

Cambridge O Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2023

1 hour

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.

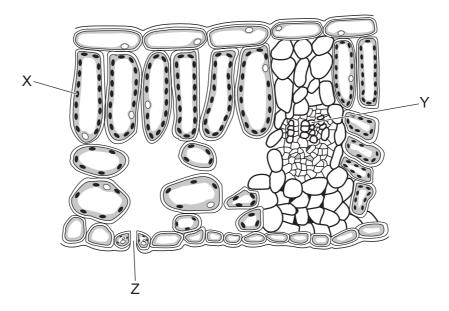
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



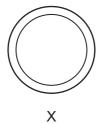
- 1 Which cell structure is present in a red blood cell?
 - A cell membrane
 - B cell wall
 - C nucleus
 - **D** vacuole
- 2 Which statement is correct for most enzymes within organisms?
 - A produced inside a cell and controls metabolic activity of a target organ
 - **B** produced inside a cell and controls metabolic activity within that cell
 - **C** produced outside cells and controls metabolic activity of a target organ
 - **D** produced outside cells and controls metabolic activity within a cell
- 3 The diagram shows a cross-section of a leaf.

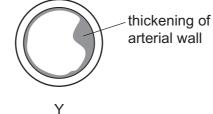


In which structures do photosynthesis and gas exchange occur?

	photosynthesis	gas exchange
Α	X only	X and Z
В	X only	Z only
С	Y only	Z only
D	Y only	X and Z

- 4 After starch is ingested, in which order do these processes occur?
 - **A** absorption → assimilation → digestion
 - **B** absorption \rightarrow digestion \rightarrow egestion
 - **C** digestion \rightarrow absorption \rightarrow assimilation
 - **D** digestion \rightarrow assimilation \rightarrow absorption
- 5 What is the pathway of diffusion of carbon dioxide during gaseous exchange in the lungs?
 - **A** alveolar wall \rightarrow alveolus \rightarrow blood \rightarrow capillary wall
 - **B** blood \rightarrow capillary wall \rightarrow alveolar wall \rightarrow alveolus
 - **C** capillary wall \rightarrow blood \rightarrow alveolus \rightarrow alveolar wall
 - **D** alveolus \rightarrow alveolar wall \rightarrow capillary wall \rightarrow blood
- **6** Which definition of respiration is correct?
 - A the breakdown of food substances in the presence of oxygen
 - **B** the movement of the ribs and diaphragm
 - C the production of lactic acid in muscles during exercise
 - **D** the release of energy from glucose in living cells
- 7 Diagrams X and Y show sections of a coronary artery.

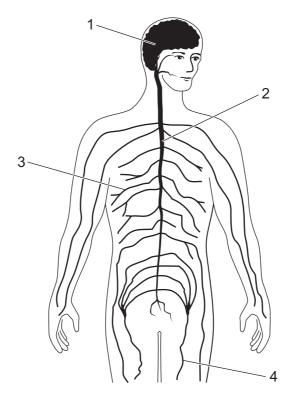




Which factors could be responsible for the condition shown in diagram Y?

- 1 age
- 2 exercise
- 3 high fibre diet
- 4 smoking
- 5 stress
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1, 4 and 5 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3, 4 and 5

- 8 Which part of the body is most damaged by smoking?
 - A the sensitive tissues of the nose
 - **B** the digestive system
 - **C** the gaseous exchange surfaces of the lungs
 - **D** the surface of the eyes
- **9** Which labelled parts form part of the central nervous system (CNS)?



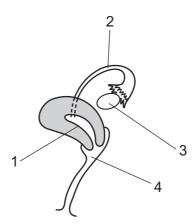
A 1 and 2

B 1 and 3

C 2 and 3

D 2 and 4

10 The diagram shows a side view of the female reproductive system.

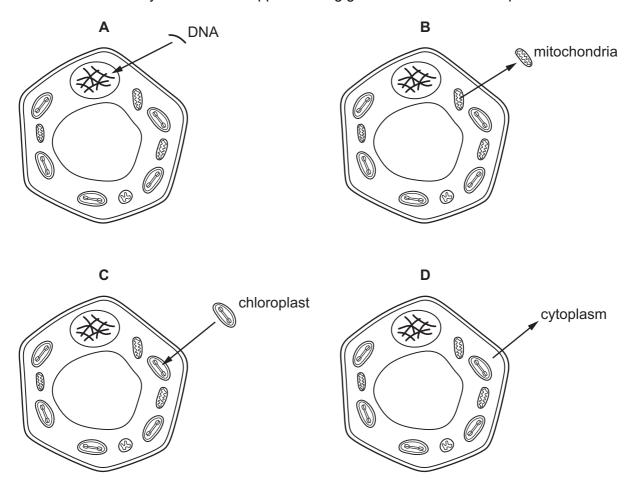


Which row shows the location where implantation happens and the location where zygotes are formed?

	where implantation happens	where zygotes are formed
Α	2	2
В	1	3
С	2	3
D	1	2

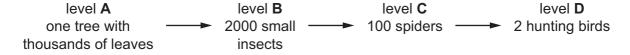
11 When a cell undergoes genetic modification, material is either added or removed.

Which arrow correctly shows what happens during genetic modification in a plant cell?



12 The food chain shows the number of organisms living on or feeding from one tree.

At which level is the greatest amount of energy stored?

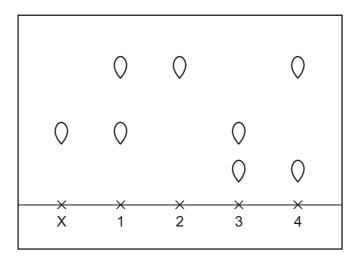


13 Tropical rainforests are being destroyed by human activity.

What is the most likely result of cutting down the trees?

- A more carbon dioxide and less oxygen in the atmosphere
- **B** more carbon dioxide and more oxygen in the atmosphere
- **C** less oxygen and more water vapour in the atmosphere
- **D** more carbon dioxide and more water vapour in the atmosphere

14 The chromatogram shown is used to test whether any of four food colourings, 1, 2, 3 and 4, contain a dye X.



Which food colourings contain dye X?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4

15 Which row describes an electron and a neutron?

	electron	neutron						
Α	relative charge is 0	relative mass is negligible						
В	relative charge is −1	relative mass is 1						
С	relative mass is negligible	relative charge is +1						
D	relative mass is 1	relative charge is 0						

- **16** Which statement about the formation of sodium chloride from metallic sodium and non-metallic chlorine is correct?
 - A Sodium atoms gain electrons and chlorine atoms lose electrons to form covalent bonds.
 - **B** Sodium atoms gain electrons and chlorine atoms lose electrons to form ionic bonds.
 - **C** Sodium atoms lose electrons and chlorine atoms gain electrons to form covalent bonds.
 - **D** Sodium atoms lose electrons and chlorine atoms gain electrons to form ionic bonds.

17 Calcium hydroxide contains the ions Ca²⁺ and OH⁻.

Which row shows the number of ions in the formula of calcium hydroxide?

	Ca ²⁺	OH ⁻
Α	1	1
В	1	2
С	2	1
D	2	2

18 Which equation represents an endothermic reaction?

$$\textbf{B} \quad \text{CH}_4 \, + \, 2\text{O}_2 \, \rightarrow \, \text{CO}_2 \, + \, 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$$

$$\textbf{C} \quad C_6H_{12}O_6 \ + \ 6O_2 \ \rightarrow \ 6CO_2 \ + \ 6H_2O$$

D
$$HCl + NaOH \rightarrow NaCl + H_2O$$

19 Which statement about the role of catalysts in a chemical reaction is correct?

- **A** Catalysts increase the concentration of reactants.
- **B** Catalysts increase the total amount of energy released by a reaction.
- **C** Catalysts decrease the number of collisions in a reaction.
- **D** Catalysts remain unchanged at the end of a reaction.

20 Which test and result identifies oxygen?

	test	result
Α	limewater	turns milky
В	glowing splint	relights
С	lighted splint	pop sound
D	bromine water	bromine decolourises

21 The table shows the pH value of five soil samples.

soil sample	pH value
Р	8.0
Q	7.5
R	7.0
S	6.5
Т	6.0

Cabbages grow best in alkaline soil.

In which soil samples does cabbage grow best?

- **A** P and Q
- **B** Q and T
- **C** R and P
- **D** S and T

22 Element X is a soft metal which melts at a low temperature.

How does element X react with water?

- A It does not react with cold water but does react with steam.
- **B** It does not react with water.
- **C** It reacts slowly with cold water.
- **D** It reacts violently with cold water.

23 Fluorine, F, is placed at the top of Group VII in the Periodic Table.

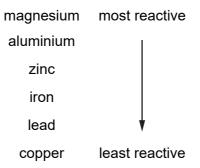
Some properties of the other members of the group are shown.

	melting point /°C	boiling point /°C	colour
chlorine, Cl	-101	-34.7	yellow/green
bromine, Br	-7.2	58.8	red/brown
iodine, I	114	184	purple/black

Which description of fluorine at room temperature is correct?

- A a black solid
- **B** a colourless liquid
- C a yellow gas
- D a yellow liquid

24 The order of reactivity of some metals is shown.



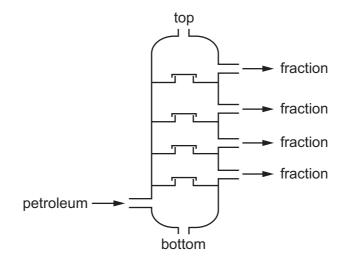
Which equation shows a reaction that does occur?

- **A** copper + zinc oxide \rightarrow copper(II) oxide + zinc
- **B** iron(III) oxide + lead \rightarrow lead(II) oxide + iron
- **C** magnesium + zinc oxide → magnesium oxide + zinc
- **D** magnesium oxide + aluminium → magnesium + aluminium oxide
- 25 Four statements about air pollutants are listed.
 - 1 Particulates increase the risk of cancer.
 - 2 Toxic gases are formed by burning plastics.
 - 3 Carbon monoxide causes global warming.
 - 4 Methane is a toxic gas.

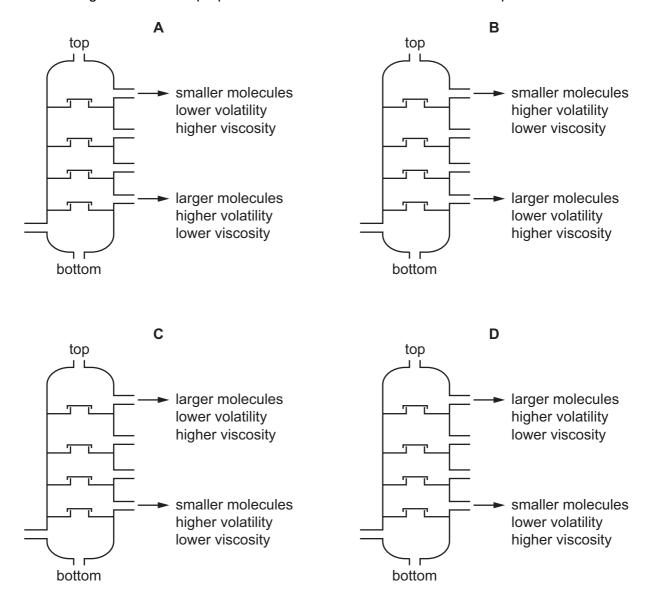
Which statements are correct?

A 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4

26 Petroleum is separated into different hydrocarbon fractions in a fractionating column, as shown.



Which diagram shows the properties of the fractions collected in different parts of the column?



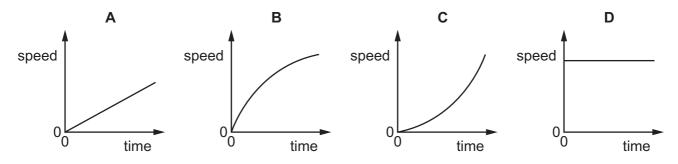
27 The molecular formulae for four hydrocarbon molecules, W, X, Y and Z, are shown.

C_3H_6	C_4H_{10}	C_3H_8	C_4H_8
W	Χ	Υ	Z

Which molecules change aqueous bromine from yellow-brown to colourless?

- A W and Y
- **B** W and Z
- C X and Y
- D X and Z

28 Which graph shows constant non-zero acceleration?



29 A mother is told 'Your baby weighs 3.0 kg'.

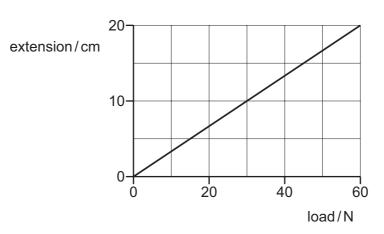
The gravitational field strength is 10 N/kg.

What are the mass and the weight of the baby?

	mass	weight
Α	0.3 kg	3.0 N
В	3.0 N	0.3 kg
С	3.0 kg	30 N
D	30 N	3.0 kg

© UCLES 2023

30 The extension-load graph is for a spring.



The original length of the spring was 10 cm.

Which load would give a spring length of 15 cm?

- **A** 5N
- **B** 15 N
- **C** 30 N
- **D** 45 N

31 A solar cell is connected to a battery.

The solar cell charges the battery.

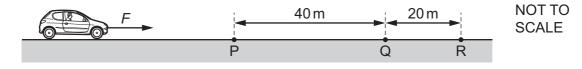
The energy is transferred from which energy store in the Sun to which energy store in the battery?

- A chemical to thermal
- B nuclear to chemical
- C nuclear to thermal
- **D** thermal to electrostatic

32 A car travels along a straight, horizontal road.

From point P to point Q, the driving force F on the car is 2000 N.

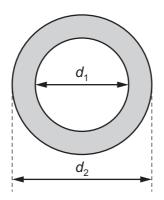
From point Q to point R, the driving force *F* on the car is 1000 N.



What is the total work done by the driving force in moving the car from point P to point R?

- **A** 60 000 J
- **B** 100000J
- C 120 000 J
- **D** 180 000 J

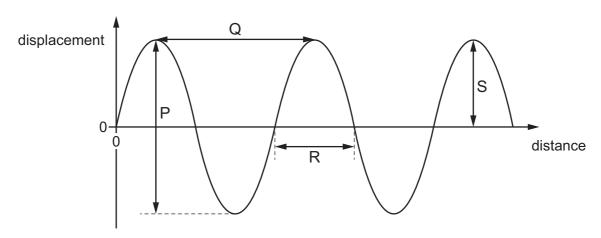
33 The diagram shows a ring made from brass.



What happens to the size of d_1 and d_2 when the ring is heated?

	<i>d</i> ₁	d ₂
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

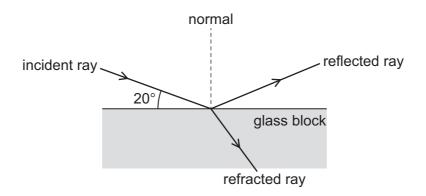
34 The diagram shows a cross-section through a wave.



What are the amplitude and the wavelength of the wave?

	amplitude	wavelength
Α	Р	Q
В	Р	R
С	S	Q
D	S	R

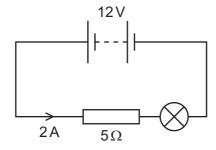
35 A ray of light is incident on a glass block at an angle of 20° to the surface of the block, as shown.



Some light is reflected and some light is refracted.

Which statement is possible?

- A The angle of reflection is 20°.
- **B** The angle of reflection is 80°.
- **C** The angle of refraction is 39°.
- **D** The angle of refraction is 75°.
- **36** Which statement about the particles in an atom is correct?
 - A Electrons repel other electrons.
 - **B** Neutrons repel other neutrons.
 - **C** Protons attract other protons.
 - **D** Protons neither attract nor repel other protons.
- **37** The diagram shows the value of various quantities in a circuit.



What is the potential difference across the resistor?

- **A** 2V
- **B** 5V
- **C** 10 V
- **D** 12 V

- 38 In a household electrical circuit, why are fuses and switches always placed in the live wire?
 - A A break in the live wire stops the current in the circuit.
 - **B** A break in the neutral wire does **not** stop the current in the circuit.
 - **C** The live wire carries a greater current than the neutral wire.
 - **D** The neutral wire carries no current.
- **39** A nucleus of aluminium has a mass number of 27 and an atomic number of 13.

Which statement about this nucleus is correct?

- A It has 13 neutrons.
- **B** It has 27 neutrons.
- **C** It has 13 particles.
- **D** It has 27 particles.
- 40 What is a Geiger-Müller (GM) tube used to detect?
 - A changes in temperature
 - **B** infrared radiation
 - C magnetic fields
 - **D** radioactive emissions

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

The Periodic Table of Elements

	=>	2 T	helium	4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon	118	Og	oganesson -
					6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	B	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	Ą	astatine -	117	<u>S</u>	tennessine
					80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Те	tellurium 128	84	Ъо	polonium –	116	_	livermorium -
	>				7	Z	nitrogen 14	15	₾	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209	115	Mc	moscovium -
	≥				9	ပ	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -
	≡				2	В	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	<i>1</i> 1	thallium 204	113	R	nihonium
											30	Zn	zinc 65	48	ည	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium
	-										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Ğ											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	٦	iridium 192	109	Μţ	meitnerium -
		- 1	hydrogen	-							26	Fe	iron 56	4	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium
							1			25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium	
					_	loq	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≯	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			2	Ney	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>n</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -
						atc	rel				22	j	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	茔	hafnium 178	104	弘	rutherfordium -
				r							21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	26	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_				က	=	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	S S	rubidium 85	22	Cs	caesium 133	87	Ъ,	francium

71	n	Intetium	175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
70	ΥР	ytterbium	173	102	%	nobelium	I
69	=	thulium	169	101	Md	mendelevium	I
89	L L	erbinm	167	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	e F	holmium	165	66	Es	einsteinium	I
99	Ś	dysprosium	163	86	ర్	califomium	I
65	q 	terbium	159	26	ă	berkelium	I
64	D C	gadolinium	157	96	Cm	curium	I
63	Εn	europium	152	98	Am	americium	I
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pn	plutonium	ı
19	T	promethium	1	93	N	neptunium	1
09	D Z	neodymium	144	92	\supset	uranium	238
29	ŗ	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
58	Če C	cerium	140	06	T	thorium	232
22	g	lanthanum	139	88	Ac	actinium	ı

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm^3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).