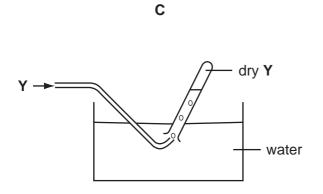
Which method is used to collect a dry sample of the gas?

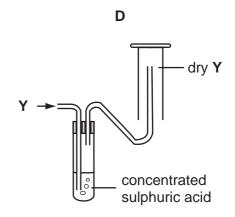
В



Α







15 Which changes occur when a liquid at 50 °C becomes a gas at 120 °C?

	separation of particles	energy of particles	attractive force between particles
Α	decreases	increases	decreases
В	decreases	decreases	increases
С	increases	increases	decreases
D	increases	decreases	increases

16 A nucleus is represented by the symbol ${81 \atop 37}$ X .

What does this nucleus contain?

- A 37 electrons and 44 neutrons
- **B** 37 neutrons and 81 protons
- **C** 37 protons and 44 neutrons
- **D** 37 protons and 81 neutrons

www.PanaCambridge.com

17 Element X has an electronic structure 2.8.8.1.

Element Y has an electronic structure 2.8.6.

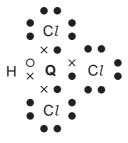
What is made when X and Y react?

	type of compound	formula
Α	covalent compound	X_2Y
В	covalent compound	XY_2
С	ionic compound	X_2Y
D	ionic compound	XY_2

18 Element Q has four electrons in its outermost shell.

Element **Q** can combine with hydrogen and chlorine to form a compound **Q**HC *l*₃.

The diagram shows the electronic structure of **Q**HC *l*₃ (outer shell electrons only).



Which of these properties will this compound have?

- **A** It will be a solid at room temperature.
- **B** It will be readily soluble in water.
- **C** It will be a good conductor of electricity.
- **D** It will have a low boiling point.
- **19** Aqueous potassium sulphate can be prepared by titrating dilute sulphuric acid against aqueous potassium carbonate.

Which conclusion can be drawn from this information?

- A Potassium carbonate is insoluble in water.
- **B** Potassium carbonate neutralises sulphuric acid.
- **C** Potassium sulphate is a base.
- **D** Potassium sulphate is insoluble in water.

20 The table shows the results of halogen displacement experiments.

able shows the result	9 s of halogen displace		MMN. Pape	Cambridge.com
halogen added		halide solution		Olde
nalogen added	X ⁻	Υ-	Z-	acic.
X_2	_	Y ₂ displaced	Z ₂ displaced	SIM SIM
Y ₂	no reaction	_	no reaction	
Z_2	no reaction	Y ₂ displaced	-	

What are halogens X, Y and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	Br	C/	I
В	Br	I	C/
С	C <i>l</i>	Br	I
D	C/	I	Br

21 The results of adding some metals to salt solutions are shown below.

copper + zinc sulphate → no reaction magnesium + zinc sulphate → magnesium sulphate + zinc copper + silver sulphate \rightarrow copper(II) sulphate + silver

What is the order of reactivity of the metals?

	most reactive least reactive			least reactive
Α	magnesium	copper	zinc	silver
В	magnesium	zinc	copper	silver
С	silver	copper	zinc	magnesium
D	zinc	magnesium	silver	copper

- 22 Which statement about the production of iron from haematite is correct?
 - A Coke is used to oxidise the slag.
 - **B** Limestone is used to produce oxygen for the coke to burn.
 - **C** Molten iron floats on slag at the furnace base.
 - **D** The haematite is reduced by carbon monoxide.

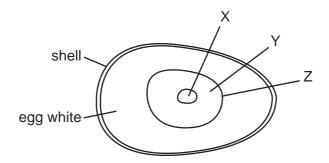
- 23 Why is aluminium used to make food containers that are resistant to corrosion?
 - A It does not react with acids.
 - B It forms a covalent oxide.
 - C It forms an alloy with zinc.
 - **D** It has a protective oxide layer on its surface.
- 24 All the members of a homologous series have the same
 - A empirical formula.
 - B general formula.
 - C molecular formula.
 - D physical properties.
- 25 What does **not** happen in the complete combustion of propane, C₃H₈?
 - A a deposit of soot is formed
 - **B** carbon-carbon bonds break
 - C carbon-oxygen bonds form
 - **D** energy is released
- **26** The names and molecular structure of two alkanes are shown.

What is the next alkane in the homologous series?

	name	formula
Α	butane	C₃H ₆
В	butane	C_3H_8
С	propane	C₃H ₆
D	propane	C₃H ₈

www.PapaCambridge.com

- 27 Which compound will decolourise aqueous bromine?
 - A ethane
 - B ethanoic acid
 - C ethene
 - **D** poly(ethene)
- **28** The yellow part of a hen's egg is a large cell containing a lot of yolk. The diagram shows an unfertilised hen's egg.



What do the labels represent?

	cell membrane	cytoplasm	nucleus
Α	Х	Υ	Z
В	×	Z	Υ
С	Z	X	Υ
D	Z	Υ	X

29 A piece of plant tissue is transferred from a beaker of water into a 10 % sucrose solution.

What happens?

	movement of water	volume of tissue cells
Α	enters the cells	decreases
В	enters the cells	increases
С	leaves the cells	decreases
D	leaves the cells	increases

30 Under which conditions does amylase act on starch most quickly?

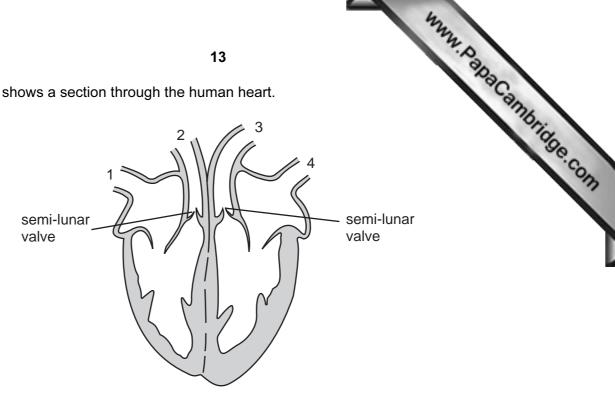
	рН	temperature
Α	acidic	30°C
В	acidic	60°C
С	neutral	30°C
D	neutral	60°C

- **31** What is the function of chlorophyll in plants?
 - A to absorb carbon dioxide
 - **B** to absorb light
 - **C** to absorb oxygen
 - **D** to absorb water
- **32** Where in the alimentary canal is most water absorbed?
 - A colon
 - B ileum
 - C oesophagus
 - **D** stomach
- **33** A green plant starts to wilt. It is then given water, and after a short time it recovers.

Which process causes this recovery?

- **A** assimilation
- **B** osmosis
- **C** respiration
- **D** transpiration

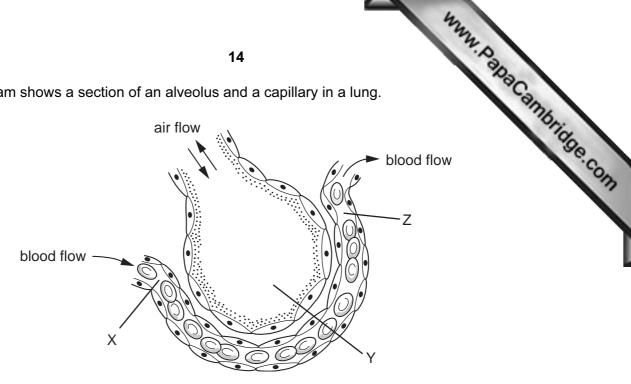
The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



What happens as blood is being pumped to the lungs?

	semi-lunar valves	vessel through which blood passes to the lungs
Α	closed	4
В	closed	3
С	open	2
D	open	1

35 The diagram shows a section of an alveolus and a capillary in a lung.



What are the relative concentrations of **carbon dioxide** at X, Y and Z?

	Х	Υ	Z
Α	high	high	high
В	high	low	low
С	low	high	high
D	low	high	low

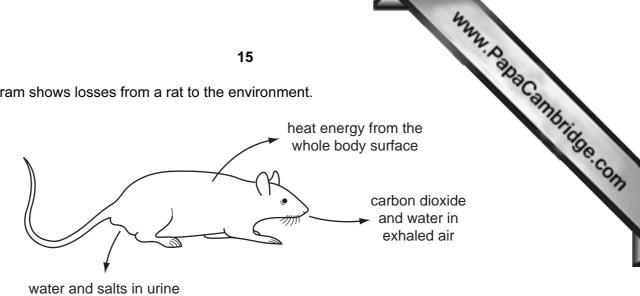
36 A person is sitting in a dark room.

What happens in the eye when a light is switched on?

	circular muscle of iris	size of pupil
Α	contracts	decreases
В	contracts	increases
С	relaxes	decreases
D	relaxes	increases

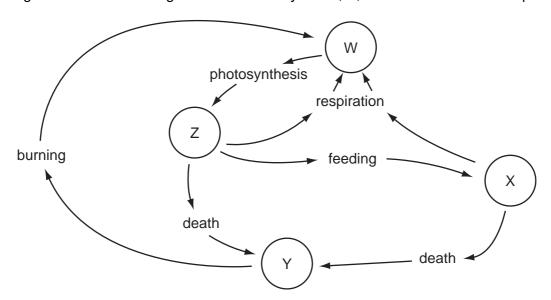
- 37 Which statement is true of heroin and also true of excessive use of alcohol?
 - Α Their use can lead to habitual criminal behaviour.
 - В They are stimulants.
 - C They are usually taken by injection.
 - D They produce only mild withdrawal symptoms.

38 The diagram shows losses from a rat to the environment.



What will **not** be returned to the ecosystem and recycled?

- carbon dioxide
- В heat energy
- C salts
- D water
- **39** The diagram shows some stages in the carbon cycle. W, X, Y and Z are carbon compounds.



What is W?

- carbon compounds in animals
- carbon compounds in plants В
- C carbon dioxide
- coal and oil

Which line indicates hormonal and mechanical birth control methods?

	hormonal	mechanical
Α	pill	spermicide
В	pill	intra-uterine device (IUD)
С	condom	spermicide
D	condom	intra-uterine device (IUD)

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

19

BLANK PAGE

DATA SHEET	The Periodic Table of the Elements
------------	------------------------------------

								Š	Group								
_	=											≡	2	>	>	^	0
							1 Hydrogen										4 He lium
7 Lithium	9 Be Beryllium					•						11 Boron 5	12 C Carbon	14 N Nitrogen 7	16 Oxygen	19 Fluorine	20 Re Neon 10
23 Na Sodium	24 Mg Magnesium	Γ										27 A t Aluminium	28 Si licon	31 P Phosphorus 15	32 S Sulphur	35.5 C 1 Chlorine	40 Ar Argon
39 K Potassium 19	40 Ca Calcium	Scandium 21	48 T Titanium 22	51 V Vanadium 23	Cr Chromium 24	Mn Manganese	56 Fe Iron 26	59 Co Cobalt	59 Nickel	64 Copper	65 Zn Zinc 30	70 Ga Gallium 31	73 Ge Germanium	75 AS Arsenic 33	79 Selenium	80 Br Bromine 35	84 Kryp ton 36
Rubidium 37	Strontium	89 ≺ Yttrium 39	2r Zrconium 40	93 Nb Niobium 41	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	Tc Technetium 43	101 Ru Ruthenium 44	Rhodium 45	106 Pd Palladium 46	108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cd Cadmium 48	115 In	30 Jin 50	122 Sb Antimony 51	128 Te Tellurium	127 I lodine	131 Xe Xenon 54
133 Cs Caesium 55	137 Ba Barium 56	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	178 Hf Hafnium 72	181 Ta Tantalum 73	184 W Tungsten 74	186 Re Rhenium 75			195 Pt Platinum 78	197 Au Gold 79	201 Hg Mercury 80	204 T 1 Thallium	207 Pb Lead 82	209 Bi Bismuth 83	Po Polonium 84	At Astatine 85	Radon 86
Fr Francium 87	226 Ra Radium 88	227 Ac Actinium 89															
*58-71 L 90-103	*58-71 Lanthanoid series 90-103 Actinoid series	d series series		140 Ce Cerium	141 Praseodymium	Neodymium	Pm	150 Sm	152 Eu Furonium	157 Gd Gadolinium	159 Tb	162 Dy	165 Ho	167 Er Frbium	169 Tm	173 Yb	175 Lu

	Man Do	DaCambridge.com
175 Lu Lutetium 71	Lr Lawrenciu 103	acambr.
173 Yb Ytterbium 70	Nobelium 102	Tage CON
169 Tm Thulium 69	Md Mendelevium 101	13
167 Er Erbium 68	Fm Fermium	D
165 Ho Holmium 67	ES Einsteinium 99	(r.t.p.).
162 Dy Dysprosium 66	Californium	pressure
159 Tb Terbium 65	Bk Berkelium 97	ature and
157 Gd Gadolinium 64	Curlum	m temper
152 Eu Europium 63	Am Americium 95	m³ at roor
150 Sm Samarium 62	Pu Plutonium	as is 24 dl
Pm Promethium 61	Neptunium	of any ga
144 Neodymium 60	238 U Uranium 92	one mole
141 Pr Praseodymium 59	Pa Protactinium 91	The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).
140 Ce Cerium	232 Th Thorium 90	The v

b = proton (atomic) number

a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol

Key