## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 9791 CHEMISTRY

9791/04

Paper 4 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, Pre-U, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Skill	Total marks Breakdown of marks			Qu. 1	Qu. 2	Qu. 3
Manipulation, measurement and observation	17 marks	Successful collection of data and observations	8 marks	0	0	8
		Quality of measurements or observations	5 marks	3	2	0
		Decisions relating to measurements or observations	4 marks	2	0	2
Presentation of data and observations	8 marks	Recording data and observations	4 marks	2	2	0
		Display of calculations and reasoning	2 marks	1	1	0
		Data layout	2 marks	2	0	0
Analysis, conclusions and evaluation	15 marks	Interpretation of data or observations and identifying sources of error	8 marks	3	5	0
		Drawing conclusions	5 marks	0	0	5
		Suggesting improvements	2 mark	0	2	0

- MMO = manipulation, measurement and observation collection = successful collection of data and observations quality = quality of measurements or observations decisions = decisions relating to measurements or observations
  PDO = presentation of data and observations
- recording = recording data and observations display = display of calculations and reasoning layout = data layout
- ACE = analysis, conclusions and evaluation interpretation = interpretation of data or observations and identifying sources of error conclusions = drawing conclusions improvements = suggesting improvements

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		Sections	Learning outcomes	Indicative ma	iterial	Mark
1	(a)	PDO layout	Use the appropriate presentation medium to produce a clear presentation of the data	weighing mass of	clearly the mass of bottle + <b>FA 1</b> , weighing bottle + and correct mass	[1]
		PDO layout	Use the appropriate presentation medium to produce a clear presentation of the data	reading,	s initial burette final burette and volume of <b>FA</b>	[1]
		PDO recording	Use column headings that include both the quantity and the unit and that conform to accepted scientific conventions	units for titration r not inclu then eve	ate headings and data given for results. If units are ded in the heading ry entry in the table ve a correct unit.	[1]
		PDO recording	Record raw readings of a quantity to the same degree of precision	readings FA 2 add nearest ( titres as labelled award if an initial	ate burette and volumes of ded are given to 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> . (Treat all accurate unless otherwise). Do not 50.(00) is used as reading or if more final reading is	[1]
		MMO decision	Identify where repeated readings are appropriate		nore uncorrected hin 0.20 cm <sup>3</sup>	[1]
		MMO quality	Make accurate and consistent measurements and observations	best titre (ignoring rough). compare titre scale corrected supervise Award 3 cm <sup>3</sup> ; aw cm <sup>3</sup> < δ	er checks ons and selects s to calculate mean any labelled Examiner es corrected mean ed to 3.00 g from d mass of <b>FA 1</b> with	[3]

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(b)	ММО	decision	Identify where repeated readings are appropriate	within 0.2 more tha calculation must be tick) in the Do not a	ward this mark if on for an accura	no tres ⁄ith a	[1]
	PDO	display	Use correct number of significant figures for calculated quantites	decimal precise b recorded	nean given to sa places as most ourette reading I in the table. ean to 3 dp for 0.		[1]
(c)	ACE i	nterpretation	Calculate other quantities from data	Ansv 2 sig traili	titre 1000 <sup>×</sup> 0.200 wer given to at le g figs but ignore ng zeroes <i>i.e.</i> 5 (00).	east	[1]
	ACE i	nterpretation	Calculate other quantities from data	II Ansv	wer to <b>(i)</b> x 10.		[1]
	ACE i	nterpretation	Calculate other quantities from data	III Corr	ectly calculates	m.	[1]
			·			[Tot	al: 13]

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2	(a)	PDO	recording	Use column headings that include both the quantity and the unit and that conform to accepted scientific conventions		units of ten	ct headings and (to include char operature in °C of <b>FA 3</b> in g.)	nge	[1]
		PDO	recording	Record raw readings of a quantity to the same degree of precision		record 0.5 °C	nperature read ded to at least but not more se than 0.05°C.	-	[1]
		ММО	quality	Make accurate and consistent measurements and observations		super Awaro 0.50° mark	Compare $\Delta T/M$ to visor. d 2 marks if $\delta \le$ C g <sup>-1</sup> ; award 1 if 0.50 °C g <sup>-1</sup> < C g <sup>-1</sup> .		[2]
	(b)	ACE i	interpretation	Calculates other quantites from data		calcul sign. (Do n subtra	of $\Delta T/M$ corrected with corrected with corrected with corrected attraction for mass for the sector of the secto	ct or	[1]
		ACE i	interpretation	Calculates other quantities from data			f given values o <sup>I</sup> multiplied by a		[1]
		PDO	display	Show their working in calculations, and the key steps in their reasoning		FA 3	f (total mass of – mass of hydro nate) in calcula	ogen	[1]
		ACE i	interpretation	Calculates other quantities from data			ct value for mag gen carbonate.		[1]
		ACE i	interpretation	Calculates other quantities from data		mass	ct value for % k (given to a num of 2 sf).	у	[1]
	(c)	ACE i	interpretation	Express uncertainty in a measurement as an actual or percentage error			evaluates (2 × 6 M) × 100.	error	[1]
	(d)	ACE i	mprovement	Suggest modifications to an experimental arrangement that will improve the accuracy of the experiment	in m volu cylin	iass, g me as ider ha	om: smaller % preater error in s 25 cm <sup>3</sup> measu as to be used to re rise the sam	ring vice,	[2]
								[To	tal: 12]
								-	-

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		FA 5 is	6 MgC <i>1</i> ₂.6H₂O, FA 6 is ZnCC	D₃, F.	A 7 is NaNO <sub>2</sub>	
3	(a)	MMO collection	Use their apparatus to collect an appropriate quantity of data or observations, including differences in colour, solubility or quantity of materials	I	<b>FA 5</b> forms a (colourless) solution or (colourless) liquid on warming / melts / colourless liquid condenses higher up the tube.	[1]
			materials	II	White solid remains.	[1]
				III	Gas from <b>FA 5</b> turns (blue) litmus red.	[1]
				IV	FA 6 turns yellow.	[1]
				V	Gas from <b>FA 6</b> turns limewater milky. OR Gas from <b>FA 7</b> relights a glowing splint.	[1]
				VI	FA 7 melts / forms a liquid. (Ignore FA 7 turns yellow).	[1]
		ACE conclusion	Draw conclusion from interpretation of observations	VII	Identifies carbon dioxide from <b>FA 6</b> and oxygen from <b>FA 7</b> from correct observations.	[1]
				VII	I Identifies HC <i>l</i> from <b>FA 5</b>	[1]
				IX	Correctly assigns all three salts: $ZnCO_3$ is <b>FA 6</b> $MgCl_2.6H_2O$ is <b>FA 5</b> NaNO <sub>2</sub> is <b>FA 7</b> .	[1]
					(No ecf from transposed observations. Must have at least one correct observations for each salt.)	

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		FA 8 is NaC <i>1</i> and Na	a₂SO₃		
(b)	MMO collection	Use their apparatus to collect an appropriate quantity of data or observations, including differences in colour, solubility or quantity of materials	I	White ppt with both BaC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> and AgNO <sub>3</sub> .	[1]
	MMO decision	Identifies the nature of confirmatory tests	II	Named dilute acid (do not award if H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ).	[1]
			III	(Dilute) aqueous ammonia.	[1]
	MMO collection	Use their apparatus to collect an appropriate quantity of data or observations, including differences in colour, solubility or quantity of materials	IV	Both solids dissolve (allow ppt with $BaCl_2$ is insoluble if $H_2SO_4$ was chosen).	[1]
	ACE conclusion	Draw conclusion from interpretation of observations	V	Contains sulfite (no ecf from incorrect observations or use of $H_2SO_4$ , do not award from incorrect observations).	[1]
			VI	Contains chloride (no ecf from incorrect observations but allow identification of chloride from only white ppt with AgNO <sub>3</sub> ).	[1]