

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

5129/11 May/June 2013 1 hour

Additional I	Materials:	٨
/ laanaonian i	matorialo.	• •

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



1 When a red stain is added to a culture containing both living and dead cells, only the dead cells take up the stain.

Which structure prevents the stain entering the living cells?

- A cell membrane
- B cell wall
- C cytoplasm
- D vacuole
- 2 What causes water to enter plant roots from the soil?
 - A Water concentrations in root hairs and the soil are equal.
 - **B** Water concentrations in root hairs and xylem are equal.
 - **C** Water concentration in root hairs is higher than in the soil.
 - **D** Water concentration in root hairs is lower than in the soil.
- **3** Which graph shows how the activity (rate of reaction) of an enzyme-catalysed reaction in the alimentary canal varies with temperature?



- 4 Where does most photosynthesis occur in a typical leaf?
 - A epidermis
 - B guard cells
 - **C** palisade mesophyll
 - D spongy mesophyll
- 5 The graph shows changes to the pH of the saliva in the mouth after eating sugar.



When are conditions in the mouth most likely to cause tooth decay?

- A 0-5 minutes
- B 5-25 minutes
- C 25-45 minutes
- D 45-60 minutes

6 The diagram shows a blood capillary close to some cells.



Which row shows the type of nutrient in the plasma and in the fluid surrounding the cells, and the method of transfer between the two?

	plasma	fluid surrounding the cells	method of transfer	
Α	glucose	glucose	diffusion	
В	glucose	glucose	osmosis	
С	starch	starch	absorption	
D	starch	starch	osmosis	

- 7 What is produced during anaerobic respiration in a muscle cell?
 - A carbon dioxide only
 - B carbon dioxide and lactic acid
 - C carbon dioxide and water
 - D lactic acid only
- 8 How does blood leaving the kidneys compare to blood entering the kidneys?

	carbon dioxide concentration	urea concentration
Α	higher	higher
В	higher	lower
С	lower	higher
D	lower	lower

9 The graph shows how the diameter of the pupil of a person's eye changes during the course of two minutes.



What happens to the light intensity and the pupil diameter immediately after time X?

	light intensity	pupil diameter
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

10 The diagram shows part of a food web.

Which organism is a producer?



11 Some trees are cut down in a forest.

Which will increase the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere most?

	use of soil	use of trees
Α	left bare	allowed to decompose
В	left bare	to build furniture
C to grow crops		allowed to decompose
D to grow crops		to build furniture

12 What can be used in the successful treatment of syphilis?

	antibiotics	anti-viral drugs	condoms	
Α	\checkmark	x	\checkmark	key
В	\checkmark	x	x	✓ = used
С	x	1	\checkmark	x = not used
D	X	\checkmark	X	

- **13** Which method of birth control helps to prevent the spread of human immuno-deficiency virus (HIV)?
 - **A** chemical (spermicides)
 - **B** hormonal
 - **C** mechanical
 - **D** surgical

14 Gas Y is less dense than air and very soluble in water, forming an alkaline solution.

Which method is used to collect a dry sample of the gas?



15 Chlorine consists of two naturally occurring isotopes, ${}^{35}_{17}Cl$ and ${}^{37}_{17}Cl$.

These two isotopes have different

- A arrangements of their electrons.
- **B** chemical properties.
- **C** numbers of neutrons.
- **D** numbers of protons.
- 16 Magnesium bromide has the formula MgBr₂.

How is the bond between atoms formed?

- A Each atom of magnesium shares two electrons, one with each of the two bromine atoms.
- **B** Each atom of magnesium transfers two electrons, one to each of the two bromine atoms.
- **C** Each bromine atom transfers two electrons to a magnesium atom.
- **D** Two bromine atoms transfer one electron each to a magnesium atom.

	boiling point /°C	conduction of electricity when liquid	solubility in water
Α	-85	none	soluble
в	-62	none	insoluble
С	1413	good	soluble
D	2977	good	insoluble

17 Which substance is most likely to be a covalent compound?

18 An ionic compound is formed when metal M combines with non-metal X.

This compound contains the ions M^{4+} and X^{3-} .

What is the formula of the compound?

A M_2X_3 **B** M_3X_2 **C** M_3X_4 **D** M_4X_3

19 The salt copper sulfate is prepared by adding excess copper(II) oxide (an insoluble base) to sulfuric acid.

How is the excess copper(II) oxide removed?

- A crystallisation
- **B** distillation
- **C** evaporation
- **D** filtration
- 20 Elements X and Y are in Group VII of the Periodic Table.

X is a liquid at room temperature. Y is a solid at room temperature.

Which statements are correct?

- 1 Atoms of Y have more protons than atoms of X.
- 2 Molecules of Y have more atoms than molecules of X.
- 3 Y displaces X from aqueous solutions of X^- ions.
- **A** 1 only **B** 2 only **C** 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

- 21 Copper is a widely used metal.
 - 1 It does not react with water and so is used to make water pipes.
 - 2 It has a low density and so is used in the manufacture of aircraft.
 - 3 It is a good conductor of electricity and so is used in electrical wiring.

Which statements about copper are correct?

- **A** 1 only **B** 3 only **C** 1 and 3 **D** 2 and 3
- 22 The element chromium liberates hydrogen from dilute hydrochloric acid. It does not react with cold water.

When a piece of chromium is placed in lead(II) nitrate solution, crystals of lead appear.

What is the order of decreasing reactivity of the metals?

- **A** calcium \rightarrow chromium \rightarrow lead
- $\textbf{B} \quad \text{calcium} \rightarrow \text{lead} \rightarrow \text{chromium}$
- $\textbf{C} \quad \text{chromium} \rightarrow \text{calcium} \rightarrow \text{lead}$
- $\textbf{D} \quad \text{lead} \rightarrow \text{chromium} \rightarrow \text{calcium}$
- **23** Using the apparatus shown, 100 cm³ of air are passed backwards and forwards between the two syringes until the reaction is complete.



What is the final volume of gas after cooling to the original temperature?

A 20 cm³ **B** 28 cm³ **C** 32 cm³ **D** 80 cm³

24 Nitrogen is used to produce ammonia as shown.



What is X?

- A hydrogen
- **B** iron
- C oxygen
- D water
- **25** Which graph represents the change in boiling point of the alkanes as their relative molecular mass increases?



- 26 Which can be used to distinguish between ethane and ethene?
 - A a lighted splint
 - B aqueous bromine
 - C limewater
 - D Universal Indicator

- 27 Substance X has the following uses.
 - 1 as a solvent used in paints and varnishes
 - 2 as a liquid in thermometers
 - 3 as a fuel used to power cars.

What is X?

- A butane
- B ethanol
- C ethanoic acid
- D octane
- **28** The speed-time graph shows the journey of a train.

At which point does the acceleration have its highest value?



29 What is the relationship between acceleration (*a*), force (*F*) and mass (*m*)?

A $a = F \times m$ **B** a = F + m **C** $a = F \div m$ **D** $a = m \div F$

30 A man has a mass of 60 kg on Earth. The Earth's gravitational field strength is 10 N/kg.The Moon's gravitational field strength is 1.6 N/kg.What is the man's weight on the Moon?

	Α	60 kg	В	60 N	C 96 kg	D	96 N
--	---	-------	---	------	----------------	---	------

31 In a hydroelectric power station, water flows from a high reservoir to turn turbines to generate electricity.

Which energy conversions take place?

- **A** gravitational potential \rightarrow chemical/fuel \rightarrow electrical
- **B** gravitational potential \rightarrow kinetic \rightarrow electrical
- **C** kinetic \rightarrow chemical/fuel \rightarrow electrical
- **D** kinetic \rightarrow gravitational potential \rightarrow electrical
- **32** An electric motor lifts a weight of 8 N through a height of 5 m in 4 s.

What is the useful power developed?

A 2.5W **B** 6.4W **C** 10W **D** 40W

- **33** A clinical thermometer is placed in a person's mouth and then removed to read the temperature. Why is a clinical thermometer more suitable than a laboratory thermometer for this purpose?
 - A It has a larger range.
 - B It has a linear scale.
 - **C** It has a steady reading.
 - **D** It has a wider bore.
- 34 The diagram shows the variation of the displacement of a wave with distance from the source.



35 A ray of light passes into a glass block of refractive index 1.5.



40 The graph shows how the activity of a radioactive material varies with time.



BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.