

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

5129/01 October/November 2008 1 hour

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

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Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.





2 The graph shows the speed of a car over the first ten seconds of a journey.



Which statement about the acceleration of the car between 3s and 5s is true?

- A The acceleration decreases.
- **B** The acceleration increases.
- **C** The acceleration is zero.
- ${f D}$ The acceleration is 10 m/s.
- **3** A container is filled with 5 kg of paint. The density of the paint is 2 g/cm^3 .

Which volume of container is needed?

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A 10 \text{ cm}^3 B 400 \text{ cm}^3 C 2500 \text{ cm}^3 D 10\ 000 \text{ cm}^3
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- A a car damaged in a collision
- B a football being kicked
- **C** a log hit by an axe
- D a target hit by an arrow

5 When a 300 N force is applied to a box weighing 600 N, the box moves 3.0 m horizontally in 20 s.



What is the average power?

Α	45 W	в	90 W	С	900 W	D	1800 W

6 The diagram shows a coloured crystal being heated in a beaker of water. The crystal dissolves showing how the water circulates around the beaker.



What is happening to cause the water above the crystal to rise?

- **A** The water contracts and its density decreases.
- **B** The water contracts and its density increases.
- **C** The water expands and its density decreases.
- **D** The water expands and its density increases.



A 19.5° **B** 25.0° **C** 35.0° **D** 48.5°

8 The diagram shows a positively charged acetate strip and a negatively charged polythene strip that are freely suspended.





acetate strip

polythene strip

Two rods **X** and **Y** are brought up in turn to these two strips. Rod **X** attracts the acetate strip but repels the polythene strip. Rod **Y** does not repel either the acetate strip or the polythene strip.

Which type of charge is on each rod?

	rod X	rod Y
Α	negative	positive
В	negative	uncharged
С	positive	negative
D	positive	uncharged

9 A current of 2A flows through a lamp for 1 minute.

How much charge passes through the lamp?

A $2C$ B $30C$ C $60C$ D 120	A 2C	B 30 C	C 60 C	D 120 C
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The p.d. across two of the resistors is shown.



What is the p.d. across the third resistor, R?



11 Electrical equipment should **not** be used in damp conditions.

What is the main hazard?

- A The equipment becomes too hot.
- **B** The fuse keeps 'blowing'.
- **C** The insulation becomes damaged.
- **D** The risk of an electric shock.
- **12** A nuclide of sodium contains 11 protons and 12 neutrons.

How many electrons are in a neutral atom of this sodium nuclide?

A B II C Z D Z	Α	1	B 11	C 12	D 2
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13 A radioactive chemical is used to investigate possible damage within a patient's body. The chemical is injected into the patient's body and the radiation detected outside.

Which source of radiation is the most suitable?

	radiation from source	half-life of source
Α	beta only	long
в	beta only	short
С	gamma only	long
D	gamma only	short



15 An atom of element X is represented by ${}^{7}_{3}X$.

Which statement about this atom of X is correct?

- **A** It is in Group III of the Periodic Table.
- **B** It is in Group VII of the Periodic Table.
- **C** The total number of protons and electrons is 6.
- **D** The total number of protons and neutrons is 10.
- **16** Element Q has 2 outer shell electrons in its atoms.

Element R has 7 outer shell electrons in its atoms.

Which ions will be present in the compound formed when Q and R react?

- 17 The outer electronic structure of compound **J** is shown.

Y and Z are different elements.



Which formula could represent compound J?

A Cl_2O **B** CO_2 **C** H_2O **D** SiO_2

18 The formula of an oxide of uranium is UO₂.

What is the formula of the corresponding chloride?

UCl₂ UC14 С U_2Cl U_4Cl Α В D

www.papacambridge.com **19** Aluminium chloride dissolves in water to form a solution with a pH less than 7.

Which ion in the solution makes the solution have a pH less than 7?

- aluminium Α
- В chloride
- С hydrogen
- D hydroxide
- 20 Which arrangement of electrons is that of a gas normally used to fill light bulbs?

A 2 **B** 2, 6 **C** 2, 8, 2 **D** 2, 8, 8

21 Which diagram represents the structure of an alloy?



22 The metals iron, lead and zinc can be manufactured by the reduction of their oxides with coke.

What is the correct order of the ease of reduction of the metal oxides?

	oxides becoming more difficult to reduce →		
Α	iron \rightarrow lead \rightarrow zinc		
В	iron \rightarrow zinc \rightarrow lead		
С	lead \rightarrow iron \rightarrow zinc		
D	$zinc \rightarrow iron \rightarrow lead$		

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- 23 Which reaction occurring in the blast furnace is an acid base reaction?
 - $\textbf{A} \quad \textbf{C} + \textbf{CO}_2 \rightarrow \textbf{2CO}$
 - $\textbf{B} \quad \textbf{C} + \textbf{O}_2 \rightarrow \textbf{CO}_2$
 - $\textbf{C} \quad CaCO_3 + SiO_2 \rightarrow CaSiO_3 + CO_2$
 - $\textbf{D} \quad Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$
- **24** In the apparatus shown, 100 cm³ of air are passed backwards and forwards between the two syringes until reaction is complete.



What is the final volume of gas after cooling to the original temperature?

A 20 cm³ **B** 28 cm³ **C** 32 cm³ **D** 80 cm³

25 The table shows the names of four fractions from petroleum and their uses.

Which fraction is paired correctly with its use?

	fraction	use	
Α	lubricating oil	g oil source of polishes and waxes	
в	kerosene	lubricant	
С	diesel	making road surfaces	
D	gasoline	feedstock for the chemical industry	

26 The equation shows a molecule of hexane being cracked into two smaller molecule to a high temperature.



9

What is likely to be the structure of substance X?



- 27 Yeast is used to convert simple sugars to
 - Α ethanoic acid and oxygen.
 - ethanol and carbon dioxide. В
 - С ethanol and oxygen.
 - D starch and carbon dioxide.
- 28 A plant is grown in bright sunshine. After a few hours, a leaf from this plant is stained with iodine solution. The diagram shows what is seen when a cell from this leaf is placed under a microscope.

Which structure will be stained blue/black?





Which statement describes what happens?

- **A** Water molecules move into the root hair because their concentration is lower inside.
- **B** Water molecules move into the root hair because their concentration is lower outside.
- **C** Water molecules move out of the root hair because their concentration is lower inside.
- **D** Water molecules move out of the root hair because their concentration is lower outside.
- **30** Which graph shows how an enzyme catalysed reaction in the alimentary canal varies with temperature?



www.papacambridge.com **31** The diagram shows the arrangement of cells inside the leaf of a green plant. (No cell contents are shown.)



Which cells normally contain chloroplasts?

A 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 С 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4



The diagram shows the human gut.



Where	is	hile	made	where	is	it	stored	and	where	does	it	act?
10100	15	DIIE	maue,	WIICIC	15	π	SIDIEU	anu	WIICIC	uues	п	aur

	where it is made	where it is stored	where it acts
Α	Р	Q	R
в	Р	R	т
С	Q	S	Р
D	Q	Т	S





While chambers X and Y are emptying, which valves are open and which are closed?

	valves 1 and 2	valves 3 and 4
Α	closed	closed
В	closed	open
С	open	closed
D	open	open

34 What are the products of aerobic and anaerobic respiration in muscle tissue?

	aerobic respiration	anaerobic respiration		
Α	carbon dioxide and water	ethanol		
в	carbon dioxide and water	lactic acid		
С	ethanol	carbon dioxide and water		
D	lactic acid	carbon dioxide and water		

- 35 Which organ excretes most carbon dioxide from the human body?
 - A kidney
 - B lung
 - **C** rectum
 - D skin

vinat			
	radial muscles of the iris	circular muscles of the iris	pupil size
Α	contract	relax	decreases
в	contract	relax	increases
С	relax	contract	decreases
D	relax	contract	increases

- www.papacambridge.com 36 What happens in the eve when a person walks from a dark room into sunlight?
- 37 Samples of blood are taken every half hour from a person who has been drinking alcohol.

The graph shows the amount of alcohol in the person's blood.

During which period is alcohol removed fastest from the blood?



- 38 What happens to energy after it has flowed through a food chain?
 - Α It is lost as heat.
 - В It is recycled.
 - С It is stored as carbohydrate.
 - D It is used to power metabolic processes.





Which change should be made for tube Y to be an effective control?

- Α Add soda lime at the bottom of tube Y.
- В Do not soak the seeds in tube Y.
- Replace the cotton wool in tube Y with a rubber bung. С
- Replace the soaked seeds in tube Y with seeds that have been boiled. D



40 Where are the uterus and the cervix?



	uterus	cervix
Α	1	2
В	2	1
С	3	4
D	4	3



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www.papaCambridge.com Helium 4 84 X topton Lutetium Neon 20 131 Xenon Xenon Ru 0 Ar 40 175 **Lu** 10 36 71 8 54 88 0 173 **Yb** Ytterbium Fluorine Br Bromine \mathbb{Z} 35.5 **C1** Chlorine At ^{∆statine} 127 I ₽ ₽ 2 53 85 **б** Mendelevium 101 Polonium 169 **Ta** 16 Oxygen М Telluriun 32 Sulphu **Se** 79 128 **Te** \geq Seleniu 69 4 Fermium 209 Bi ^{Sismuth} E 122 Sb 75 AS Vrsenic 167 Erbium > 7 ⁴ Б **С** 8 33 83 89 Einsteinium 12 Carbon Es The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm 3 at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.). °2 Ge 165 **Ho** Holmiun 28 Silcon 119 **Sn** 119 \geq 207 Pb 33 50 82 g Californium 98 27 A1 Auminium 70 **Ga**llium 204 **T**1 ⊊ **Ω** ⊒ 115 Indium ⁵ Q Dysprosi Ξ ັບ c 99 5 20 **BK** Berkelium Cadmium 201 Hg Mercury 159 **Tb** 65 Zinc 112 Cd The Periodic Table of the Elements 8 65 97 g 157 **Gd** Curium Curium 64 Copper 108 Ag 197 Au Gold 29 29 96 Americium Am Palladium 106 Pd 195 Platinun Europiui 59 Nickel 152 Eu Group 28 95 22 Putonium 103 **Rh**odium Samariur 150 Sm Cobalt Cobalt 192 Ir ridium 2 27 94 1 Hydrogen Рп Neptunium d Osmium Promethiu 56 Fe ¹⁰¹ 190 **OS** 93 26 20 186 Rhenium Uranium ř 14 14 N ⊂ 538 Mh 55 75 92 Protactinium в unaste nyboe Ра ខ្មុរ 96 185 **X P**¹⁴ Anlyhde Pras 59 7 ž Thorium 93 **N**iobium 140 Cerium anadiun" 181 Ha antalun **Th** 232 < 5 58 6 23 ĉ b = proton (atomic) number Hafnium itaniun 178 Hf ⁴⁸ **ү** 9 a = relative atomic mass 72 X = atomic symbol Actinium 58-71 Lanthanoid series **La** 227 **AC** Sc ⁴⁵ ⊗ ≻ 90-103 Actinoid series 89 Beryllium Mg 226 **Ra**đium ° **₿** Magnesiu 40 AO Strontiun 137 **Ba** Barium ະ ຈັ = 20 56 88 с X م 85 **Rb** Rubidium Francium otassium Caesium Lithium 23 Sodium **CS** 133 8 **X** Ē Key 87

DATA SHEET

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