Worksheet: Alkenes

40 Which compound has an addition reaction with chlorine?

- A C₂H₄
- B C₂H₆
- C C₂H₅OH
- D CH₃CO₂H

s/04/qp1

35 What is the structure of the product of the reaction between butene, $CH_3-CH_2-CH=CH_2$, and bromine, Br_2 ?

- A CH₂Br-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂Br
- B CH₂Br-CH₂-CHBr-CH₃
- C CH₃-CHBr-CH₂-CH₂Br
- D CH₃-CH₂-CHBr-CH₂Br

s/05/qp1

36 A student investigated the reaction of different vegetable oils with hydrogen. 100 cm³ of hydrogen was passed through 1g samples of vegetable oils containing a suitable catalyst.

The volume of hydrogen remaining after each reaction was recorded.

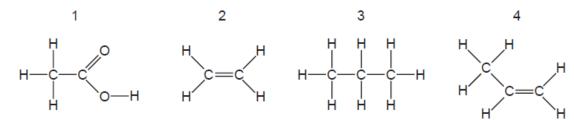
vegetable oil	volume of hydrogen remaining/cm³
P	100
0	87
R	63
s	0

Which vegetable oils are unsaturated?

- A Ponly
- B Q and R only
- C Q, R and S only
- **D** S only

s/06/qp1

39 The structures of four organic compounds are shown.



Which compounds decolourise bromine water?

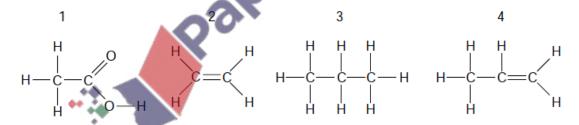
- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 2 and 4
- C 3 only
- **D** 3 and 4

s/06/qp1

- 40 In the polymerisation of ethene to form poly(ethene), there is no change in
 - A boiling point.
 - B density.
 - c mass.
 - D molecular formula.

w/02/qp1

37 The structures of four organic compounds are shown.



Which compounds decolourise bromine water?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1, 2 and 4
- C 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4

w/02/qp1

24 Which shows the correct catalyst for each industrial process?

	manufacture of sulphuric acid	manufacture of ammonia	manufacture of margarine
Α	nickel	iron	vanadium(V) oxide
В	nickel	vanadium(V) oxide	iron
С	vanadium(V) oxide	iron	nickel
D	vanadium(V) oxide	nickel	iron

w/03/qp1

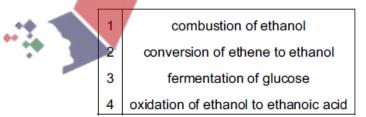
40 A vegetable oil is polyunsaturated.

Which statement about this vegetable oil is correct?

- A It has double bonds between carbon and hydrogen atoms
- B It reacts with hydrogen to form a solid compound
- C It reacts with steam to form margarine.
- **D** It turns aqueous bromine from colourless to brown.

w/04/qp1

39 The list shows reactions in which ethanol is either a reactant or a product.



In which reactions is water also either a reactant or a product?

- A 1, 3 and 4 only
- **B** 2, 3 and 4 only
- C 1, 2 and 4 only
- D 3 only

w/04/qp1

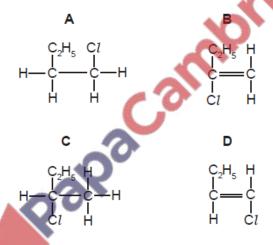
- A It increases the yield of products.
- **B** It lowers the activation energy of the reaction.
- **C** It makes the reaction more exothermic.
- D It prevents a reverse reaction from occurring.

w/06/qp1

39 The structural formula of a polymer is shown below.

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccc} H & Cl & H & Cl \\ I & I & I & I \\ C & C & C & C \\ I & I & I & I \\ C_2H_5 & H & C_2H_5 & H \end{array} \right)$$

Which one of the following will form this polymer?



w/06/qp1

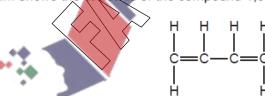
36 The results of tests on compound **Z** are shown.

test	result
add bromine water	turns colourless
add aqueous sodium carbonate	carbon dioxide formed

What is compound **Z**?

w/06/qp1

Pacamoridoe 38 The diagram shows the structure of the compound 1,3-butadiene.



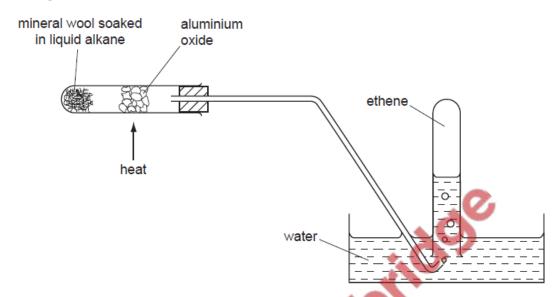
How many molecules of hydrogen are needed to saturate one molecule of 1,3-butadiene?

- A 1
- **B** 2
- D 4

s/08/qp1

- 21 Why is nickel used in the addition of hydrogen to alkenes?
 - It increases the yield of products.
 - It lowers the activation energy of the reaction.
 - It makes the reaction more exothermic.
 - It prevents a reverse reaction from occurring.

36 The diagram shows the breakdown of an alkane to ethene.

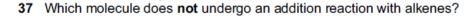


The ethene is then tested with aqueous bromine.

Which information about ethene is correct?

	solubility of ethene gas	action on aqueous bromine
Α	insoluble	decolourised
В	insoluble	no reaction
С	soluble	decolourised
D	soluble	no reaction

5070_s09_qp1



- A ammonia, NH₃
- B bromine, Br₂
- C hydrogen, H₂
- D steam, H₂O

5070_w08_qp1

38 The structural formula of butenedioic acid is shown.

Which statement about butenedioic acid is not correct?

- A It decolourises aqueous bromine.
- B Its aqueous solution reacts with sodium carbonate.
- C Its empirical formula is the same as its molecular formula.
- D Its relative molecular mass is 116.

5070_w09_qp1

36 Substance X, molecular formula C₄H₈, does not react with hydrogen

What is the structural formula of X?

5070_w09_qp1

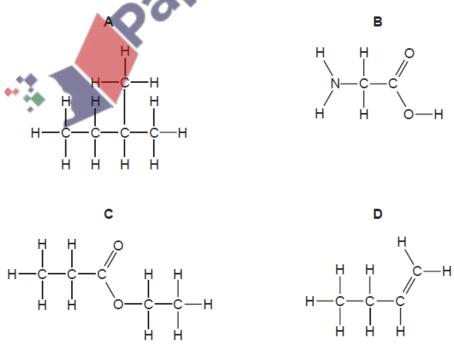
test	result
add bromine water	turns colourless
add aqueous sodium carbonate	carbon dioxide formed

What is compound Z?

5070_w10_qp11

5070_w10_qp11

34 Which formula represents a compound likely to undergo addition polymerisation?



- 39 With which substance will ethene react to form more than one product?
 - A bromine
 - B hydrogen
 - C oxygen
 - D steam

5070_s11_qp11

33 Compound X is a hydrocarbon. It reacts with steam to form an alcohol.

Which type of compound is X and what would be its effect on bromine water?

	type of compound	effect on bromine water	
Α	alkane	turns from brown to colourless	
В	alkane	turns from colourless to brown	
С	alkene	turns from brown to colourless	
D	alkene	turns from colourless to brown	
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