MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

5129 COMBINED SCIENCE

5129/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2		90	Mark Scheme E O LEVEL – May/June 2013	Syllabus 5129	Paper 22
1	(a)	Chemica Chloroph carbon c	al		0120	[3]
	(b)	nitrogen	/ N ₂			[1]
2	(a)	56 5.6 3.33	200 20 (divide (divide	e by 10) e by 6)		[2] [1] [1]
	(b)	combina	ition of metal	and non-metal		[1]
	(c)	78-80 20-22	(both require	ed)		[1]
3	(a)	26				[1]
	(b)	= 0.8 g/cm ³ ur	nit independe	ne OR 20.8/26 OR 20.8/(a) ent st two marks (30.2/26)		[1] [1] [1]
4	(a)	(i) 1				
		(ii) 4				[2]
	(b)			, speed does not/runner changes dir ector / speed is a scalar	rection	[1]
	(c)	a = F/m = 2.5	or 175/70			[1] [1]
5	0	kygen trar	nsport	platelet		
		absorptio vater from		white blood cell		
		phagocyt	osis	root hair cell		
		glucos producti		red blood cell		
		blood clot	tting			
		antiboo formatio		palisade mesophyll cell	two different lines fro one box loses that m	

	Page 3	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5129	22
6	(a) R one	S e erroi		[2]	
	(b) (i)	expl	ed splint odes with pop It is dependent on correct test		[2]
	(ii)	SCl ₂			[1]
	(c) Zn() + H	2		[1]
7		= F x : 400	s (or equivalent) OR 1700 x 2		[2]
	(b) che gra		, nal potential/potential/gravitational and kinetic		[1] [1]
8	(a) hor	izonta	al arrow left or right		[1]
	(b) (i)	No.	of oscillations or complete waves per second		[1]
	(ii)	λ = c = 1.7	c/f (v/f) OR 340/200 7 m		[2]
9	(a) ma	ltose/	glucose		[1]
			digested/broke down starch (to maltose/glucose) a present (to give black colour)		[2]
	(c) (i)	В			[1]
	(ii)	allov	A at lower temperature / tube B at higher temperatu v correctly stated pair of numbers lase worked more slowly in A / more quickly in B	Ire	[2]
	(iii)		ch not digested / starch present lase destroyed/denatured by high temperature		[2]

	Page 4		•	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5129	22
10	(a)		B = C =	steam/water/H ₂ O hydrogen/H ₂ oxidation carbon dioxide/CO ₂		[3]
		()		water/H ₂ O		[2]
	(b)	(i)	drav	vn structure of ethanol		[1]
		(ii)	fuel	umes any one		
			hand	d sterilisation ノ		[1]
11	(a)	nor	ne			[1]
	(b)			t exceeds 3A ts/circuit is broken		[2]
	(c)	(i)	0.6			[1]
		(ii)	P = ` = 60	VI OR 240 x .25		[1] [1]
12	(a)	N	S			[1]
	(b)	(i)	attra	acted		[1]
		(ii)	repe	elled		[1]
13	(a)	13 17				
		18				[4]
	(b)	dra	wn as	s 2, 6		[1]

	Page 5		6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper 22	
				GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5129		
14	(a)	(i)	attra	act insects to flower (colour/smell)		[1]	
		(ii)	prod	luction of pollen		[1]	
	(b)	(i)	B D			[2]	
		(ii)	store acce	[1]			
	(c)	(i)	wind anim seec (mov self o				
						[2]	
		(ii)	prev	red away from parent plant vents competition (with others of same species) colonise new habitats	any 1	[1]	
	(d)	1 ide	entical	2; I to parent offspring dissimilar to parents;		[2]	
15	(a)	(i)	<u>air</u> is	s a poor conductor/good insulator		[1]	
		(ii)	conv	vection (only) transfers heat upwards/hot air rises		[1]	
	(b)	ma	matt black is better/good absorber/white is better reflector				
	(c)	mic rad	rowa io	ve		[2]	
16	(a)	(i)	iron				
		(ii)	copp	per			
		(iii)	lead				
		(iv)	zinc			[4]	
	(b) (i) mix		mixtu	ure of metals		[1]	
		(ii)		nange the properties ept specific properties e.g. stronger		[1]	

	Page 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5129	22
17	• •	urrent p agnet r	[2]		
18	(a) (i)	•	rnally administered chemical ifies chemical reaction in the body		[2]
	(b) (i)	co-o redu redu dilat incre blurr slurr incre incre men	vs down nerve impulses/reaction times increase ardination reduced/reduce muscle control aced rationality/loss of inhibition/aggression aced sensation of pain ion of blood vessels/lowered blood pressure eased heart rate red vision red speech ease urine production stinal/gastric problems hory loss/ mental health problems/dementia cirrhosis;	any 3	[3]
	(ii)		in/cocaine/ecstacy/steroids/cannabis ept any valid suggestion or current street name		[1]
19	solutio insolul filtratic solute	ble on			[4]