



Cambridge International AS Level

CANDIDATE NAME



CENTRE NUMBER

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ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

8291/13

Paper 1 Principles of Environmental Management

October/November 2024

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Section A: answer **all** questions.
- Section B: answer **one** question.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.







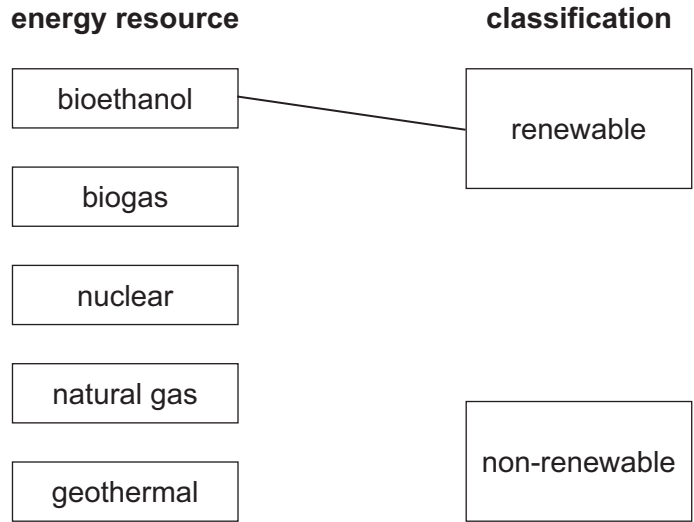
Section A

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1 (a) Energy resources can be classified as renewable or non-renewable.

(i) Complete the diagram by drawing a line to classify each of the energy resources.

One has been done for you.



[2]

(ii) Explain how an energy resource can be renewable but **not** sustainable.

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..... [2]

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(ii) A student says that South Africa is likely to experience energy insecurity in the future.

Use Fig. 1.1 to suggest why.

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..... [3]

(iii) State **three** impacts of energy insecurity.

1

2

3 [3]

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2 (a) Fig. 2.1 shows a geospatial map of a forest produced using images taken from a satellite.

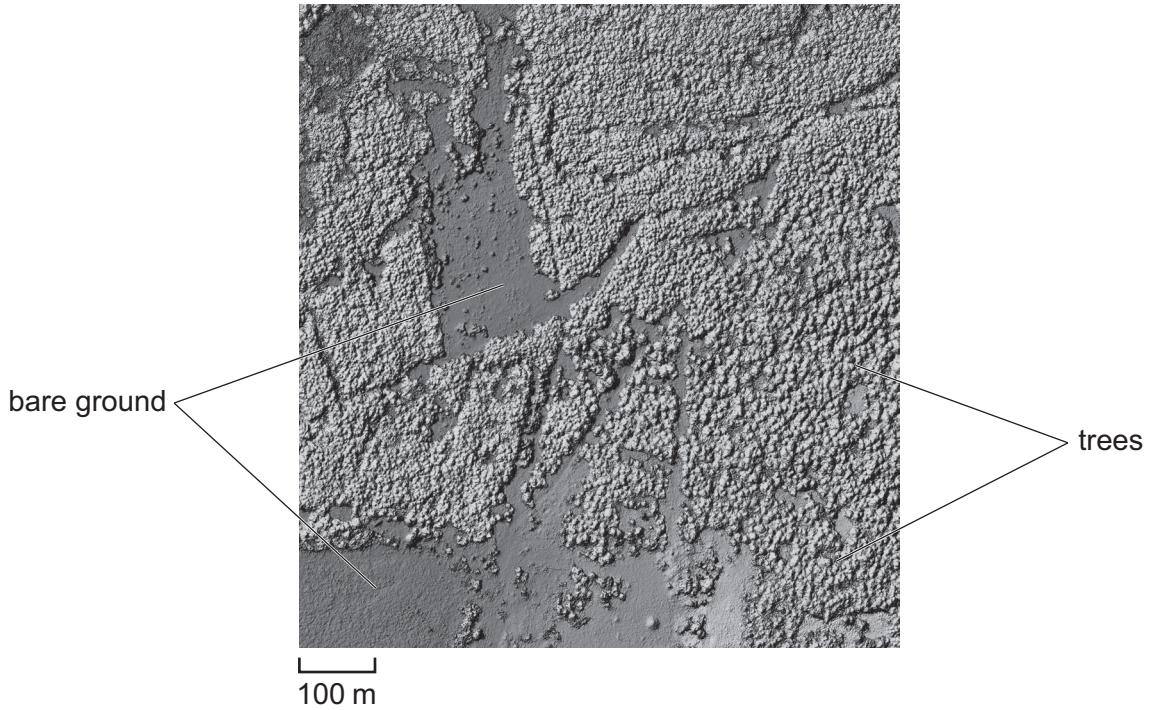


Fig. 2.1

(i) Explain the term geospatial.

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..... [2]

(ii) Geospatial maps can be used to collect big data.

State **one** benefit and **one** limitation of big data.

benefit

.....

limitation

..... [2]

(iii) Geospatial maps can be used to study the water cycle.

Draw an **X** on the map in Fig. 2.1 to show a region of high surface run-off.

Explain your choice of region.

.....

..... [1]





3 (a) Fig. 3.1 shows a heron and aquatic plants in a wetland ecosystem.



Fig. 3.1

(i) Define the term ecosystem.

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..... [2]

(ii) Wetlands contain many species of aquatic plant.

Describe how the aquatic plants in Fig. 3.1 compete with each other.

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(b) Wetlands produce approximately 30% of atmospheric methane.

(i) Explain the role of atmospheric methane in climate change.

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..... [4]

(ii) State **two** sources of atmospheric methane other than wetlands.

1

2

[2]

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(c) Fig. 3.2 shows the mean concentration of atmospheric methane in parts per billion (ppb) between 1990 and 2020.

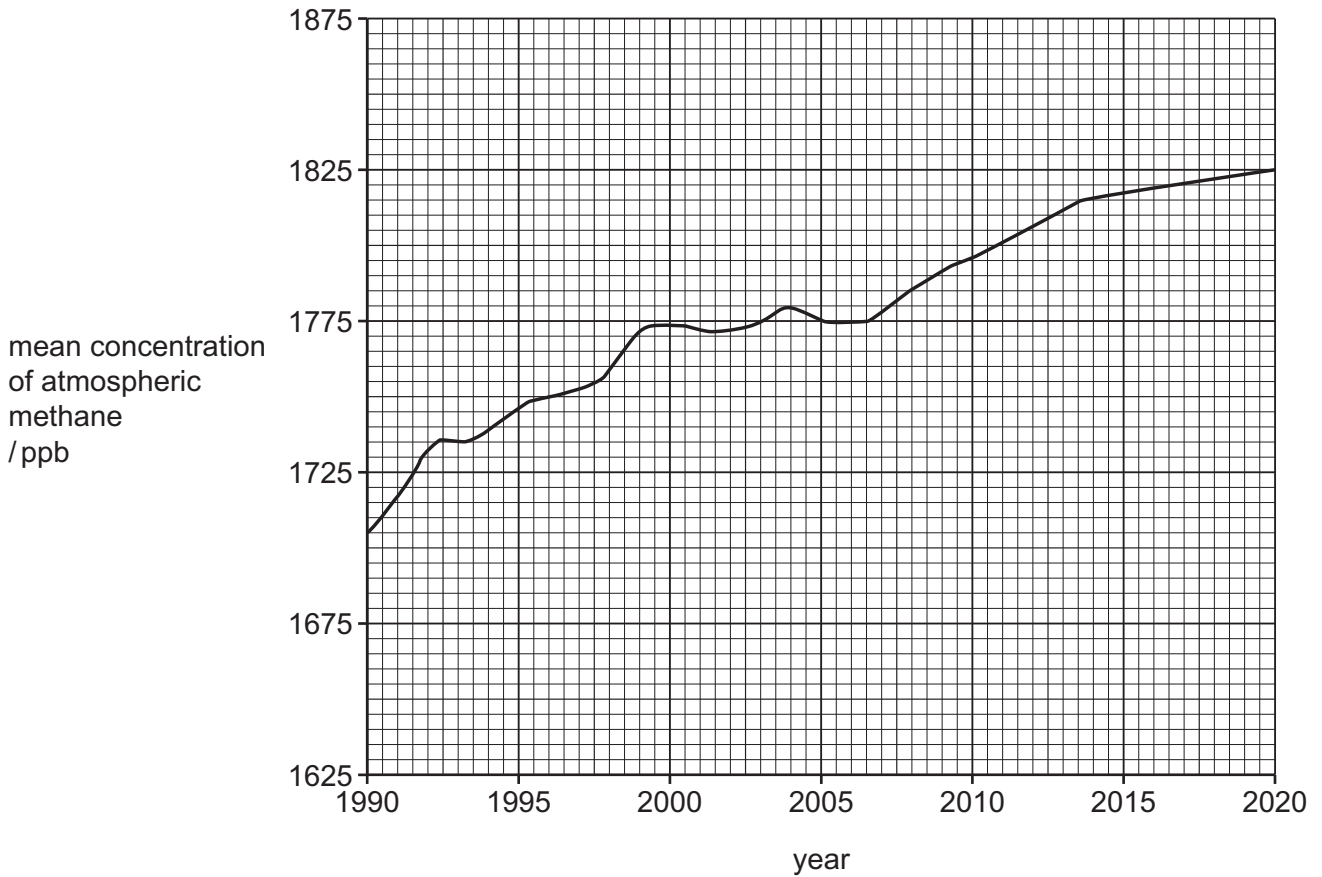


Fig. 3.2

(i) Calculate the percentage increase in the mean concentration of atmospheric methane between 1990 and 2020.

Give your answer to **three** significant figures.

..... % [3]

(ii) Suggest why the percentage increase in (i) is an estimate and **not** an actual value.

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..... [2]

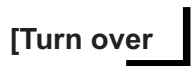
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4 Fig. 4.1 shows two strategies for managing water security.

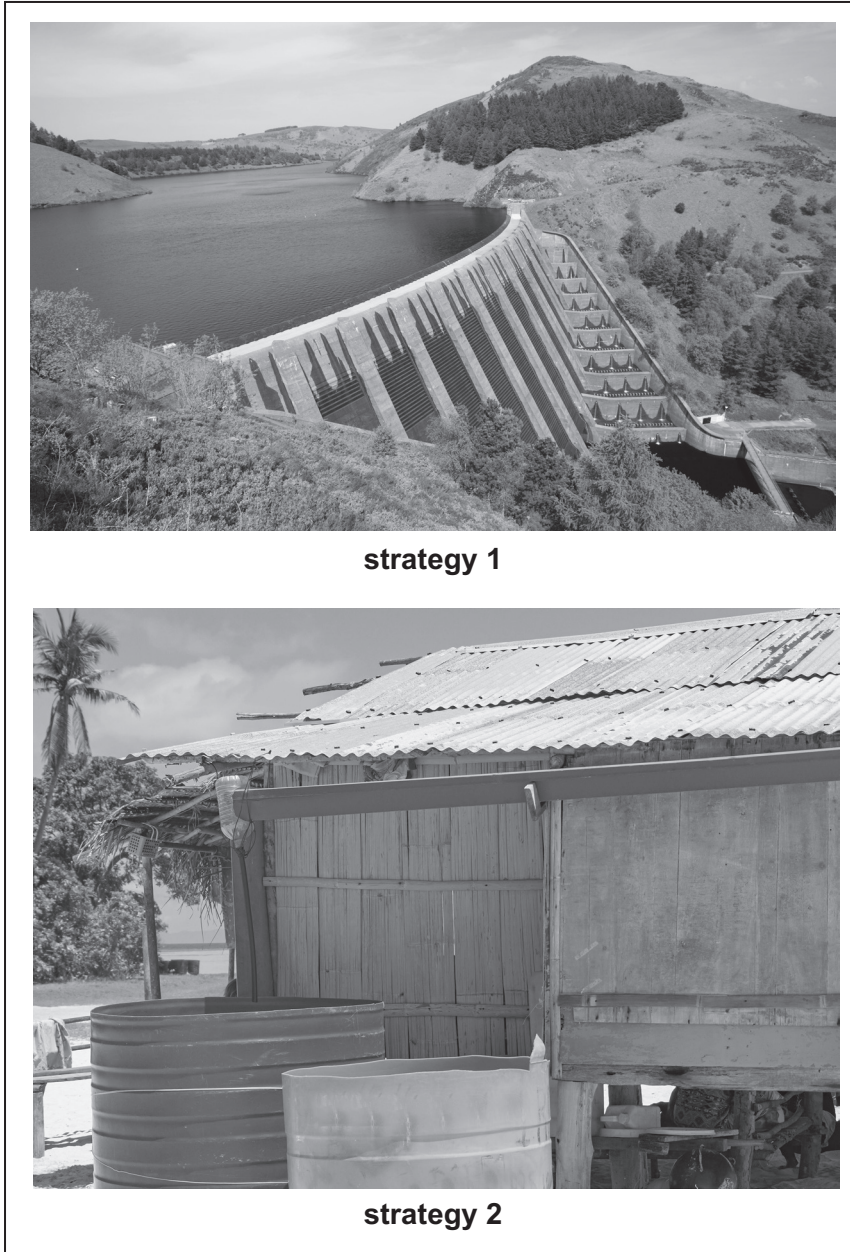


Fig. 4.1

(a) Define the term water security.

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..... [2]

(b) Name strategy 1 and strategy 2.

strategy 1

strategy 2

[2]





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